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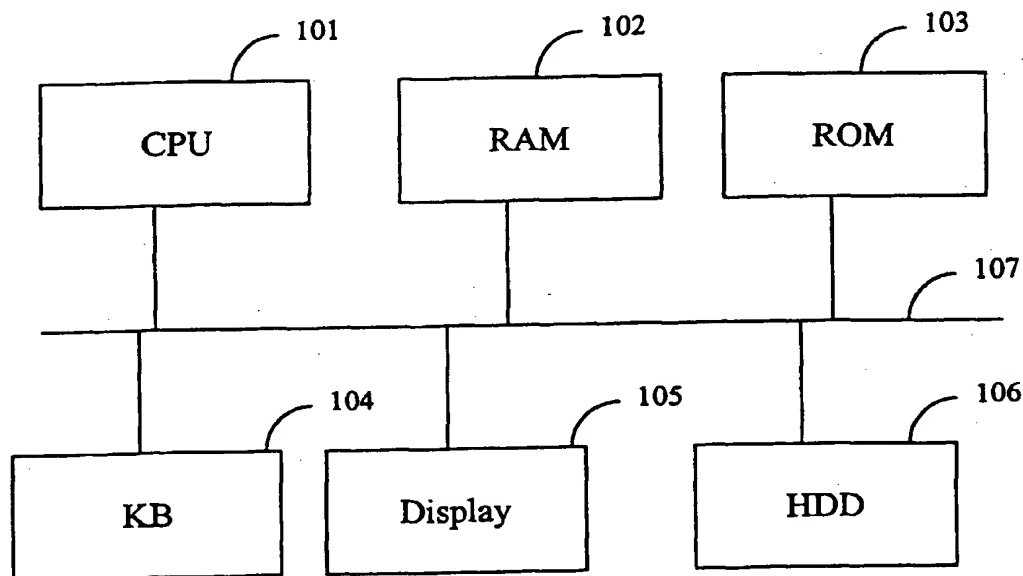
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(54) Title: **SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR SAVING BROWSED DATA**



(57) Abstract: A system saves browsed data in a database in response to a user request by assigning a predetermined index to the data, wherein the user is not requested for any index. The system sorts indices of the data in the database and displays the sorted indices, then the system retrieves, in response to a selection of an index from the displayed indices by a user, the data corresponding to the selected index from the database. Accordingly if a user wants to save a data currently browsed, he can make store the data in the database easily only by issuing an instruction to save without specifying any index.

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For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

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SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR SAVING BROWSED DATA**CLAIM FOR PRIORITY**

This application claims priority from Application No. 2000-197293,
filed on May 29, 2000 in Japan and Application No. 2000-314601, filed on
5 October 16, 2000 in Japan.

FIELD

A system and method for saving acquired data, and more particularly
a system and method for saving acquired data browsed in a client application, such
as browsed by an Internet browser.

BACKGROUND

10 A conventional computer can access and display data in an Internet
using a software called browser. The conventional computer also can open a file
application and store data in a file.

The data on the browser can be transported to a word processing
15 software or the like. Then a user can add an annotation to the browsed data on the
word processing software or the like. The conventional computer can also send the
browsed data as it is or with adding an annotation to other computer.

In the above conventional computer, however, the user must specify
a folder and a file name for saving the browsed data. The user must open respective
20 applications to save, make an annotation, and send the data. Therefore, the user has
to perform complex operations to save the browsed data, make an annotation
therein, and send the browsed or annotated data to other computer.

SUMMARY

According to certain embodiments of the present invention, the
25 present invention provides a system and method to save data, which a user wants to
do with a simple operation.

According to one of the embodiments, the present invention relates
to a data processing system comprising data acquisition means for acquiring data;
determination means for determining whether or not a user requests to save the
30 acquired data; indexing means for assigning a predetermined index to the data

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requested to save, without inputting any index; and saving means for saving the requested data with the assigned index in a predetermined storage unit.

According to another embodiment, the present invention relates to a data processing method comprising a data acquisition step of acquiring data; a
5 determination step of determining whether or not a user requests to save the acquired data; an indexing step of assigning a predetermined index to the data requested to save, without inputting any index; and a saving step of saving the requested data with the assigned index in a predetermined storage unit.

According to still another embodiment, the present invention relates
10 to a computer-executable program for controlling a computer to perform data processing, said program comprising codes for causing the computer to perform a data acquisition step of acquiring data; a determination step of determining whether or not a user requests to save the acquired data; an indexing step of assigning a predetermined index to the data requested to save, without inputting any index; and
15 a saving step of saving the requested data with the assigned index in a predetermined storage unit.

Other features and advantages of the present invention will be apparent from the following description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which like reference characters designate the same or
20 similar parts throughout the figures thereof.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of the specification, illustrate embodiments of the invention and, together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the invention.

25 Fig. 1 is a block diagram illustrating the hardware configuration according to an embodiment of the present invention.

Fig. 2 shows the functional block diagram of information processing system embodying the present invention.

Fig. 3 shows the functional block diagram of information browsing
30 system embodying the present invention.

Fig. 4 is a flowchart of the main procedural steps of this embodiment.

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- Fig. 5 is a flowchart of INITIALIZE procedure.
- Fig. 6 is a flowchart of MAIN-PROCESSOR.
- Fig. 7 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of UserAction.
- Fig. 8 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of CheckExisting().
- 5 Fig. 9 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of Annotate().
- Fig. 10 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of Extract().
- Fig. 11 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of Mgmt().
- Fig. 12 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of ShowSession.
- Fig. 13 is a flowchart that procedural steps of ShowLinks.
- 10 Fig. 14 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of ExecuteAction.
- Fig. 15 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of SaveContents.
- Fig. 16 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of WebFetch.
- Fig. 17 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of SendContents.
- Fig. 18 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of TERMINATE.
- 15 Figs. 19 and 20 show examples of the knowledge structures in the knowledge base.
- Figs. 21 and 22 show examples content of the knowledge base.
- Fig. 23 shows an example content of the Domain knowledge base.
- Fig. 24 shows an example User Interface of this embodiment.
- 20 Fig. 25 shows an example User Interface of Save UI.
- Fig. 26 shows example results of the knowledge structures.
- Fig. 27 shows an example HTML text obtained from the browser.
- Fig. 28 shows example results of the knowledge structures.
- Fig. 29 shows example modified HTML text.
- 25 Fig. 30 shows example results of the knowledge structures.
- Fig. 31 shows an example User Interface of Hold UI.
- Fig. 32 shows an example User Interface of the Annotation UI.
- Fig. 33 shows example modified HTML text after user has performed annotations.
- 30 Fig. 34 shows an example User Interface of Send UI.
- Fig. 35 shows an example User Interface of Extract Data UI.

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Fig. 36 shows example results of knowledge structures.

Fig. 37 shows an example User Interface of Session UI.

Figs. 38, 39, and 40 show examples User Interface of Get All Links
UI.

5 Fig. 41 shows an example Retrieve or Find UI.

Fig. 42 shows an example of Properties or Attributes UI.

Fig. 43 shows an example Retrieve Extracted Data or Find UI.

Fig. 44 shows an example Address book UI.

Fig. 45 shows an example of Properties or Attributes UI.

10 Figs. 46 to 50 show some examples of User Settings UI.

Fig. 51 is a flowchart of the procedural steps to see if any system task
needs to be executed.

Fig. 52 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of RemoveExpired.

Fig. 53 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of CheckUpdate.

15 Fig. 54 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of Sort by keywords.

Fig. 55 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of ShowTreeView.

Fig. 56 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of ProcessLeafAction.

Fig. 57 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of ProcessNodeAction.

Fig. 58 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of Sort by Domain.

20 Fig. 59 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of Sort by Organization.

Fig. 60 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of For Each Session,
Sort KPTAction by Time.

Fig. 61 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of
GetPreviousYearNodes.

25 Fig. 62 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of
GetBeforeCurrMonthNodes.

Fig. 63 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of
GetbeforeCurrWeekNodes.

Fig. 64 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of GetCurrWeekNodes.

30 Fig. 65 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of steps S1510, S1512
SaveFileContents.

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Fig. 66 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of FillKPTAction.

Figs. 67 and 68 are flowcharts for processing the retrieve conditions and to fetch the appropriate information.

Fig. 69 shows example rules for determining the organization indices
5 for a URL.

Fig. 70 shows example rules for determining the domain indices for a URL.

Fig. 71 shows a Client-Server type implementation.

Fig. 72 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of INITIALIZE
10 processing of a client.

Fig. 73 is a flowchart of the main procedural steps of server.

Fig. 74 is a flowchart of INITIALIZE_SERVER procedure.

Fig. 75 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of MAIN-
PROCESSOR_SERVER procedure.

Fig. 76 is a flowchart of TERMINATE_SERVER procedure.
15

Fig. 77 shows a File Server type implementation.

Fig. 78 shows a Distributed Clients type implementation.

Fig. 79 shows another example of Client-Server type
implementation.

Fig. 80 shows an example implementation in which the server acts as
20 a proxy server.

Fig. 81 shows an example web server based implementation.

Fig. 82 shows an example mixed implementation of a File Server
implementation and a Distributed Client implementation.

Fig. 83 shows another example of implementation.
25

Fig. 84 shows another example of compounded implementation.

Fig. 85 displays an example of Show All links User Interface for
Distributed client implementation.

Fig. 86 displays an example of Show All links User Interface for
30 Client Server implementation.

Figs. 87 and 88 display other examples of Show all links User

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Interface for external Database implementation.

Fig. 89 displays an example of Session User Interface for external Database implementation.

Fig. 90 displays another example of Show all links User Interface for
5 local web information implementation.

Fig. 91 displays another example of Session User Interface for File System implementation.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION

With reference to the figures, various embodiments of the method, system and apparatus for discovering, establishing and managing network connectivity across disparate networks will now be described in greater detail. It is to be understood that the tasks shown in the figures and described in this description can be sequenced in many different orders to achieve the desired result. The order or sequence of tasks illustrated in the figures is merely intended to be exemplary of the concepts defined herein.

Fig.1 is a block diagram illustrating the hardware configuration according to an embodiment of the present invention. In this figure, a central processing unit (CPU) 101 is operative to perform operations for various processing and make a logical decision or the like and further controls each composing element connected to a bus 107.

A RAM 102 is used to temporarily store variables and intermediate data generated during the processing. A program from an external source may be loaded into the RAM 102. A ROM 103 is used to store programs, which correspond to individual flowcharts that will be described later and which are to be executed by the CPU 101, and fixed data.

A keyboard (KB) 104 is used for inputting data and an instruction by a user. A mouse or other input devices may be used with the keyboard 104. Display 105 displays data and a hard disk drive (HHD) stores data of a database, a program, and the like.

The bus 107 is used to transfer an address signal indicating a composing element to be controlled by the CPU 101, a control signal used for controlling each composing element and data to be exchanged between the composing equipment.

Fig. 2 shows the functional block diagram of information processing system embodying the present invention. Browser 201 is used for information browsing of the Web. Filing system 202 is for filing and managing files. Document Management System 203 is for managing documents. Information Management System 204 is for managing information other than documents. KPT System

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interacts and acts as a controlling system as explained in detail in this embodiment to Browser 201, Filing System 202, Document Management System 203 and Information Management System 204. Knowledge Base Management 206, is the management of knowledge accessed/stored from/to the Database 206.

5 Fig. 3 shows the functional block diagram of information browsing system embodying the present invention. The information on the Internet 301 is browsed using multiple browsers 302, 303 simultaneously and as explained in this embodiment, KPT System 205 handles and processes them separately.

 Fig. 4 is a flowchart of the main procedural steps of this embodiment.
10 The following description is for an example system, which connects to the Internet and allows browsing, annotating, extracting and saving of the information. In step S401, initialization processes to connect to the Internet are executed. In step S402, main function processing browsing, annotating, saving etc. of this embodiment is performed. In step S403, terminate or clean-up processing is executed.

15 Fig. 5 is a flowchart of INITIALIZE procedure of step S401. In step S501 a check is made to determine if the browser needs to be instantiated or not. If browser is not instantiated, it is instantiated in step S502. In step S503, a new session is created. In step S504, the knowledge base is updated. The main UI of this embodiment is displayed in step S505 and the process ends.

20 Fig. 6 is a flowchart of MAIN-PROCESSOR of step S402. In step S601, a check is made to determine if the browser was instantiated or not. If so, a new session is created in step S602 and the process proceeds to step S605, wherein the knowledge base is updated. If not, a check is made in step S603 to determine if the browser was terminated or ended. If so, the session associated with the browser
25 is ended and proceeds to step S605. If not, a check is made in step S606 to determine if an action was performed to end the system. If so, all the current tasks are terminated in step S607 and the process returns.

 If not, a check is made in step S608 to determine if the user is navigating to a new URL. If so, a check is made in step S609 to confirm with the
30 user that the current task should be terminated. If not, the process proceeds to step S610, where the navigation is aborted and the process continues to step S601. If the

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current task is to be ended in step S609, step S611 is executed wherein, the previous task is terminated and then a new task is created. In step S612, the knowledge structures KPTAction and KPTDocument are created.

In step S613, the URL and the keywords are obtained from the
5 Browser. A check is made in step S614 to determine if the URL data already exists in the knowledge base. If so, all the existing data for the current URL is procured from the knowledge base in step S615 and moves to step S616, where a check is made to determine if it is a RetrievedURL i.e., the user is trying to view the contents of an already stored page. If so, step S617 is executed to get the RetrieveUI message
10 and control goes to S618. If URL data does not already exist in step S614, step S618 is executed to display the keywords, other acquired data from browser like the URL, page title etc... and other existing data if any from the knowledge base like Keep As, validity period etc... and the process proceeds to step S601.

In step S608, if the user is not moving to a new URL, a check is
15 made in step S619 to determine if any SystemTask ActL needs to be executed. If so, step S622 ExecuteAction (ActL) is executed and the control moves to step S605 to update the knowledge base. If not, a check is made in step S620 to determine if any User Operation was performed. If not, step S605 is executed, otherwise in step S621, the HTML text is obtained from the browser and the KPTAction and
20 KPTDocument structures created in step S612 are updated and ExecuteAction(ActL) for the UserAction is executed in step S622 and the process moves to step S605 to update the knowledge base.

For example, when the browser 201 displays an HTML page as shown in Fig. 27, the keywords embedded in the Meta Name tag (i.e., KPT,
25 Yokohama), which are not normally displayed by the browser are extracted and displayed in the keywords field, as shown in Fig. 24.

Fig. 7 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of S620 UserAction. A check is first made in step S701 to set Act equal to the User operation performed by user and to determine if Act is equal to NULL. If so, the process returns false. If it is
30 not NULL, the process proceeds to step S702, a check is made to determine whether Act is Create New. If so, the process proceeds to step S704. If not, the process

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proceeds to step S703, a check is made to determine whether Act is Quick Save. If so, the process proceeds to step S704. If not, a check is made in step S705 to determine whether Act is Automatic Save. If so, the process proceeds to step S704. If not, a check is made in step S706 to determine whether Act is Save. If Act is
5 Save, Save UI, an example of which is shown in Fig. 25, is displayed in step S707 and proceeds to step S704. If not, a check is made in step S708 to determine if the Act is Hold. If so, Hold UI, an example of which is shown in Fig. 31 is displayed in step S709 and proceeds to step S704. In step S704, a check is made to determine if the information being saved or held is already exists using CheckExisting(), which
10 is explained in detail later and if so, proceeds to step S720, otherwise return false.

In step S708, if Act is not Hold, a check is made in step S710 to determine if the Act is Send. If so, Send UI, an example of which is shown in Fig. 34, is displayed in step S711 and the recipients (To, CC) information, Subject, Contents and/or the like are obtained from the user in step S712 and proceeds to
15 step S720. If not, a check is made in step S713 to determine if Act is Annotate. If so, Annotate UI, an example of which is shown in Fig. 32 is displayed in step S714 and the actual Annotations executed using Annotate(), which is explained in detail later, in step S715 and proceeds to step S720. If not, a check is made in step S716 to determine if Act is Extract.

If so, Extract UI, an example of which is shown in Fig. 35, is displayed in step S717 and the actual Extract information executed using Extract(), which is explained in detail later, in step S718 and proceeds to step S720. If not, Mgmt(), which is explained in detail later is executed in step S719 and proceeds to step S720. In step S720, createKS() is executed to create the associated knowledge
25 structures, which are explained in detail later and the process returns true.

Fig. 8 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of S704, CheckExisting() of this embodiment to check if the information already exists in the knowledge base or not. In step 801, the values of Keep As, Validity Range etc... are either obtained from the user or from the system settings. In step S802, a check is made to
30 determine whether the URL already exists. If URL does not exist, the process proceeds to step S803 where Modifystatus is set to SaveAsNewAction is set to and

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returns true. If URL exists, a check is made in step S804 to determine if the information needs to be over-written (i.e., update or modify the previous information). This is done either by asking the user, whether he would like to overwrite the existing information, save as new do not save or based on the user settings as shown in Fig. 48. If so, in step S805, ModifyStatus is set to OverWriteExisting and the process returns true. If not, a check is made in step S806 to determine if the information needs to be saved as new, (i.e., without modifying the existing information, save the current information as a separate entity). If so, ModifyStatus is set to saveAsNewAction and the process returns true. If not, the process returns false.

Fig. 9 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of S715 Annotate() of this embodiment and Fig. 32 shows an example user interface for Annotating a web page currently being browsed. In step S901, the user-performed operation is set to Act. A check is made in step S902 to determine if Act is Add Note. If so, the user specified memo/note is added to the selected place in step S903 and goes to step S904. If not, a check is made in step S906 to determine if the Act is Footnote. If so, the footnote number is created based on a sequence and the footnote number is added to the selected place in the page and the actual contents of the footnote are added to the end of the page in form of a table and proceeds to step S904. The notes added to the page are added based on user settings, example of which is shown in Fig. 49, to set the "annotation demarkers", "default annotation text", the color of annotation etc. The annotations are added as standard HTML tags and the results of the actual annotation for example text in Fig. 27 are shown in Fig. 33. Also, as can be seen in Fig. 32, the annotation to be added "Express Train does not Stop", is prepared using the default annotation text "My Comments" and enclosed with the annotation demarkers []. This is done to enable later for the user and/or the system to distinguish the user annotations from the actual or original HTML text. If Act is not Footnote in step S906, a check is made in step S908 to determine if the Act is Highlight. If so, a Font tag is added around the selected text with the background color set to the selected color in step S909 and proceeds to step S904. If not, a check is made in step S910 to determine if the Act is Change text

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color. If so, a Font tag is added around the selected text with the foreground color set to the selected color in step S911 and proceeds to step S904. If not, a check is made in step S912 to determine if Act is Delete. If so, the tag is modified to <visible = false> to hide the selected part of the text in step S913 and
5 proceeds to step S904. If not, a check is made in step S914 to determine if Act is Undo. If so, the last performed annotation is undone and proceeds to step S904. If not, a check is made in step S916 to determine if Act is UndoAll. If so, all the annotation performed by the user on this page during this session are removed and proceeds to step S904. If not the function returns. In step S904, the modified HTML
10 tag page is passed back to the browser, which will render and update the UI in step S905 and return to step S901. If Act is none of the ones specified in the flowchart, the function returns.

Fig. 10 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of S718, Extract() of this embodiment. In step S1001, an instance of the knowledge structure for person -
15 KPTPerson is created. In step S1002, the User operation is set to Act. An example User interface to describe some of the action is shown in Fig. 35. First a check is made to determine the type of Act (i.e., if Keep As, Name, Email, Phone, Fax, Notes) was input by the user (steps S1003, S1007~S1010). This action can be performed in various ways, like first selecting the text to be extracted and pressing a
20 predefine button, as shown in Fig. 35, or dragging and dropping the text to be extracted to the appropriate field or by right clicking on the selected text and specifying it to be the extracted data. If so, the KPTPerson knowledge structure is modified appropriately in step S1004 and the UI gets updated in step S1005 and the process returns to S1002. If the Act is Clear All (step S1011), all the fields are
25 cleared in step S1012 and process proceeds to S1004. If the Act is Save (step S1013), a new action KPTAction is created of type Extract as shown in Fig. 36 and the KPTPerson is filled as associate object and the process returns.

Fig. 11 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of S719 Mgmt() of this embodiment. In step S1101, Act is set to the user-performed operation. In step
30 S1102, a check is made to determine if Act is NULL. If so, the process returns. If not, a check is made in step S1103 to determine if Act is Show Sessions. If so,

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ShowSession() as explained later is executed in step S1104 and the process returns. If not, a check is made in step S1105 to determine if the Act is Show Links. If so, ShowLinks() as explained later is executed in step S1106 and the process returns. If not, a check is made in step S1107 to determine whether Act is Retrieve pages. If Act is to retrieve a page, the process proceeds to step S1108 where RetrieveUI is displayed, example of which is shown in Fig. 41. If not, a check is made in step S1109 to determine if Act is Retrieve extracted data. If so, Show Retrieve Extracted data UI is displayed, an example of which is shown in Fig. 43. If not, a check is made in step S1111 to determine if Act is Show address book. If so, Show Address book UI is displayed, an example of which is shown in Fig. 44 and the process returns.

Fig. 12 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of S1104, ShowSession of this embodiment. In step S1201, all the KPTAction and the associated KPTDocument are got from Knowledge Base. In step S1202, KPTAction is sorted for each session by time as explained in detail later, in Fig. 60. In step S1203, Session UI is displayed, an example of which is shown in Fig. 37 and the process returns.

Fig. 13 is a flowchart that procedural steps of S1106, ShowLinks of this embodiment. In step S1301, all the KPTAction and the associated KPTDocument are got from knowledge base. In step S1302, a check is made to determine if the Sort Item is equal to Organizations. If so, the information is sorted by Organization, as explained in detail later in Fig. 59, in step S1303 and proceeds to S1304, where it is displayed, an example of which is shown in Fig. 38. If not, a check is made in step S1305 to determine if the sorting is by Domains. If so, the information is sorted by Domain, as explained in detail later in Fig. 58, in step S1306 and proceeds to step S1304, where it is displayed, an example of which is shown in Fig. 39. If not, the information is sorted by Keywords, as explained in detail later in Fig. 54, in step S1307 and proceeds to step S1304, where it is displayed, an example of which is shown in Fig. 40 and the process returns.

Fig. 14 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of S622, ExecuteAction of this embodiment. In step S1401, the next Act is got from the ActList. In step

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S1402, a check is made to determine if Act exists. If not, the process returns. Otherwise, in step S1403 inference is made using the knowledge base to complete the Act. A check is made in steps S1404~S1408 to determine if Act is Quick Save or Save or Hold or Automatic Save and if either one of them is true, step S1405, 5 SaveContents() as explained later in Fig. 15. is executed and goes to step S1413. Otherwise a check is made in step S1409 to determine if Act is send. If so, SendContents(), as explained later in Fig. 17 is executed and goes to step S1413. If not, a check is made in step S1411 to check if Act is Extract. If so, the KPTAction and the corresponding KPTPerson are added to the knowledge base in step S1412 10 and in step S1413 the knowledge base is updated and the process returns to step S1401 to fetch the next action from the ActList, till there are no more action left to be processed, at which stage the process returns.

Fig. 15 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of SaveContents in step S1405 of this embodiment. A check is made in step S1501 to determine if it is a 15 SaveLink only operation. If so, process proceeds to step S1505. Otherwise, a check is made to determine if it is a SavePage contents operation in step S1502. If so, Page PLUS is set to true in step S1504. In either case, step S1503, WebFetch() is executed, which is explained in detail later in Fig. 16, in step S1503. In step S1505, a check is made to determine if ModifyStatus is saveAsNewAction or not. If so, 20 indices of KPTAction and the associated KPTDocument is determined from Knowledge Base in step S1509 and SaveFileContents() is executed as explained in Fig.65, in step S1501. The KPTAction and KPTPerson are added to Knowledge Base in step S1506 and the process returns. If ModifyStatus is not saveAsNewAction, check is made in step S1507 to determine if it is 25 OverWriteExisiting. If not the process returns, otherwise, in step S1511 indices of KPTAction and the associated KPTDocument is determined from Knowledge Base in step S1511 and SaveFileContents() is executed as explained in Fig.65, in step S1502. The KPTAction and KPTPerson are updated in the Knowledge Base in step S1508 and the process returns.

30 Fig. 16 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of WebFetch in step S1504 of this embodiment. In step S1601, HTML document obtained from the

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browser is opened. In step S1602, next tag is got. In step S1603, a check is made to determine if the end of file has been reached. If so the process returns. If not, a check is made to determine if the tag is for an embedded image, frame etc. in step S1604. If so, step S1605 is executed. If not, a check is made in step S1609 to
5 determine if PagePLUS is true and the Tag type is of LINK. If not the process returns back to step S1602 to fetch the next tag. Otherwise, step S1605 is executed in which a check is made to see if the contents (i.e., embedded images etc.) already exist in our knowledge base and they are up to date in step S1605. If so, the HTML tag is edited in step S1606 to change the absolute or original path to the local path of
10 the system where the file exists and process returns to step S1602. If not, a check is made to determine if the file to be fetched is a local file in step S1610. If so, the file contents are just copied, using a simple file copy command in step S1611, otherwise the contents are downloaded from the internet in step S1607. In either case step S1608 is executed, wherein the knowledge base is modified to update the
15 information downloaded etc. and process returns to step S1602 to fetch the next tag in the HTML document. The process continues till end of file is reached at which instant the process returns.

Fig. 17 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of SendContents in step S1410 of this embodiment. In step S1701, a check is made whether the contents to
20 be sent are SendLink only. If so, a message is created with the given Link in step S1702 and proceeds to step S1707. If not so, a check is made to determine if the contents to be sent are SendPage (i.e., send the HTML page including the embedded images etc.), in step S1703. If not so, a message for only top HTML is created and proceeds to step S1707. Otherwise, Webfetch() is executed as explained
25 in Fig. 16 in step S1705. In step S1707, the created message is sent and the knowledge structures KPTAction and KPTDocument are added to knowledge base in step S1708 and the process returns.

Fig. 18 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of TERMINATE of step S403 of this embodiment. In step S1801, the UI on display are closed. In step
30 S1802, all the current sessions are ended. In step S1803, Knowledge base is updated. A check is made in step S1804 to determine if browser needs to be ended

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or terminated. If so, the browser will be terminated in step S1805 and the process ends.

Fig. 19 shows an example of the knowledge structures in the knowledge base. (a), (b), (c) are the knowledge structure definitions for KPTConcept, KPTPerson and KPTDocument respectively.

Fig. 20 shows an example of the knowledge structures in the knowledge base. (a), (b) are the knowledge structure definitions for KPTAction and KPTContent respectively.

Fig. 21 shows an example content of the knowledge base. (a), (b) are the contents of the knowledge base for KPTDocument and KPTAction respectively.

Fig. 22 shows an example content of the knowledge base. (a), (b) are the contents of the knowledge base for KPTPerson and KPTContent respectively.

Fig. 23 shows an example content of the Domain knowledge base.

Fig. 24 shows an example User Interface of one embodiment. The keywords obtained in step S612 – KPT, Yokohama are displayed in the UI as shown in step S618.

Fig. 25 shows an example User Interface of Save UI displayed in step S707, when Save is selected in Fig. 24, to get the validity or the period of time for which the contents needs to be saved.

Fig. 26 shows example results of the knowledge structures (a), (b) created in Step S612 and for KPTAction and KPTDocument respectively.

Fig. 27 shows an example HTML text obtained from the browser. In step S621, the system obtains the HTML text like shown in this figure and in steps S1604 to S1608, downloads the embedded files, which happens to be image files with '.gif' extension for the example HTML file shown.

Fig. 28 shows example results of the knowledge structures. These knowledge structures are created and updated to knowledge base in step S1608 for the example HTML text shown in Fig. 27.

Fig. 29 shows example modified HTML text. The original HTML text obtained from the browser, shown in Fig. 27 is modified by the system in step S1606 and the resultant HTML text is shown in this figure. As can be seen from this

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figure, the embedded links are modified to reflect the path where the system stores the embedded contents.

Fig. 30 shows example results of the knowledge structures created in step S1506 of this embodiment.

5 Fig. 31 shows an example User Interface of Hold UI, displayed in step S709, when Hold is selected in Fig. 24, to get the validity or the period of time for which the contents needs to be held by the system.

 Fig. 32 shows an example User Interface of the Annotation UI displayed in step S714, when Annotation is selected to annotate, edit the HTML text
10 from within the browser, without opening a separate window or application for the same purpose.

 Fig. 33 shows example modified HTML text after user has performed annotations. The example shows the modified HTML text after adding notes directly on to the page in step S903. As can be seen from the figure, no special
15 or custom tags are created, only standard HTML tags are added and hence, the contents of the annotations can be viewed using any standard browser.

 Fig. 34 shows an example User Interface of Send UI, displayed in step S711, when Send is selected in Fig. 24, to get the recipients – “To”, “Cc”, “Subject” etc... As can be seen from the figure, the annotated page in Fig. 33 can be
20 sent to any recipient from within the browser and since no special or custom tags are added for annotations, the contents of the page can be viewed by the recipient using any standard browser

 Fig. 35 shows an example User Interface of Extract Data UI, displayed in step S717, when Extract is selected in Fig. 24, to allow the extraction of
25 specified data.

 Fig. 36 shows example results of knowledge structures created in step S1412 to be updated to the knowledge base.

 Fig. 37 shows an example User Interface of Session UI. In step S1202, for each session the KPTAction is sorted by Time and the result is as shown
30 in this figure. Also, as can be seen from the figure, being a Retrieved URL, the RetrieveUI message is obtained in step S617 and displayed in S618.

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Fig. 38 shows an example User Interface of Get All Links UI. In step S1303, the links are sorted by Organization and the resultant UI is displayed in step S1304 as shown. As can be seen from the figure, if a content has subdomains (e.g., sales.saora.com) then it will appear in multiple places below each of the organization nodes, such as sales, saora, etc.

Fig. 39 shows an example User Interface of Get All Links UI. In step S1306, the links are sorted by Domains and the resultant UI displayed in step S1304 as shown.

Fig. 40 shows an example User Interface of Get All Links UI. In step S1307, the links are sorted by Keywords and the resultant UI displayed in step S1304 as shown. As can be seen from the figure, if a content has multiple keywords then it will appear in multiple places below each of the keyword nodes.

Fig. 41 shows an example Retrieve or Find UI, which is displayed in step S1108.

Fig. 42 shows an example Properties or Attributes UI of an entry selected in Fig. 41.

Fig. 43 shows an example Retrieve Extracted Data or Find UI, which is displayed in step S1110.

Fig. 44 shows an example Address book UI, which is displayed in step S1112.

Fig. 45 shows an example Properties or Attributes UI of an entry selected in Fig. 44.

Figs. 46 to 50 show some examples of User Settings UI, displayed in step S1114 of this embodiment.

Fig. 51 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of S619 of this embodiment, in which a check is made to see if any system task needs to be executed. In step S5101, a check is made to determine if any system action exists, which needs to be executed. If no such action exists, the process is terminated and returns. If system action exists, system task T1 is created in step S5102. A check is made in step S5103 to determine if the system action is CheckExpired. If so, RemoveExpired is executed in step S5104 to remove the information whose validity

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period has expired. If not, a check is made in step S5105 to determine if the system action is CheckUpdate. If so, Update is executed in step S5016 to update the version of the system. After the completion of the above steps, knowledge base is updated in step S5107 and system task T1 is terminated in step S5108 and the process returns.

5 Fig. 52 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of RemoveExpired S5104 of this embodiment. Referring to the figure, in step S5201, a valid or active KPTAction is fetched from the knowledge base. In step S5202, a check is made to determine if no KPTAction was found in the previous step. If so, the process terminates and returns. If not, a check is made in step S5203 to determine if the
10 validity period of the KPTAction is defined. If not, the control goes back to step S5202 to fetch the next valid or active KPTAction from the knowledge base and the process continues. If so, a check is made in step S5204 to determine if the validity period of the KPTAction has expired. If not, the control goes back to step S5201 otherwise, a confirmation is made to the user or based on user settings without
15 asking the user every time, to verify if the found action can be deleted, in step S5205. If so, in step S5206 the KPTAction and the associated KPTDocument is deleted from the knowledge base and in step S5207 the knowledge base is updated and the control goes back to step S5201 to fetch the next valid or active KPTAction from the knowledge base and the process continues till no more actions are found.

20 Fig. 53 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of CheckUpdate S5106 of this embodiment. In step S5301, the current version of the system, V1 is obtained. In step S5302 a check is made to determine if the version V2 can be obtained from the website. If not, the process terminates and returns. If so, a check is made to determine if version V2 is greater than V1. If not, the process terminates
25 and returns. If so, a check is made in step S5304, to see if user confirmation is required, in which case after confirming from the user, the latest version is downloaded in step S5305 and the system updates itself in step S5306 and the process returns.

 Fig. 54 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of Sort by keywords
30 S1307 of this embodiment. Initially in step S5401 the NodeList is set to NULL. In step S5402, the list of all keywords L1, is retrieved from the knowledge base. In

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step S5403, the next keyword K1 is fetched from the list of keywords L1. A check is made in step S5404 to determine if K1 exists. If so, a check is made in step S5406 to determine if it is a required keyword. If not, the control goes back to step S5403. If so, a check is made in step S5407 to determine if the keyword K1 already exists in the NodeList. If so, the control goes back to step S5403. If not, the keyword K1 is added at the appropriate place in the NodeList in step S5408 and control goes back to step S5403 to fetch the next keyword from the list. If K1 does not exist in step S5404, implying that all the keywords in the NodeList were processed and hence in step S5405, ShowTreeView (NodeList, Type) is executed with Type=Keyword, whose details are explained in Fig. 55 and the example results are shown in Fig. 40, wherein the keywords in the NodeList are displayed in the sorted order.

Fig. 55 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of ShowTreeView S5405 of this embodiment. First in step S5501, a check is made to determine if Type is Keyword. If so, no keyword is added to the NodeList in step S5502. In step S5503, the list of nodes in the NodeList is displayed. In step S5504, the process waits for user operation or Action Act and in step S5505, a check is made to determine if the Act is End, in which case the process returns. If not, a check is made in step S5506 to determine if a Leaf was selected. If so ProcessLeafAction(Act, Node, Type) is executed in step S5507. If not, ProcessNodeAction(Act, Node, Type) is executed in step S5508 and the process returns to step S5504.

Fig. 56 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of ProcessLeafAction(Act, Node, Type) of step S5507 of this embodiment. A check is made in step S5601, if the Act is Open. If so, all the child nodes and all the actions KPTAction and associated KPTDocument are fetched in step S5602, from the knowledge base for the selected node and added to the NodeList at appropriate places in step S5603 and continues to step S5609. If not, a check is made in step S5604, if the Act is Close. If so, all the child nodes below the selected node are closed or hidden in step S5605 and continues to step S5609. If not, a check is made to determine if the Act is Delete. If so, a confirmation is sought from the user, if required, in step S5607 and if delete is not to be performed, it continues to step

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S5609, else all the KPTAction and associated KPTDocument for all the child nodes below the selected node is deleted from the knowledge base in step S5608 and continues to step S5609. In step S5609, the knowledge base is updated based on the type of action performed and in step S5610 the user interface is updated to reflect the updates made in the knowledge base. If in step S5606, the action is not Delete, the process returns.

Fig. 57 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of ProcessNodeAction (Act, Node, Type) of step S5508 of this embodiment. A check is made in step S5701 to determine if the Act is Display (i.e., to display the contents of the stored page), if contents are stored, otherwise, the original page needs to be displayed. If so, KPTAction and associated KPTDocument are fetched from the knowledge base for the selected node and added to the NodeList at appropriate place in step S5702 and continues to step S5714. If not, a check is made in step S5703 to determine if the Act is Source (i.e., to display the contents of the original page). If so, the KPTAction and associated KPTDocument are fetched from the knowledge base for the selected node in step S5704 and fetches the contents of the page from the original location or URL in step S5705 and continues to step S5714. If not, a check is made to determine if the Act is Delete in step S5706. If so, a confirmation is sought from the user, if required, in step S5707 and if delete is not to be performed, it continues to step S5714, else in step S5708, the associated KPTAction and KPTDocument are deleted from the knowledge base and continues to step S5714. If not, a check is made in step S5709 to determine if the Act is Delete from this group. If so, a confirmation is sought from the user, if required, in step S5710 and if delete is not to be performed, it continues to step S5714, else in step S5711, the associated attributes or properties of KPTAction and KPTDocument are modified in the knowledge base and continues to step S5714. If not, a check is made in step S5712 to determine if the Act is Show Property. If so, the associated properties or attributes of the KPTAction and KPTDocument for the associated node are fetched from the knowledge base in step S5713 and continues to step S5714. In step S5714, the knowledge base is updated based on the type of action performed and in step S5715 the user interface is updated to reflect the updates made in the knowledge base. If in

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step S5712, the action is not Show Property, the process returns.

Fig. 58 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of Sort by Domain step S1306 of this embodiment. Initially the NodeList is set to NULL in step S5801. In step S5802, the entire top-level domain list L1 is fetched from the knowledge base.

- 5 In step S5803, the next domain name K1 in list L1 is fetched. A check is made in step S5804 to determine if the domain name K1 exists. If so, a check is made in step S5806 to determine if the domain name K1 is unnecessary or not required domain. If so, it continues to step S5803 to fetch the next domain name from the list. If not, a check is made in step S5807 to determine if the K1 is already present in L1, if so, it
- 10 continues to step S5803 otherwise the domain name K1 is added to the NodeList at the appropriate place in step S5808 and then continues to step S5803. In step S5804, if K1 does not exist, implying that all the items in the list L1 have been processed, Fig. 55 ShowTreeView(NodeList, Type), with Type = Domain is executed in step S5805 and the example results are shown in Fig. 39, wherein the Domains in the
- 15 NodeList are displayed in the sorted order.

- Fig. 59 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of Sort by Organization step S1303 of this embodiment. Initially the NodeList is set to NULL in step S5901. In step S5902, list of all the organizations L1 are fetched from the knowledge base. In step S5903, the next organization name K1 in list L1 is fetched. A check is made
- 20 in step S5904 to determine if the organization name K1 exists. If so, a check is made in step S5906 to determine if the organization name K1 is unnecessary or not required entry. If so, it continues to step S5903 to fetch the next organization name from the list. If not, a check is made in step S5907 to determine if the K1 is already present in L1. If so, it continues to step S5903 otherwise the organization name K1
- 25 is added to the NodeList at the appropriate place in step S5908 and then continues to step S5903. In step S5904, if K1 does not exist, implying that all the items in the list L1 have been processed, Fig. 55 ShowTreeView(NodeList, Type), with Type = Orgn is executed in step S5905 and the example results are shown in Fig. 38, wherein the Organizations in the NodeList are displayed in the sorted order.

- 30 Fig. 60 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of For Each Session, Sort KPTAction by Time, step S1202 of this embodiment. Initially, in step S6001,

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the CurrD is set to GetCurrentDate(), which the current date of the system. In step S6002, the MinD is set to GetMinimumDate(), which the minimum or earliest date for which information exists in the knowledge base. In step S6003, the NodeList is set to NULL. In step S6004, GetPreviousYearNodes(NodeList, CurrD, MinD) as
 5 detailed in Fig. 61 is executed. In step S6005, GetBeforeCurrMonthNodes(NodeList, CurrD) as detailed in Fig. 62 is executed. In step S6006, GetBeforeCurrWeekNodes (NodeList, CurrD) as detailed in Fig. 63 is executed. In step S6007, GetCurrWeekNodes(NodeList, CurrD) as detailed in Fig. 64 is executed. In step S6008, ShowTreeView(NodeList, Type) with Type = Session
 10 is executed as detailed in Fig. 55 and the example results are shown in Fig. 37, wherein the Sessions in the NodeList are displayed in sorted order.

Fig. 61 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of GetPreviousYearNodes (NodeList, CurrD, MinD) of step S6004 of this embodiment. A check is made in step S6101 to determine if Year(CurrD) >
 15 Year(MinD) (i.e., the year part of CurrD is greater than the year part of MinD). If not, the process returns. If so, Iyear is set to Year(MinD) (i.e., year part of MinD) in step S6102. In step S6103, a check is made to determine if Iyear < Year(CurrD) (i.e., Iyear is less than the year part of CurrD). If not, the process returns. If so, a check is made in step S6104 to determine if Iyear is equal to Year(CurrD) - 1. If so,
 20 a node called 'Last year' is created and added to the appropriate place in NodeList in step S6105. If not, nodes for that year (i.e., Iyear) is created (e.g., 1999 etc.) and added to appropriate place in NodeList in step S6106. In either case, the step S6107 is executed, wherein nodes are created only for 'Months' (e.g., January, June etc.) for which data exists for the specified Iyear in the knowledge base and added to
 25 appropriate places in NodeList. In step S6108, nodes are created only for 'Days' (e.g., 1, 3, 27 etc.) for each of the above 'Months' for which data exists in the knowledge base and are added to appropriate places in NodeList. In step S6109, Iyear is incremented and the process continues to step S6103, till Iyear becomes greater than or equal to year part of CurrD, at which point the process returns.

30 Fig. 62 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of GetBeforeCurrMonthNodes (NodeList, CurrD) of step S6005 of this embodiment.

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Initially, in step S6201, Imonth is set to 1. A check is made in step S6202 to determine if Month(CurrD) (i.e., month part of CurrD) is equal to Imonth. If so, the process returns. If not, a check is made in step S6203 to determine if the values of Imonth and Month(CurrD)-1 are equal. If so, step S6204 is executed in which, a node called 'Last month' is created and added to appropriate place in NodeList. If not, step S6205 is executed in which, the node with Month name (e.g., Jan or Jun etc.) is created and added to appropriate place in NodeList. In either case, after completion, step S6206 is executed, wherein nodes are created only for 'Days' (e.g., 1, 3, 27 etc.) for each of the above 'Months' for which data exists in the knowledge base and are added to appropriate places in NodeList. In step S6207, Imonth is incremented and the process continues to step S6202, till Imonth is equal to the month part of CurrD, at which point the process returns.

Fig. 63 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of GetbeforeCurrWeekNodes (NodeList, CurrD) of step S6006 of this embodiment. Initially, in step S6301, Iweek is set to 1. A check is made in step S6302 to determine if Week(CurrD) (i.e., week part of CurrD) is equal to Iweek. If so the process returns. If not, a check is made in step S6303 to determine if the values of Iweek and Week(CurrD)-1 are equal. If so, step S6304 is executed in which, a node called 'Last Week' is created and added to appropriate place in NodeList. If not, step S6305 is executed in which the node with Iweek is created (e.g., 1st week, 2nd week etc.) and added to appropriate place to NodeList. In either case after completion, step S6306 is executed, wherein nodes are created only for 'Days' (e.g., 1, 3, 27 etc.) for each of the above 'Weeks' for which data exists in the knowledge base and are added to appropriate places in NodeList. In step S6307, Iweek is incremented and the process continues to step S6302, till Iweek is equal to the week part of CurrD, at which point the process returns.

Fig. 64 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of GetCurrWeekNodes (NodeList, CurrD) of step S6007 of this embodiment. Initially, in step S6401, Iday is set to StartofWeek(CurrD) (i.e., the starting day of the current week). A check is made in step S6402 to determine if Iday is greater than the Day(CurrD) (i.e., the day part of the CurrD). If so, the process returns. If not, in step S6403, a check is made

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to determine if Iday is equal to Day(CurrD)-1. If so, step S6404 is executed in which, a node called 'Yesterday' is created and added to appropriate place in NodeList and continues to step S6408. If not, step S6405 is executed in which, a check is made to determine if Iday is equal to Day(CurrD) (i.e., current day). If so, step S6406 is executed in which, a node called 'Today' is created and added to appropriate place in NodeList and continues to step S6408. If not, nodes are created only for 'Days' (e.g., 1, 3, 4 etc.) for which data exists in the knowledge base and added to appropriate places in NodeList and continues to step S6408. In step S6408, child nodes are created for sessions of day(s) for which data exists in knowledge base and added to appropriate places to NodeList. Finally in step S6409, Iday is incremented by 1 and the process continues to step S6402, till Iday > Day(CurrD), at which point the process returns.

Fig. 65 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of steps S1510, S1512 SaveFileContents() of this embodiment. A check is made in step S6501 to determine if the contents to be saved is SaveLink only. If so, the process continues to step S6506. In step S6502, a folder F1 with the name based on the KPTDocument's name, which is a Globally unique identifier (GUID) is created, which ensures that the folder to be created is unique within and across the local system. In step S6503, a file called KPTIndex is created in the folder created in previous step. The actual page contents (i.e., HTML text) are saved to the file created in the previous step. The fully qualified file name (i.e., the folder name and the file name) is stored as the physical URL location of the KPTDocument. In step S6506, FillKPTAction() is executed which is explained in detail in Fig. 66 and the other required indices are determined by referring to the knowledge base in step S6507 and the process returns.

Fig. 66 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of S6506, FillKPTAction() of this embodiment. In step S6601, the contents of 'Keep As' are set to 'Remember As' field of KPTDocument. In step S6602, the contents of 'URL' are set to 'LogicalURL' field of KPTDocument. In step S6603, the contents of 'keyword' are set to 'Keyword' field of KPTDocument. In step S6604, the time and date are set to 'WhenDone' field of KPTAction. In step S6605, a check is made to

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determine if KPTEAction is Save. If so, step S6606 is executed. If not, a check is made in step S6608 to determine if KPTEAction is Hold. If so, in step S6606, the 'Validity' is set to 'WhenToDo' field of KPTEAction and in step S6607, 'Page title' is set to 'Title' of KPTEDocument and process returns. If not, step S6609 is executed,
5 in which the 'WhenToDo' field of KPTEAction is filled with value 'infinity' and the process returns.

Thus, when the user selects Quick Save, this embodiment does not ask the user for file name or destination folder location and the actual process of saving the information be it page contents, annotated contents, page contents plus
10 including all the links below them are stored in a one-touch operation. Also the same information be it a page or link can be stored multiple times (i.e., store the contents of the same link as many times as the user wishes), without ever specifying the filename, and still be able to retrieve them easily. This is especially useful, for users to keep track of the changes in the contents of the same web page. When user
15 selects Save, user interface like Fig. 25 is shown to obtain optionally information regarding the validity or time period for which the contents needs to be saved. When user selects Hold, user interface like Fig. 31 is shown to obtain optionally information regarding the validity or time period for which the contents needs to be held on to. The Save option is basically for storing the information for long range of
20 time, just like storing it in a file cabinet and Hold option for a short period, (i.e., for transient information), which is required to be for say a week or for a few days (e.g., Event or Show information, Limited Time Offers, etc.). The important part of setting the validity or time period for the information in this embodiment is that it will automatically be deleted, after the validity time expires, thus eliminating the
25 time-consuming clean up operations. The user can, of course, keep the information forever, by specifying the validity as Indefinite. Also, if Automatic Save has been selected then all the information are automatically stored by this embodiment but for the URL(s) which are to be executed as specified by user in Fig. 50, are stored without any user intervention.

30 Fig. 41 is an example for User Interface of Search UI, displayed in step S1108. Fig. 67 is the flowchart for processing the retrieve conditions set in Fig.

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41 and to fetch the appropriate information. In step S6701, Retrieve Query 'Q' is set to NULL. A check is made in step S6702 to determine if Keep As is NULL. If so, the input characters of keep As are set to Keep As of the Retrieve Query Q in step S6703 to retrieve the matching information starting with the given input and

5 continues to step S6704. If not, a check is made in step S6704 to determine if keyword is NULL. If so, the input keyword is set to keyword of the Retrieve Query Q in step S6705 to retrieve the matching information and continues to step S6706. If not, a check is made in step S6706 to determine if Browse Date/ Validity Range is equal to NULL. If so, the input information is set to Browse Date/Validity Range of

10 Retrieve Query Q in step S6707 and continues to step S6708. If not, a check is made in step S6708 to determine if Action Type is null. If so, the input Action Type is set to Action Type of query Q in step S6709 and continues to step S6710. If not, a check is made in step S6710 to determine if input URL is null. If so, the input characters of URL are set to URL of the retrieve query Q in step S6711 to retrieve

15 query Q to retrieve the matching information starting the given input and continues to step S6712. If not, a check is made in step S6712 to determine if the input Page title is NULL. If so, the input characters of Page title is set to Page Title of the retrieve query Q in step S6713 to retrieve query Q to retrieve the matching information starting the given input and continues to step S6714. If not, a check is

20 made in step S6714 to determine if retrieve query Q is NULL (i.e., if any of the conditions to find was specified). If so, step S6715 is executed in which an error message is displayed to the user and continues to step S6702. If not, step S6716 is executed to retrieve all the matching KPTAction and associated KPTDocument from the knowledge base for the input retrieve query Q and the results are displayed

25 to the user in step S6717 and the function returns.

Fig.43 is an example for User Interface of Search Extracted Data UI for UI displayed in step S1110. Fig. 68 is the flowchart for processing the retrieve conditions set in Fig.43 and to fetch the appropriate information. In step S6801, Retrieve Query "Q" is set to NULL. A check is made in step S6802 to determine if

30 Keep As is NULL. If so, the input characters of Keep As are set to Keep As of the Retrieve Query "Q" in step S6803 to retrieve the matching information starting with

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the given input and continues to step S6804. If not, a check is made in step S6804 is determine if Name is NULL. If so, the input Name is set to name of the Retrieve Query "Q" in step S6805 to retrieve the matching information and continues to step S6806. If not, a check is made in step S6806 to determine if Extracted date is NULL. If so, the input information is set to Extracted date of Retrieve Query "Q" in step S6807 and continues to step S6808. If not, a check is made in step S6808 to determine if Retrieve Query "Q" is NULL (i.e., if any of the conditions to find was specified). If so, step S6809 is executed in which an error message is displayed to the user and continues to step S6802. If not, step S6810 is executed to retrieve all the matching KPTAction and associated KPTPerson from the knowledge base for the input retrieve query Q and the results are displayed to the user in step S6811 and the function returns.

Fig. 69 shows example rules for determining the organization indices for a URL. As can be seen from the figure, the parameter, protocol, obvious address, page information is first removed from the URL. By referring to the Domain Knowledge base, whose example is shown in Fig. 23, the domain part of the URL is removed. The remaining URL is then processed to obtain the Organization indices as shown.

Fig. 70 shows example rules for determining the domain indices for a URL. As can be seen from the figure, the parameter, protocol, obvious address, page information is first removed from the URL. By referring to the Domain Knowledge base, whose example is shown in Fig. 23, the domain part of the URL is obtained.

Fig. 71 shows a Client-Server type implementation of this embodiment. The figure illustrates an example Client-Server type implementation of Fig. 2. Multiple clients 401 have KPT C1 system 402, and communicate with Server 403. Server 403 is equipped with KPT S1 System 404, knowledge base management 405 and Database 406. Server 403 can also communicate with other servers to access their information stored in database, via knowledge base management.

Fig. 72 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of INITIALIZE processing step S401 of a client 401, when the embodiment is implemented as

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Client-Server type implementation. In step S7201, the client first connects to the server. In step S7202, a check is made to determine if connection was successful. If not, error message is displayed in step S7203 and the process returns false. Otherwise, in step S7204, User information is got and using the information thus
5 obtained, the client logs in to knowledge base in step S7205. In step S7206 a check is made to determine if the login to the knowledge base was successful. If not, an error message is displayed in step S7207 and the process returns false. Otherwise, the knowledge base is updated in step S7208. In step S7209, UI of this embodiment is displayed, an example of which is shown in Fig. 25 is shown and the process
10 returns true.

Fig. 73 is a flowchart of the main procedural steps of server 403, when the embodiment is implemented as Client-Server type implementation. In step S7301, initialization steps are executed. In step S7302, main function processing saving etc. of this embodiment at the server side is performed. In step S7303,
15 terminate or clean-up processing is executed.

Fig. 74 is a flowchart of INITIALIZE_SERVER procedure of step S7301 of this embodiment when implemented as Client-Server. In step S7401, Session is created. In step S7402 knowledge base is updated. In step S7403, service is started to accept requests from clients and the process returns.

20 Fig. 75 is a flowchart of the procedural steps of MAIN-PROCESSOR_SERVER procedure of step S7302 of this embodiment when implemented as Client-Server. In step S7501, a check is made if ActL has any requests from any client. If so, the process proceeds to step S7504. If no, a check is made to determine if there is any user operation and ActL is set to UserAction(). If
25 so, the process proceeds to step S7504. If not, a check is made to determine if there are any system tasks to be performed and ActL is set to SystemAction(). If not, the process returns to step S7501. In step S7504, a check is made to determine if ActL is equal to End System. If so, all the current active tasks are terminated in step S7505 and the knowledge base is updated in step S7506 and the process returns. If
30 not, in step S7507 ExecuteServerAct(ActL) is executed The ExecuteServerAct is similar to the ExecuteAction of Fig. 14 of this embodiment, the only difference

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being instead of executing the action completely at the client-end, only a request is made by the client and the actual process is executed at the server end. The knowledge base is updated in step S7508 and the process returns to step S7501.

Fig. 76 is a flowchart of TERMINATE_SERVER procedure of step
5 S7303 of this embodiment when implemented as Client-Server. In step S7601 a check is made to determine if there are any active client connections. If so, message is sent to the clients to disconnect from this server since it is shutting down. In either case the process proceeds to step S7603, where all the active sessions are terminated and the knowledge base is updated in step S7604 and the process returns.

10 Other exemplary configurations of the system are further described below.

Fig. 77 shows a File Server type implementation of this embodiment. The figure illustrates an example File Server type implementation of embodiment of Fig. 2. Multiple clients 501 have KPT C2 System 502, Knowledge Base
15 Management 503, and communicate with Server 504. Server 504 is equipped with Date Base 406. Server 504 can also communicate with other servers to access their information stored in the database. This File Server type implementation differs from the Client Server type implementation only to the fact that all the processing is done at the client side and only the database is stored on the server, thus allowing
20 multiple clients to share the data stored on the server. The server side does not have any processing module, but for the database.

Fig. 78 shows a Distributed Clients type implementation of this embodiment. The figure illustrates an example Distributed Clients type implementation of embodiment of Fig. 2. Multiple clients 601 have KPT C3 System
25 602, Knowledge Base Management 603, Database 604 and communicate with other clients to access their information stored in individual databases. The Distributed Clients implementation differs from the Client Server type implementation only to the fact that all the processing is done at the client side and each individual client is able to access data stored on other clients, thus allowing multiple clients to share the
30 data stored across clients in an distributed environment.

Fig. 79 shows another example of Client-Server type implementation

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of this embodiment. The figure illustrates another example Client-Server type implementation of embodiment of Fig. 2. Multiple clients 701 have KPT C4 system 702, Knowledge base Management 703 and Index DB and communicate with Server 403. Server 403 is equipped with KPT S1 System 404, knowledge base management 405 and Database 406. Server 403 can also communicate with other servers to access their information stored in database, via knowledge base management. The client in this case has the indexes of the information in index DB of the information stored in the server to enable it to process and display the information in a very efficient way, since during retrieve or sorting the client does not need to connect and fetch the information from the server, thus speeding up the process considerably.

Fig. 80 shows an example implementation of this embodiment in which the server acts as a proxy server and all the connections to the internet are via the proxy server. By combining the KPT Server and Proxy server, the information browsing and fetch is speeded up to considerable extent, since the proxy server has an in-built cache.

Fig. 81 shows an example web server based implementation of this embodiment in which the server is a WebServer with KPT S1 System, Knowledge base management and DB. The clients 601 themselves are mere browsers. Thus, the entire processing of this embodiment is done at the server end and the clients only act as a means of displaying the information and getting information from the user.

Fig. 82 shows an example mixed implementation in which the clients can communicate not only with server, as in a File Server implementation, but also to other clients, as in a Distributed Client implementation. As can be seen from the figure, numerous other combinations, like the client communicating with a web server based implementation, proxy server based implementation can also be implemented.

Fig. 83 shows another example of implementation of this embodiment, in which the knowledge base management 804 at the server end, not only communicates with Database 406, but also to other external databases 806 and other external web information 805. Thus, the clients not only view the contents of

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the internet, but can also view the contents of a local database or local web information, along the same lines described in detail earlier in this embodiment.

Fig. 84 shows another example of compounded implementation of this embodiment, in which the client 902 not only has knowledge base management 903, at the client end not only communicates with Database 904, but also to other external databases 906 and other local web information 905 on the client but also to other clients or servers explained earlier in this embodiment.

Fig.85 displays an example of Show All links User Interface for Distributed client implementation of this embodiment. The left hand side displays the links sorted on the specified attribute (Travel, in this example) of the current users' information and information on other client for example as can be seen in this figure, Taro's kee<p>oint and Suzuki's kee<p>oint. The right hand side view shows the contents of the saved information selected by the user for viewing on the left-hand side. It is obvious from the figure that it is possible that in case of Client Server implementation, the left-hand side view can be based on multiple servers and clients. It is also possible that only selected or customized servers or clients can be specified or defined in the left hand side view and also allow other clients to refer only after obtaining the necessary authentication or permission required to access the information.

Fig.86 displays an example of Show All links User Interface for Client Server implementation of this embodiment. The left-hand side displays the links sorted on the specified attribute (Sports, in this example) of the current users' information and information on other Server for example, KPT Server and Saora Server. The right hand side view shows the contents of the saved information selected by the user for viewing on the left-hand side. It is obvious from the figure that it is possible that in case of File Server implementation, the left-hand side view can be based on multiple servers and clients.

Figs. 87 and 88 display other examples of Show all links User Interface for external Database implementation of this embodiment. The left hand side displays the links sorted in the specified attribute (Organization Chart, Designation in these examples respectively). The right hand side view shows the

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contents of the saved information selected by the user for viewing on the left-hand side.

Fig. 89 displays an example of Session User Interface for external Database implementation of this embodiment. The left hand side displays the links sorted in the time or session order. The right hand side view shows the contents of the saved information selected by the user for viewing on the left-hand side.

Fig. 90 displays another example of Show all links User Interface for local web information implementation of this embodiment. The left-hand side displays the links sorted in the specified attribute (Product DB, in this example). The right hand side view shows the contents of the saved information selected by the user for viewing on the left-hand side.

Fig. 91 displays another example of Session User Interface for File System implementation of this embodiment. The left hand side displays the links sorted in the time or session order. The sessions as can be seen from the figure are defined as from start of the working day till the end , or say from start of the day till lunch break and after lunch break to end of the day etc. The right hand side view shows the contents of the information selected by the user for viewing on the left-hand side. Thus, as it becomes obvious from this figure that the human beings keep track of the actions performed based on time and session and the contents of the proposed embodiment can be applied to any invention to sort and present the actions of an entity in time sorted, session fashion.

The present invention described above may be applied to a system constituted of a plurality of computers, or a specific computer within a system. the object of the present invention can also be achieved by supplying a storage medium storing program codes of software for implementing the function of the above embodiment to a system or an apparatus, and reading out and executing the program codes stored in the storage medium by a computer (or a CPU or MPU) of the system or apparatus. In this case, the program codes read out from the storage medium implement the function of the present invention, and the storage medium storing these program codes constitutes the invention. Also, besides the function of the above embodiment is implemented by executing the readout program codes by the

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computer, the present invention includes a case where an OS (Operating System) or the like running on the computer performs a part or the whole of actual processing in accordance with designations by the program codes and thereby implements the function of the above embodiment.

5 Furthermore, the present invention also includes a case where, after the program codes read out from the storage medium are written in a memory of a function extension board inserted into the computer or of a function extension unit connected to the computer, a CPU or the like of the function extension board or function extension unit performs a part or the whole of actual processing in
10 accordance with designations by the program codes and thereby implements the function of the above embodiment.

 It is to be understood that the above description is only representative of illustrative examples of embodiments and implementations. For the reader's convenience, the above description has focused on a representative sample of all
15 possible embodiments, a sample that teaches the principles of the invention. Other embodiments may result from a different combination of portions of different embodiments. The description has not attempted to exhaustively enumerate all possible variations.

 It should be recognized that the method, system and apparatus for
20 monitoring connectivity across disparate networks has many applications, and is not limited to the representative examples disclosed herein. Alternate embodiments may not have been presented for some of the specific portions of the invention. Some alternate embodiments may result from a different combination of described portions, or other un-described alternate embodiments may be available for a
25 portion. This is not to be considered a disclaimer of those alternate embodiments, because many of those un-described embodiments are within the literal scope of the following claims, and others are equivalent.

 It is to be further understood that the tasks described in the following claims can be sequenced in many different orders to achieve the desired result.
30 Thus, the scope of the present invention covers conventionally known variations and modifications to the system components and the method steps described herein, as

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would be known by those skilled in the art.

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CLAIMS

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A data processing system, comprising:
data acquisition means for acquiring data;
5 determination means for determining whether user requests
saving of the acquired data;
indexing means for assigning a predetermined index to the
data requested for saving, said index dynamically assigned to the data; and
saving means for saving the requested data and the assigned
10 index in a predetermined storage unit.
2. The system according to Claim 1, wherein said data
acquisition means acquires data from a browser client, said browser client allowing
browsing of data in an internet.
- 15 3. The system according to Claim 1, wherein the predetermined
storage is a database, and said system further comprising data retrieving means for
retrieving data from the database based on a user-supplied index, said user-supplied
index specified by a user.
- 20 4. The system according to Claim 1, further comprising:
sorting means for sorting indices of the data in the storage
unit; and
display means for displaying a result of the sorting by said
25 sorting means.
5. The system according to Claim 4, wherein said sorting means
performs the sorting based on a plurality of types of indices.
- 30 6. The system according to Claim 4, further comprising:
selecting means for selecting an index from the indices

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displayed on said display means; and

retrieval means for retrieving data corresponding to the index
selected by said selecting means from the database.

- 5 7. The system according to Claim 4, further comprising:
deleting means for deleting at least one index from the indices
displayed on said display means; and
removal means for removing data corresponding to the index
deleted by said deleting means from the database.

10

8. The system according to Claim 4, wherein at least one of the
data has a plurality of values for an index, and
said sorting means places the plurality of values at positions
corresponding to respective values.

15

9. The system according to Claim 2, said saving means
comprising:
folder creation means for creating a new folder for newly
browsed data;
20 file name assigning means for assigning a predetermined
name to the newly browsed data without intervention by a user; and
file saving means for saving the newly browsed data in the
new folder with the assigned file name.

25

10. The system according to Claim 9, wherein said folder
creation means creates the new folder with a folder name created based on a
predetermined rule.

11. The system according to Claim 10, wherein the folder name
30 is a fixed name.

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12. The system according to Claim 2, said saving means comprising:

file name generation means for generating a unique file name for the newly browsed data without intervention by a user; and

5 file saving means for saving the newly browsed data with adding the generated file name.

13. The system according to Claim 2, wherein said indexing means acquires a URL of the data from the browser as the index.

10

14. The system according to Claim 2, wherein said indexing means acquires at least one of a keyword or a title embedded in the data from the browser as the index.

15 15. The system according to Claim 14, wherein said indexing means displays the keyword or the title acquired from the browser.

14. The system according to Claim 1, wherein the index includes a time when the data is saved, said system further comprising:

20 node creation means for creating nodes corresponding to groups classified on the basis of the timing of saving, said node creation means creates a hierarchical nodes by dividing a group corresponding to a period into a plurality of sub group each corresponding to a shorter period and creating a node corresponding to each of sub group; and

25 node displaying means for displaying a plurality of nodes created by said node creation means in an order of saving.

15. The system according to Claim 14, wherein the data is on the network and each of the group corresponds to a session for the network.

30

16. The system according to Claim 14, wherein the data is file

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data and each of the group corresponds to a period from a start to an end of a file system.

17. The system according to Claim 14, wherein the data is file
5 data and each of the group corresponds to an operation in a period for a file system.

18. The system according to Claim 13, further comprising word
assigning means for assigning a word specified by a user as a further index to the
data to be saved by said saving means.

10

19. The system according to Claim 1, wherein if an index
assigned to the data to be saved has been assigned to other data, said saving means
saves the data as a new data or updates the other data according to a setting by the
user.

15

20. The system according to Claim 1, wherein if an index
assigned to the data to be saved has been assigned to other data, said saving means
inquires to the user whether the data is to be saved as a new data or an updated data.

21. The system according to Claim 1, wherein said saving means
20 saves the data in correspondence with an effective period, and said system further
comprising:

comparing means for comparing the effective period with a
current time at a predetermined timing; and

25

removal means for removing data in correspondence with the
effective period before the current time based upon the result of a comparison by
said comparing means.

22. The system according to Claim 21, wherein the
30 predetermined timing is a time when the system accepts no operations by a user.

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23. The system according to Claim 21, wherein said removal means requests a user to confirm the removal of the data and removes the confirmed data.

5 24. The system according to Claim 21, wherein said removal means requests a user to confirm the removal of the data or removes the data without confirmation by the user in accordance with a setting by the user.

10 25. The system according to Claim 21, wherein if the effective period is not specified by the user, said saving means saves the data in correspondence with a non-limited effective period.

15 26. The system according to Claim 2, wherein said saving means saves the browsed data in a first save mode and saves the URL in place of the browsed data in a second save mode.

27. The system according to Claim 2, wherein said saving means saves the browsed data with data linked thereto.

20 28. The system according to Claim 2, wherein said saving means always saves the browsed data without any instruction for each of the browsed data by the user.

25 29. The system according to Claim 28, wherein said saving means saves the browsed data when the browsing is operated to move to another URL.

30 30. The system according to Claim 28, wherein said saving means is controlled not to save the browsed data in a URL specified by the user in advance.

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31. The system according to Claim 2, further comprising index extracting means for extracting as an index a specific data from a data train constituting address of the browsed data in the network on the basis of a predetermined rule.

5

32. The system according to Claim 31, wherein the specific data is a domain name.

33. The system according to Claim 32, wherein the
10 predetermined rule is a rule for eliminating a parameter, a protocol, an obvious address, and page data from the data train, and extracting a domain name from the rest of the data with referring to a knowledge base of domain names.

34. The system according to Claim 31, wherein the specific data
15 is a name of organization.

35. The system according to Claim 34, wherein the
predetermined rule is a rule for eliminating a parameter, a protocol, an obvious
address, page data, and domain name from the data train, and determining the rest of
20 the data as an organization name.

36. The system according to Claim 35, wherein the
predetermined rule includes a rule for dividing the rest of the data into partial data
with a predetermined symbol and determining each of the partial data as an
25 organization name.

37. The system according to Claim 1, further comprising sending means for sending the acquired data or a specific part thereof to a destination.

30 38. The system according to Claim 37, wherein the specific part is a URL of the saved data.

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39. The system according to Claim 37, wherein the specific part is the saved data except for an embedded image.

5 40. The system according to Claim 2, further comprising editing means for editing the browsed data.

41. The system according to Claim 40, wherein said editing means includes annotation means for adding an annotation to the browsed data.
10

42. The system according to Claim 41, wherein said annotation means adds an annotation in such a manner that the annotation is distinguishable from the browsed data.

15 43. The system according to Claim 40, wherein said editing means includes changing means for changing a display form of a designated portion in the browsed data.

44. The system according to Claim 2, further comprising:
20 extraction means for extracting a predetermined type of data from the browsed data; and
 extracted data saving means for saving the extracted data in the database.

25 45. The system according to Claim 44, wherein said extraction means extracts data in a predetermined column in response to a copying operation of data from a specified portion of the browsed data to the predetermined column, and said extracted data saving means saves the extracted data with an attribute corresponding to the predetermined column.

30

46. The system according to Claim 44, wherein the

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predetermined type of data includes at least one of an organization name, a person name, an E-mail address, a telephone number, a Fax number, and a keyword appended to the data.

5 47. The system according to Claim 2, wherein if the data requested to be saved includes data in other URL, said saving means downloads the included data from the other URL.

 48. The system according to Claim 47, wherein if the data in the
10 other URL has been downloaded, said saving means dispenses with the downloading of the data.

 49. The system according to Claim 2, further comprising mode selection means for selecting an automatic save mode, and in the automatic save
15 mode, said determination means always determines the user requests to save the browsed data without instruction for each of the browsed data.

 50. The system according to Claim 3, wherein said data acquisition means, said determination means, said indexing means, said saving
20 means, and said database are equipped in a server apparatus, and
 said system further comprising at least one client apparatus connected to said server apparatus, each of said client apparatus transmits a user request to said server apparatus and receives a response to the user request from said server apparatus.

25

 51. The system according to Claim 50, wherein said data acquisition means in said server apparatus acquires data in an internet.

 52. The system according to Claim 50, wherein said server
30 apparatus further comprising:
 a local database;

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a web information storage device for storing web information
acquires from an internet: and

administration means for administrating data in either of said
database, said local database, and said web information storage device.

5

53. The system according to Claim 52, wherein at least one of
said client apparatus further comprising:

a client local database;

a client web information storage device for storing web
10 information acquires from an internet: and

client administration means for administrating data in either
of said database, said local database, and said web information storage device.

54. The system according to Claim 3, wherein said database is
15 equipped in a server apparatus, and said data acquisition means, said determination
means, said indexing means, and said saving means are equipped in at least one
client apparatus connected to said server apparatus.

55. The system according to Claim 3, wherein said system
20 includes a plurality of client apparatuses, and said data acquisition means, said
determination means, said indexing means, said saving means, and said database are
equipped in each of said client apparatuses, and each of said client apparatuses can
access the database equipped in another client apparatus.

25 56. The system according to Claim 3, wherein said database is
equipped in a server apparatus, and index database for storing the indices of said
database is equipped in at least one client apparatus connected to said server
apparatus.

30 57. The system according to Claim 3, wherein said data
acquisition means, said determination means, said indexing means, said saving

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means, and said database are equipped in a server apparatus, said data acquisition means acquires data in an internet, and

said system further comprising at least one browser connected to said server apparatus, each of said browser browses web page in the internet via said server apparatus and transmits a user action on the browses web page to said server apparatus.

58. A data processing method comprising:
acquiring data;
10 determining whether a user requests to save the acquired data;
assigning a predetermined index to the data requested to save,
without inputting any index; and
saving the requested data with the assigned index in a
predetermined storage unit.

15

59. A computer-executable program for controlling a computer to perform data processing, said program comprising codes for causing the computer to perform:
a data acquisition step of acquiring data;
20 a determination step of determining whether or not a user requests to save the acquired data;
an indexing step of assigning a predetermined index to the data requested to save, without inputting any index; and
a saving step of saving the requested data with the assigned
25 index in a predetermined storage unit.

60. A data processing method comprising:
acquiring data;
receiving a user request to save the acquired data;
30 assigning a predetermined index to the data requested for saving; and

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saving the requested data with the assigned index in a predetermined storage unit.

61. The method of claim 60, wherein said predetermined index is
5 dynamically generated.

62. The method of claim 61, wherein said predetermined storage unit is a database.

10 63. The method of claim 62, further comprising retrieving data from said database based on a user-supplied index.

64. The method of claim 62, further comprising:
sorting indices of the data saved in the database; and
15 displaying a result of said sorting indices on a display unit.

65. The method of claim 64, wherein said sorting is performed on a plurality of index types.

20 66. The method of claim 65, further comprising:
selecting an index from the indices displayed; and
retrieving data corresponding to the index selected from the database.

25 67. The method of claim 66, further comprising:
deleting at least one index from the indices displayed on said display unit; and
removing data corresponding to said deleted index from the database.

30

68. The method of claim 67, further comprising assigning a user-

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specified word as a second index for the data to be saved.

69. The method of claim 68, further comprising sending the acquired data to a predetermined destination.

5

70. The method of claim 68, further comprising sending a specific part of the acquired data to a predetermined destination.

71. The method of claim 60, wherein said data is acquired from a browser client, said browser client allowing browsing of data in an internet.

10

72. The method of claim 71, further comprising creating a new folder for newly browsed data in said storage unit.

73. The method of claim 72, further comprising assigning a predetermined file name to said newly browsed data.

15

74. The method of claim 73, further comprising saving said newly browsed data in said new folder with said predetermined file name.

20

75. The method of claim 74, further comprising editing the browsed data.

76. The method of claim 75, wherein said editing includes adding an annotation to the browsed data, said annotation is distinguishable from the browsed data.

25

77. The method of claim 71, further comprising:
extracting a predetermined type of data from the browsed
data; and
saving the extracted data in the storage unit.

30

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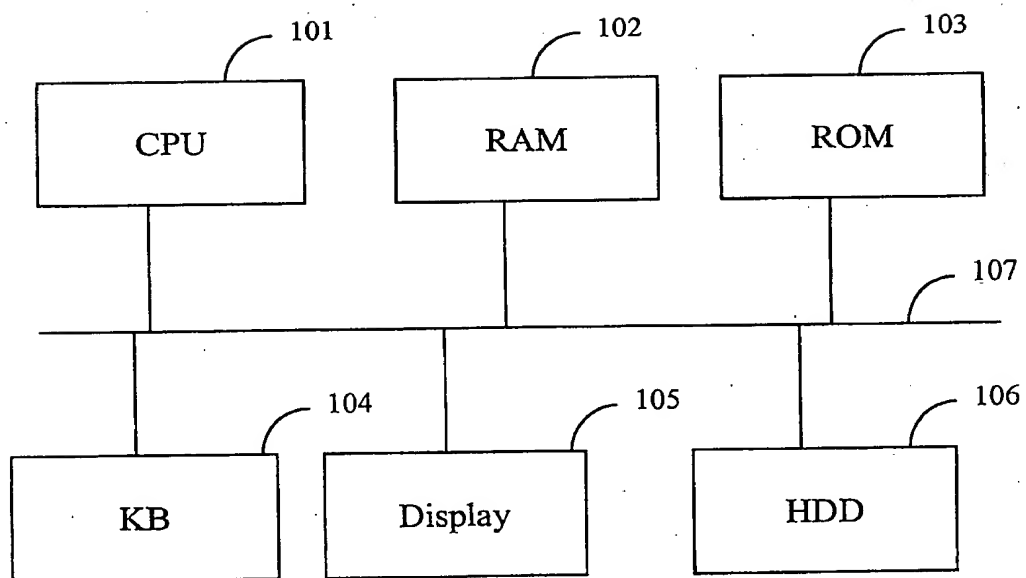


FIG. 1

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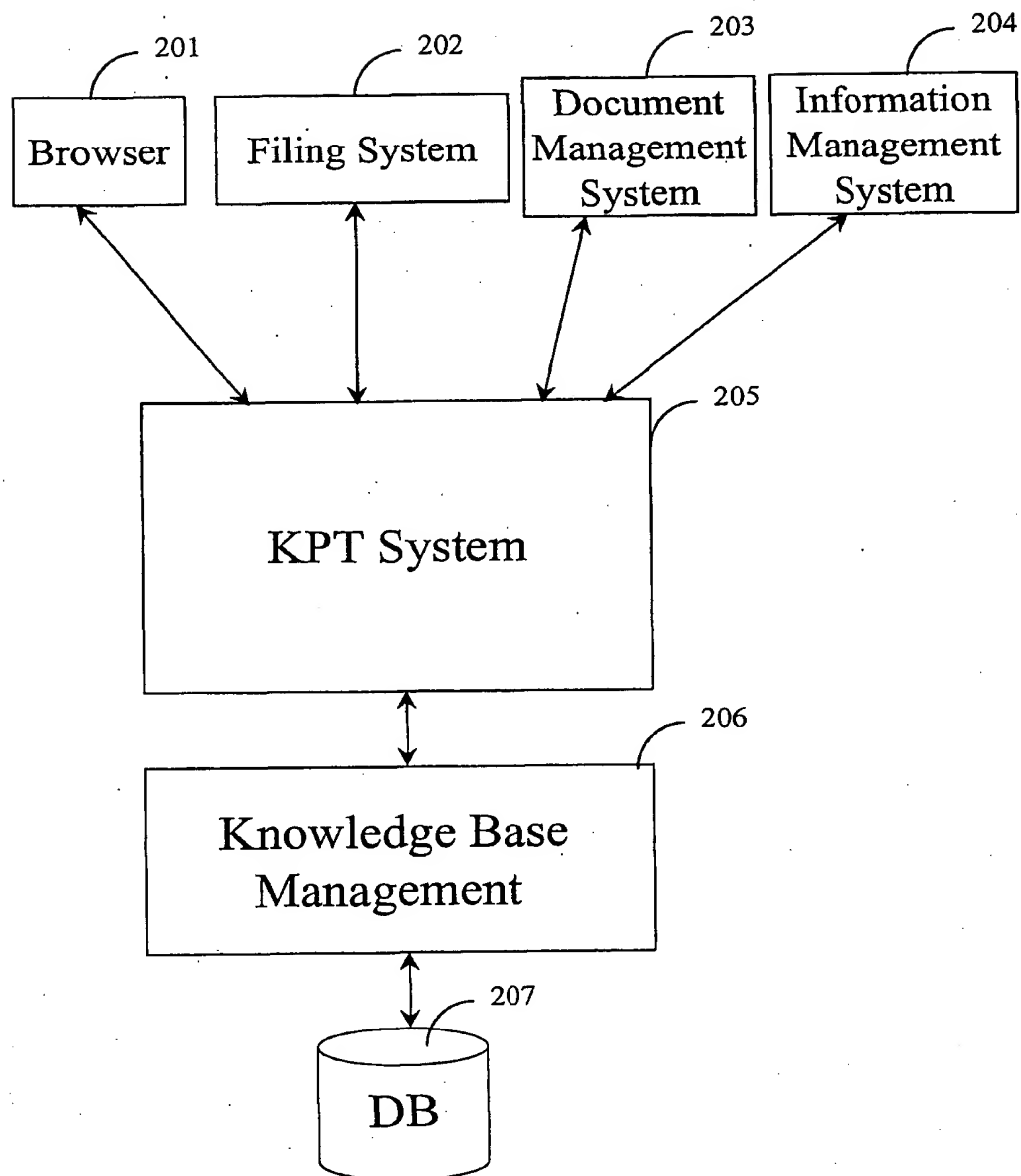


FIG. 2

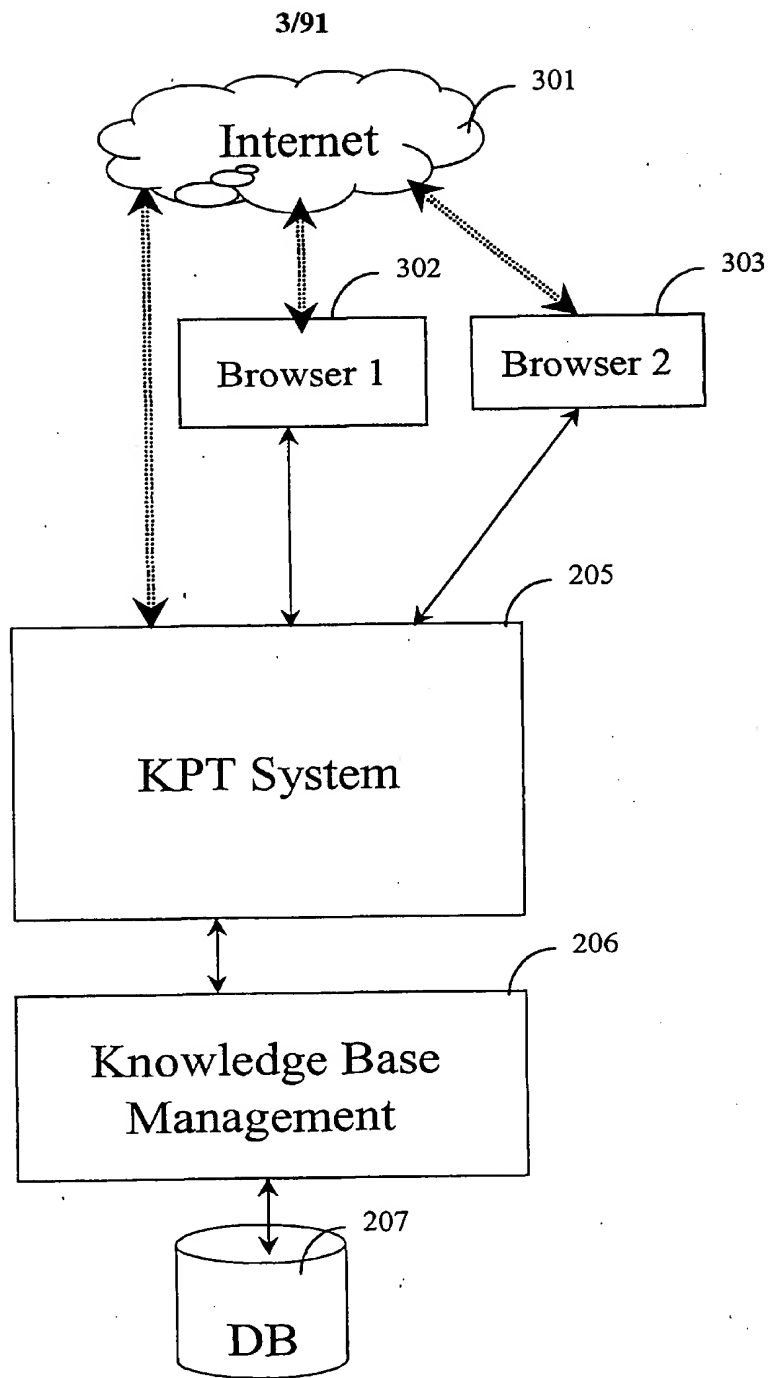


FIG. 3

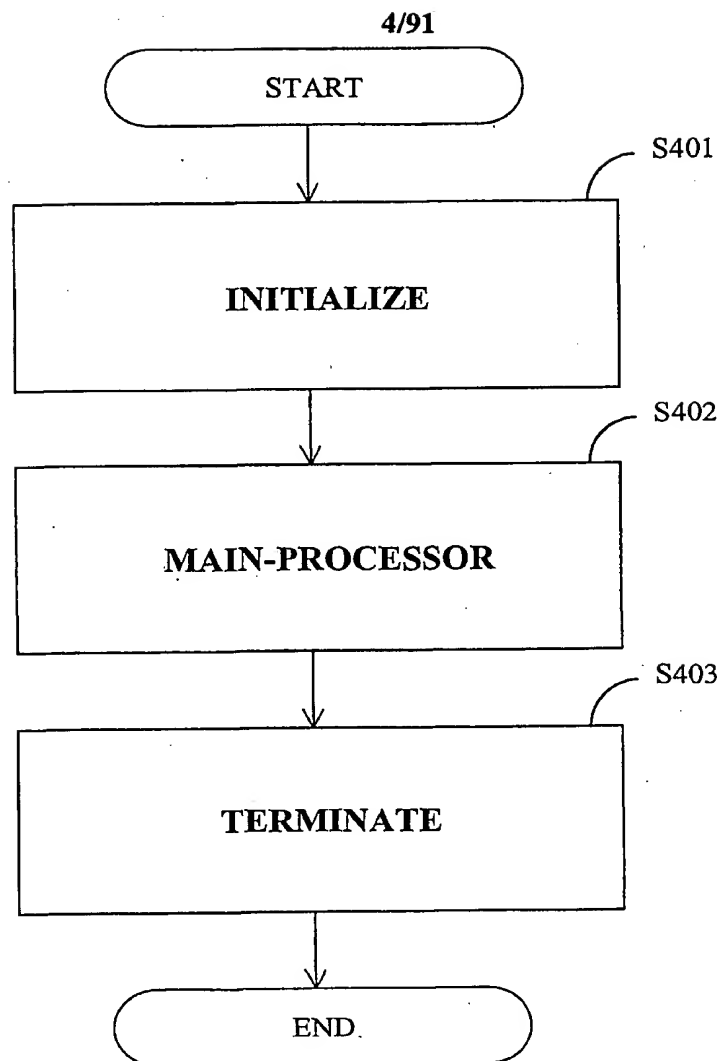


FIG. 4

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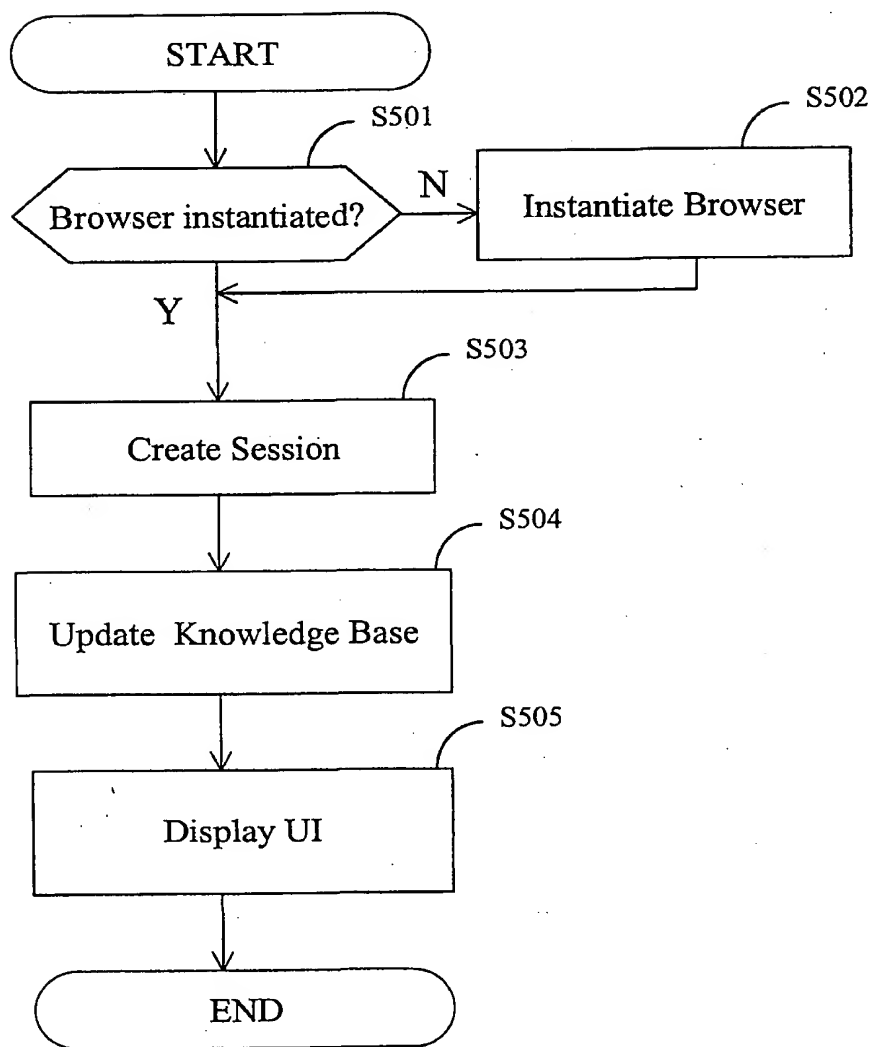


FIG. 5

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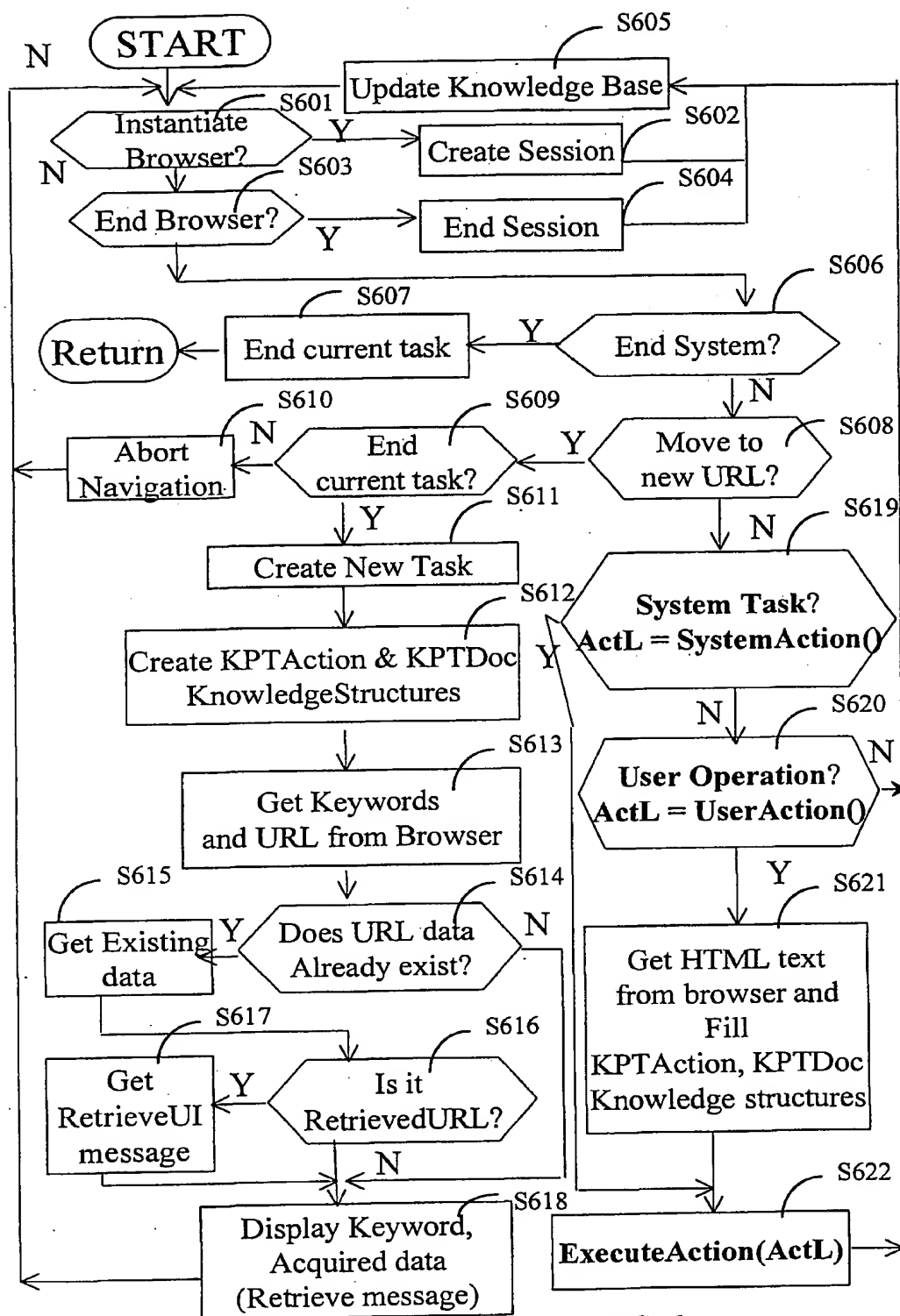
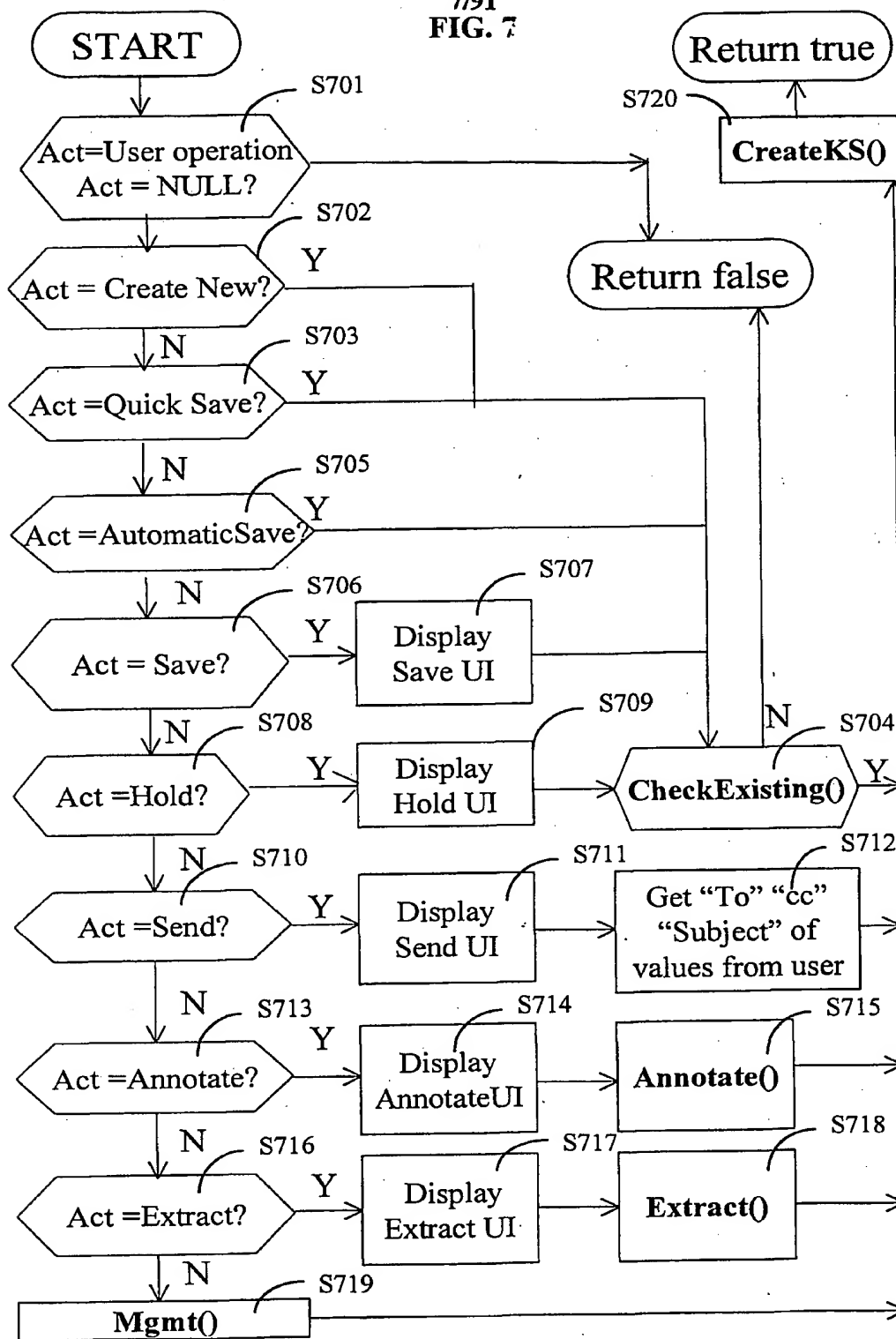


FIG. 6

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FIG. 7

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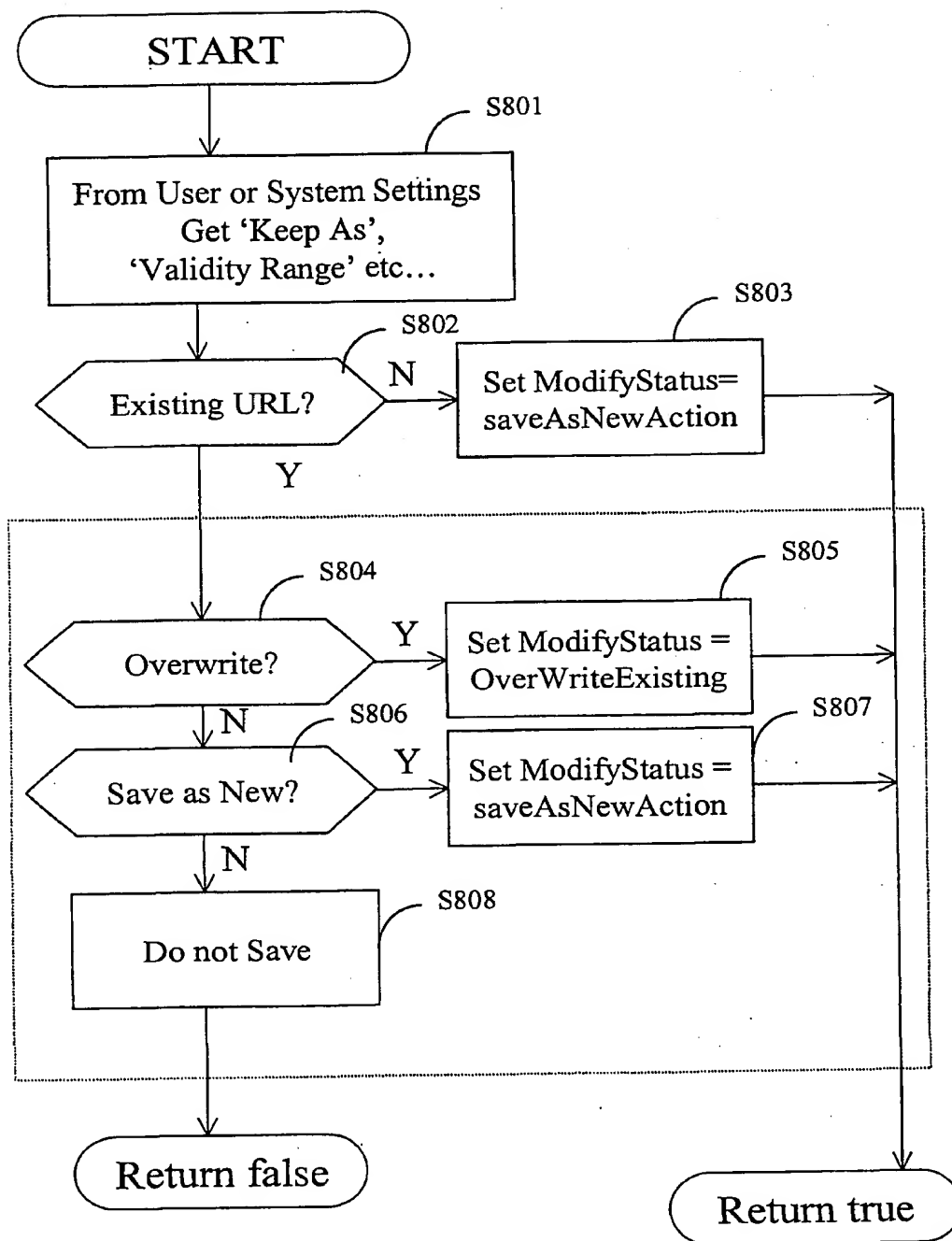


FIG. 8

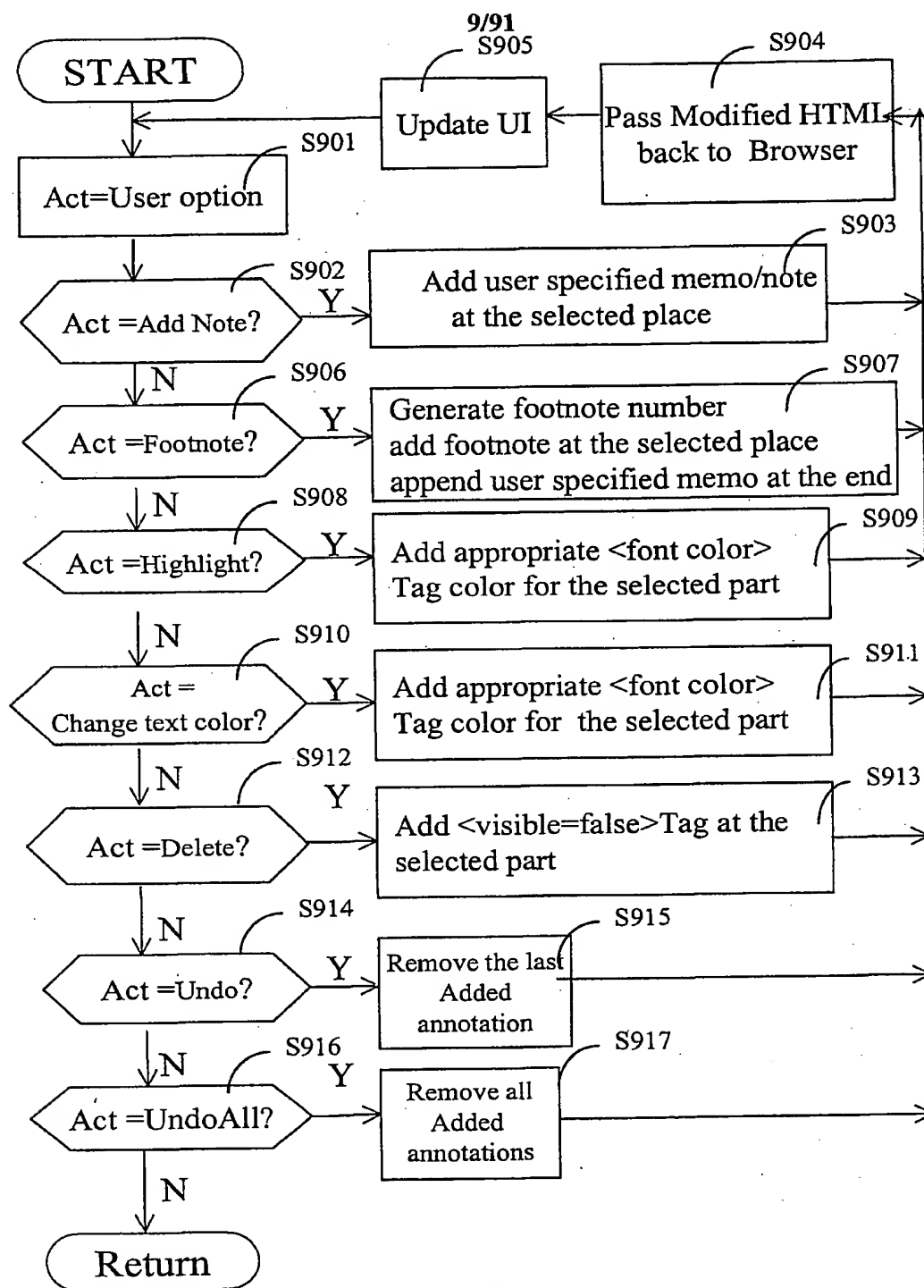


FIG. 9

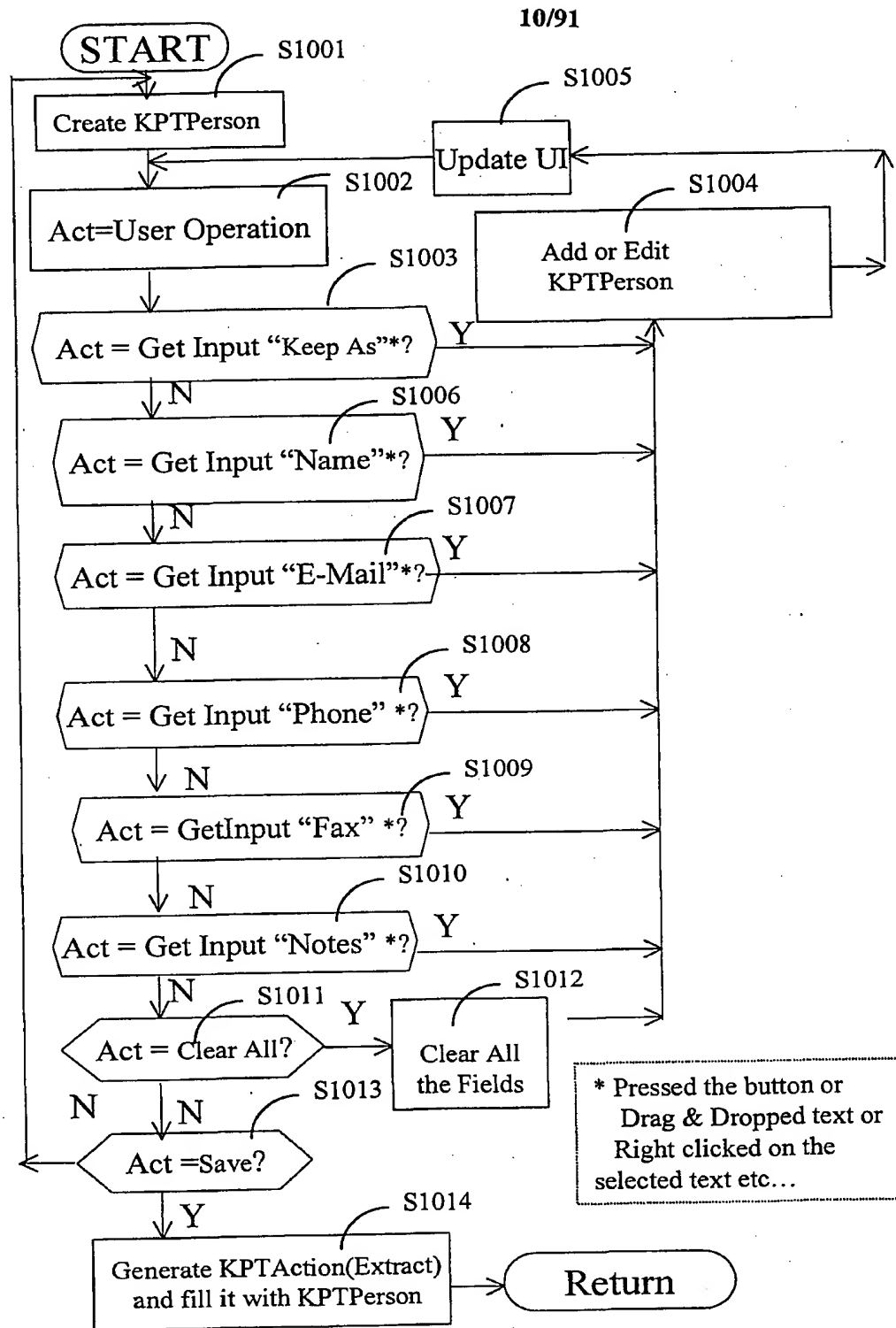


FIG. 10

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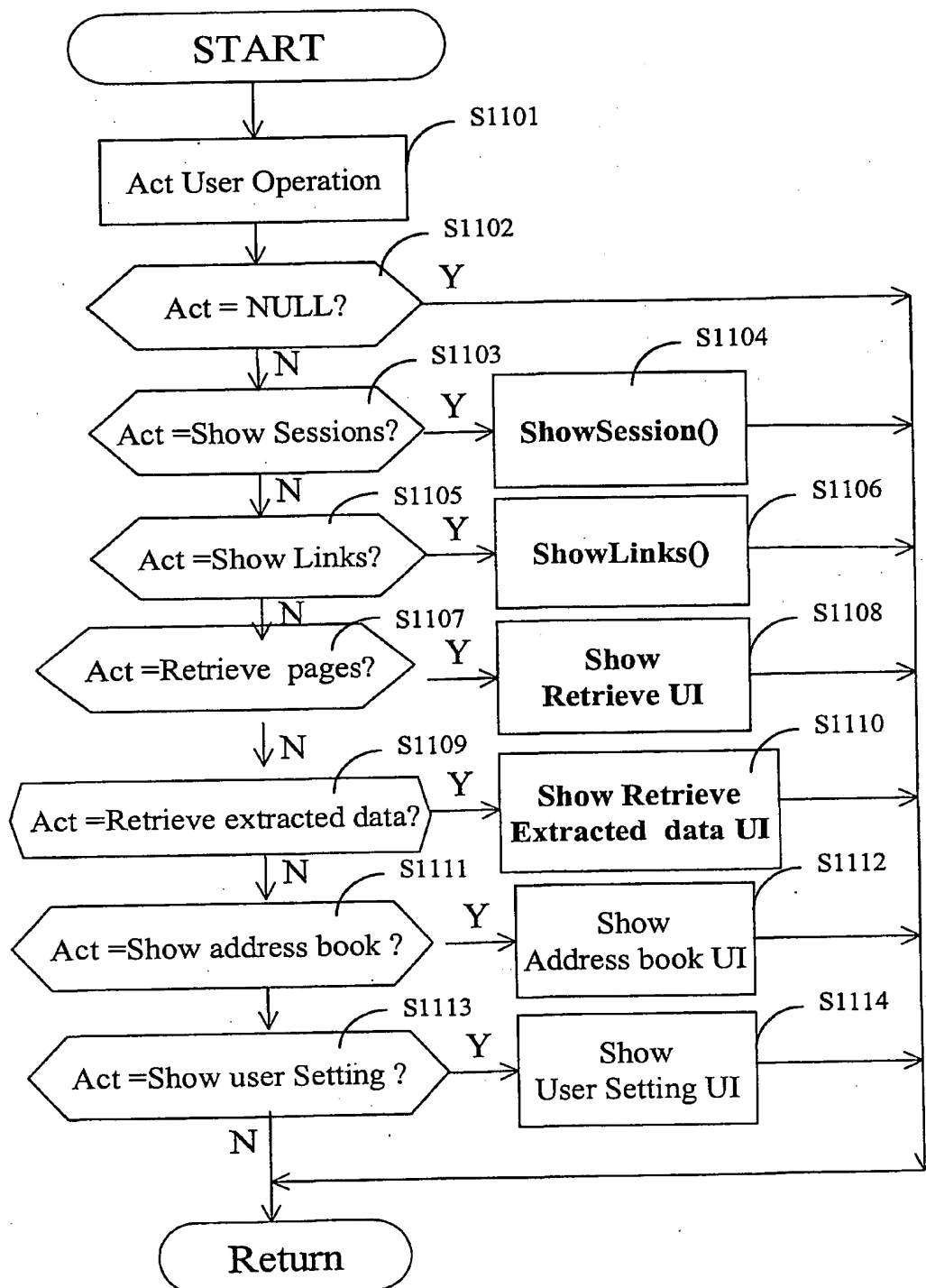


FIG. 11

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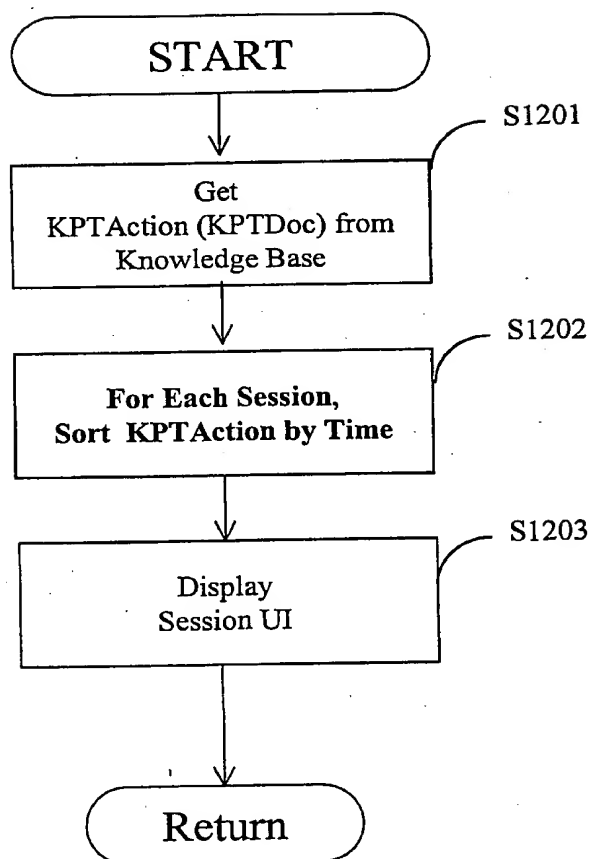


FIG. 12

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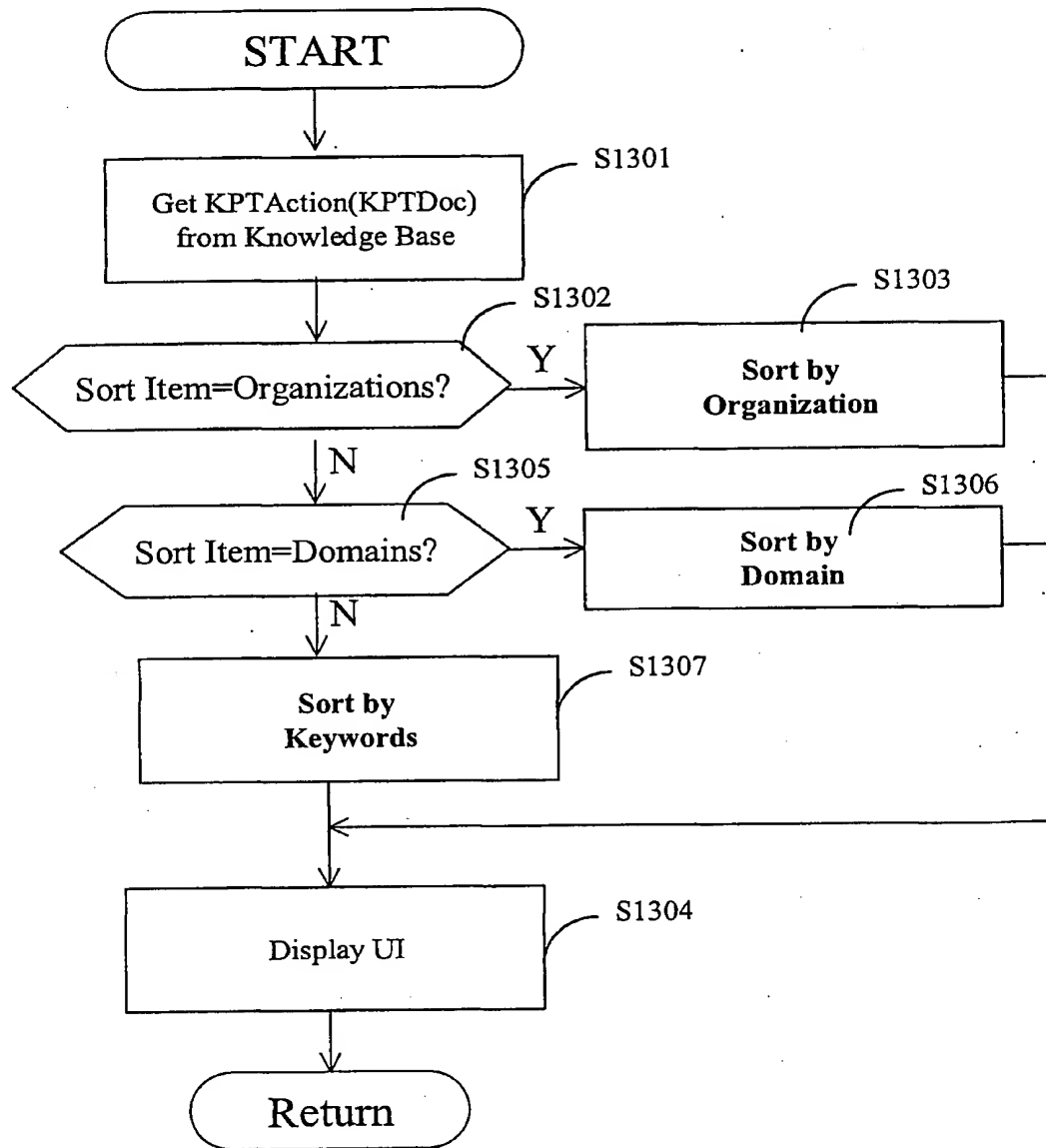
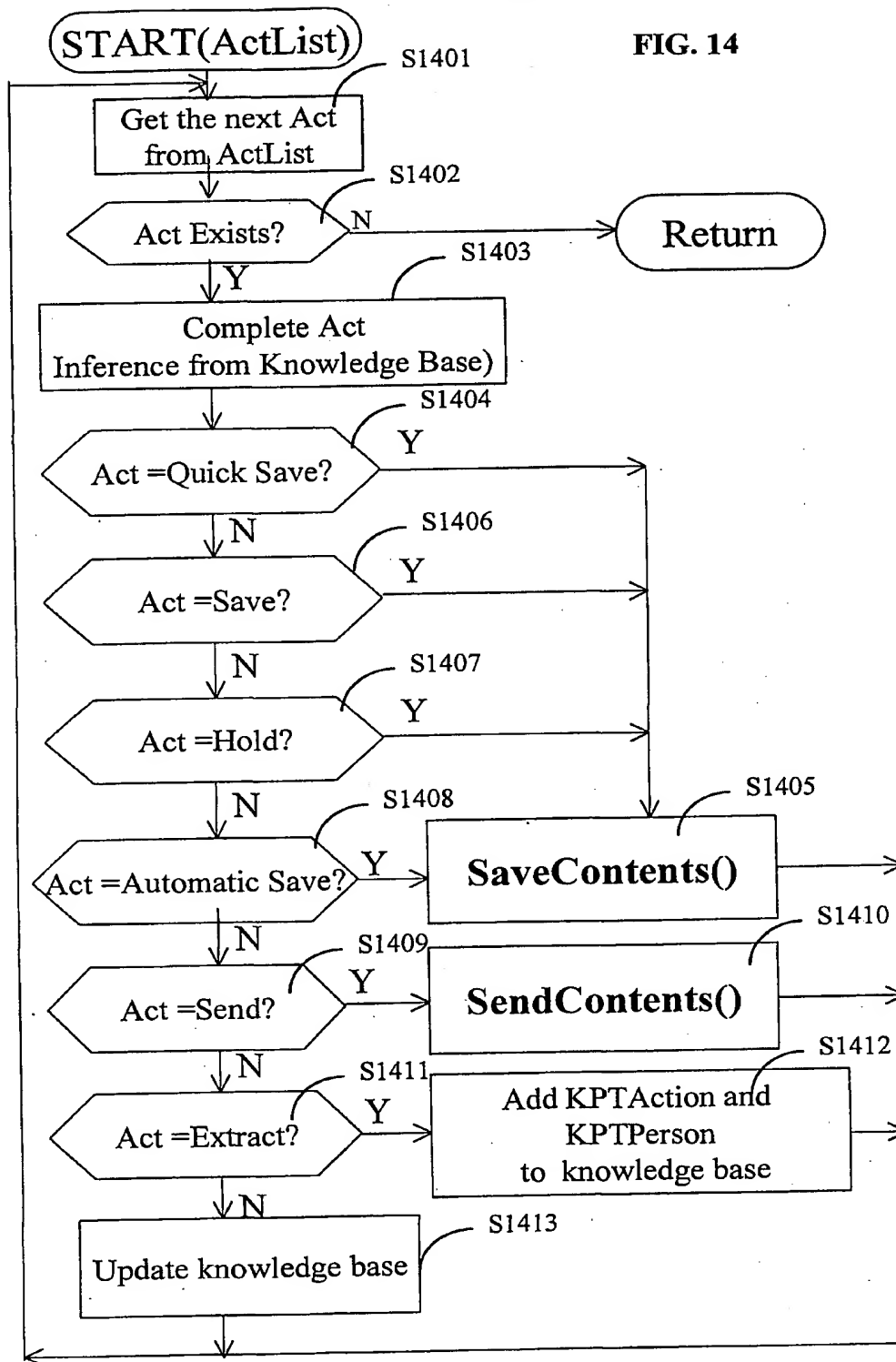


FIG. 13

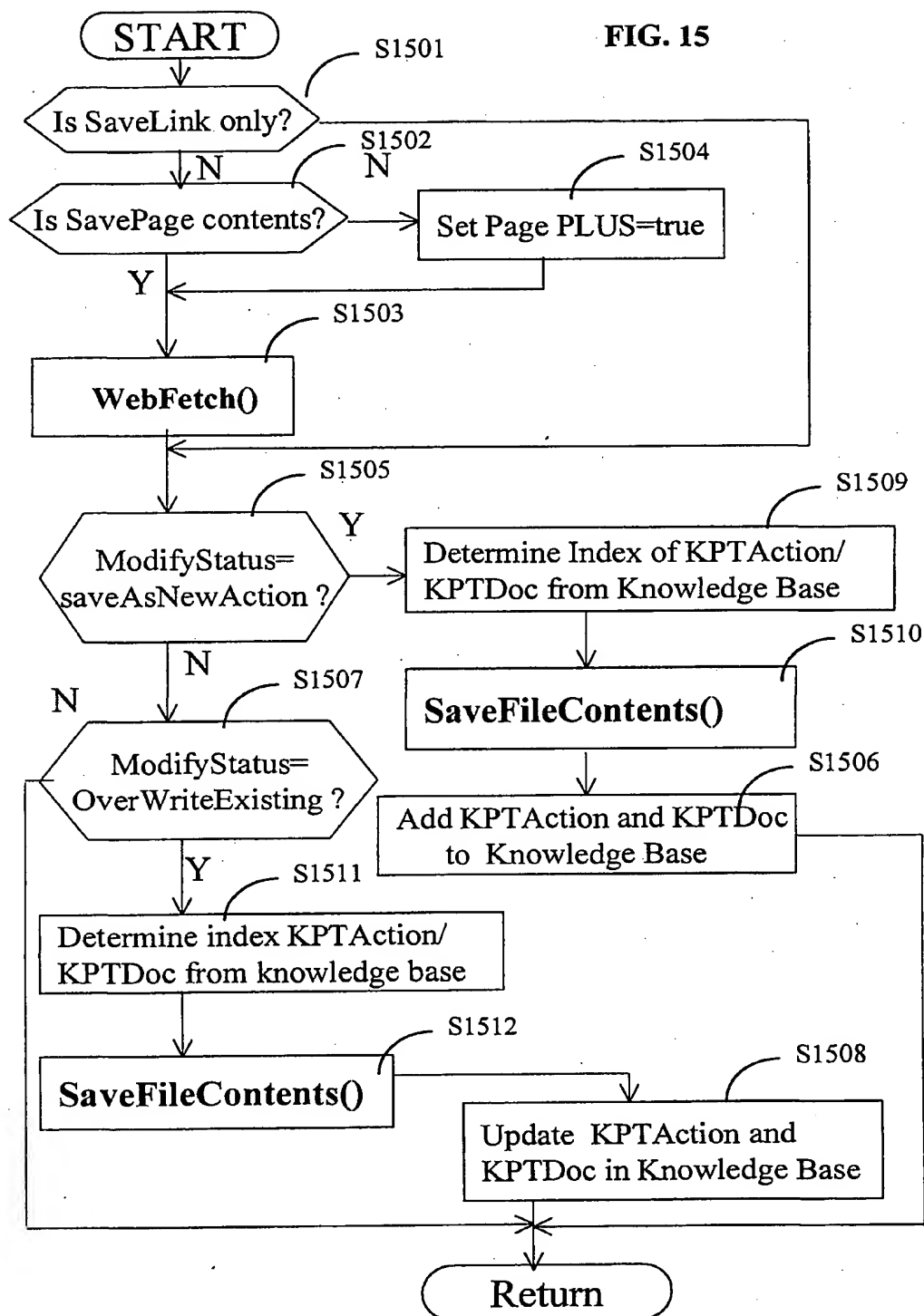
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FIG. 14



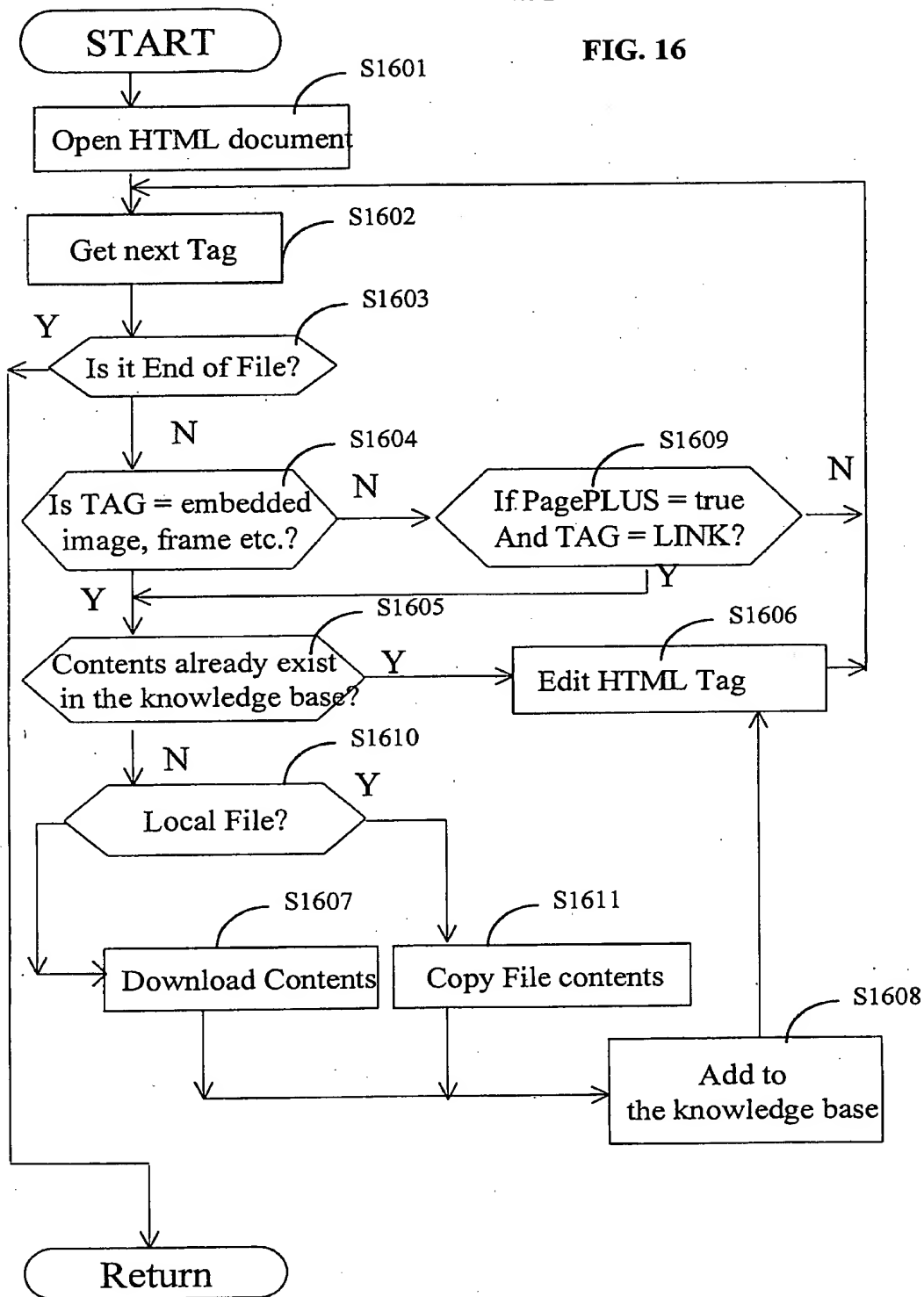
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FIG. 15



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FIG. 16



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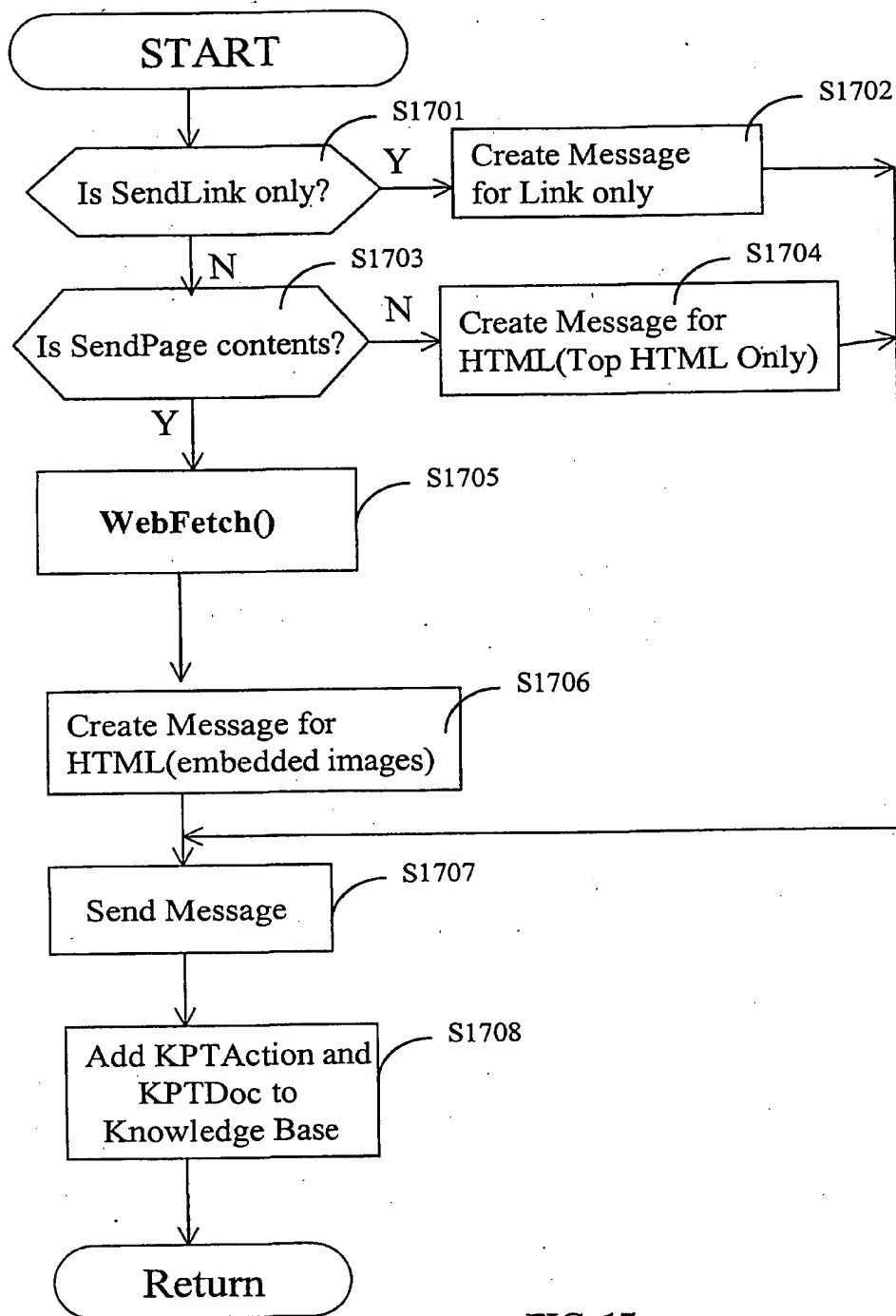


FIG. 17

18/91

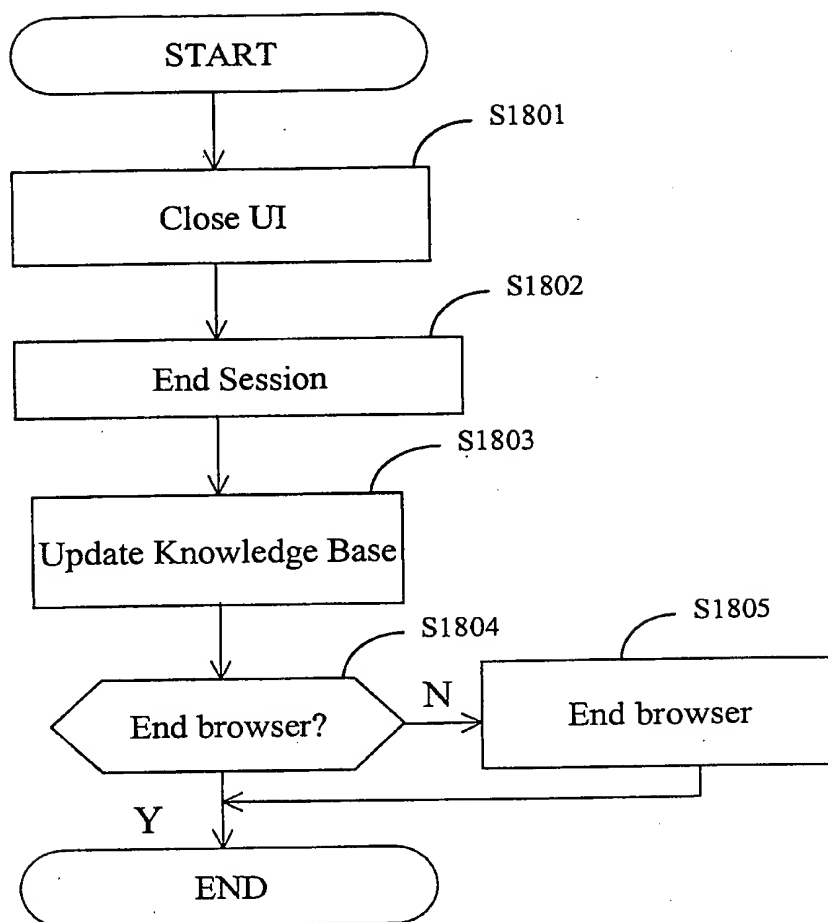


FIG. 18

19/91

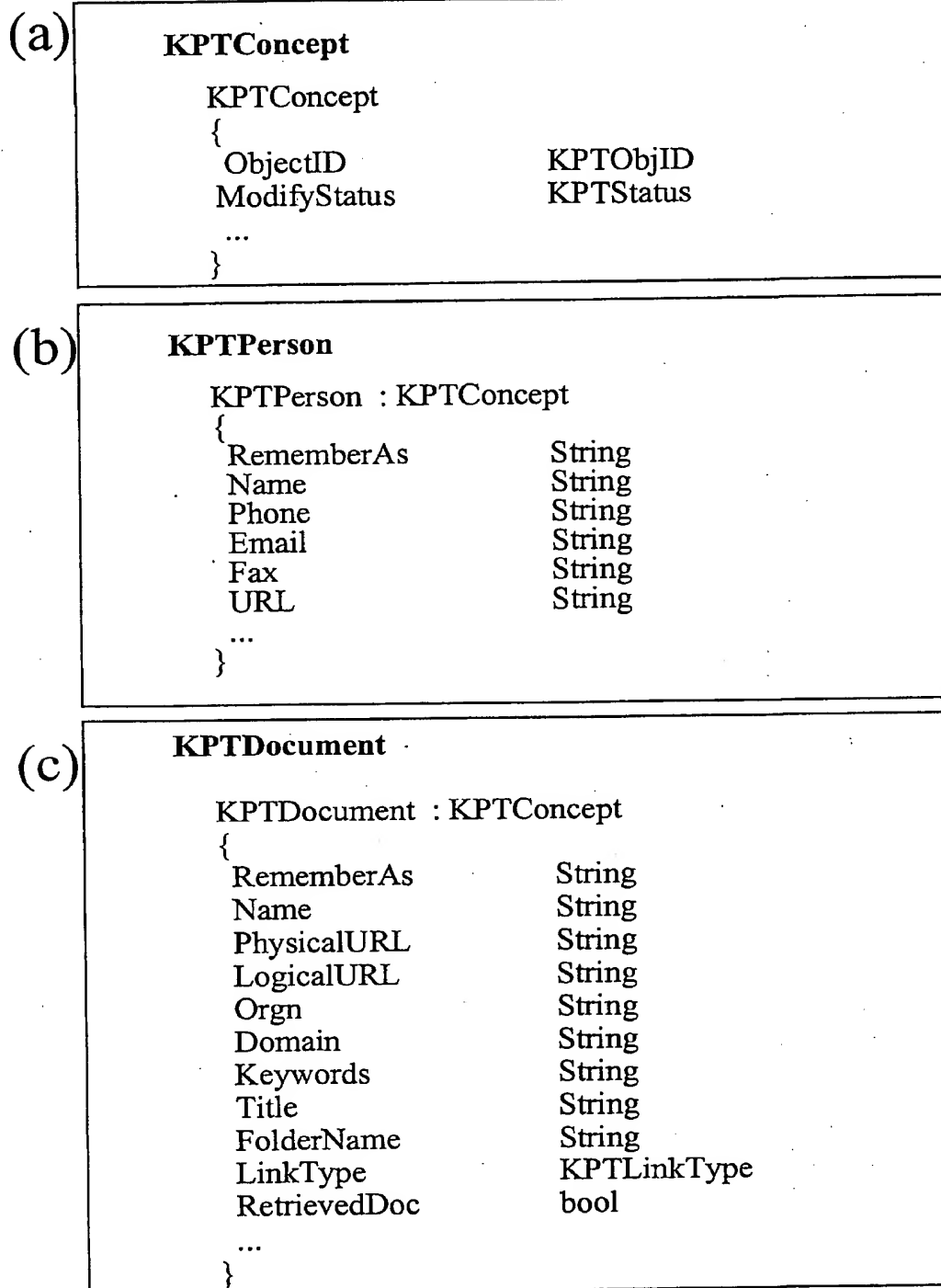


FIG. 19

20/91

(a)

KPTAction

KPTAction : KPTConcept

```

{
  Type           KPTActionType
  Actor          KPTPerson
  Object         KPTConcept //Doc or Action
  From           KPTConcept
  To             KPTConcept
  How            KPTInstrumentType
  WhenToDo       KPTTime
  WhenDone       KPTTime
  ConnectedTo    KPTConnenctionList
  SessionID      KPTObjID
  ActionStatus   KPTActSysStatus
  UserStatus     KPTUsrStatus
  ActImportance KPTImportance
  ...
}

```

(b)

KPTContent

KPTContent : KPTConcept

```

{
  URL           String
  FileName      String
  KPTDocID      KPTObjID
  ContentType   KPTMimeType
  ContentLength long
  ...
}

```

FIG. 20

(a)

21/91

KPTDoc Knowledge Base

ObjectID	KeepAs	LogicalURL	Orgn	Domain	Keywords	Folder	...
D630a816	Saora	saora.co.jp	saora	JP.CO	KPT, Yoko.	D630a816	...
D630a932	KPT	kpt.com	kpt	COM	KPT	D630a932	...
D630b232		kpt.com/faq	kpt	COM			...
D233x123	Saora	saora.com	saora	COM		D233x123	...
D133f822		sales.paltek.com	paltek, sales	COM	ALTERA, .	D133f822	...
D2340x13	HNS	sales.hns.ne.jp	hns, sales	JP.NE	Kiosk, India	D2340x13	...
...

(b)

KPTAction Knowledge Base

ObjectID	Type	KPTDocID	Done Time	SessionID	ValidTime	...
A238x231	StartSE		00/03/10 13:38:02			...
A238x123	Save	D630a816	00/03/10 13:38:22	A238x231	00/03/10~01/03/10	...
A238x232	QuickS	D630a932	00/03/10 14:18:42	A238x231	00/03/10~	...
A980o232	EndSE		00/03/10 14:20:15			...
A909u898	StartSE		00/04/19 12:12:00			...
A323f229	Hold	D630b232	00/04/19 12:22:13	A909u898	00/04/25~00/04/30	...
A902o230	EndSE		00/04/19 14:12:23			...
A721n292	StartSE		00/04/19 12:12:00			...
A723b232	Send	D630a816	00/04/19 12:12:23	A721n292		...
...

FIG. 21

(a)

22/91

KPTPerson Knowledge Base

ObjectID	KeepAs	Name	Email	Phone	Extracted	...
P324o902	Saora	Saora Inc.	support@saora.co...	04591398	saora.co...	...
P421y232	Kato	Nihon Kato	kato@saora.com			...
P234x234		HNS Inc.	siva@hns.com		hnsonie.com	...
...
						...
						...

(b)

KPTContent Knowledge Base

ObjectID	URL	Filename	KPTDocID	Content Type	ContLen	...
F232j233	saora.co.jp/logo.gif	logo.gif	D630a816	IMAGE/GIF	212	...
F802u233	saora.co.jp/jap.gif	jap.gif	D630a816	IMAGE/GIF	128	...
F232q897	kpt.com/img/logo.gif	logo1.gif	D630a932	IMAGE/GIF	232	...
F329x800	kpt.com/music/a.mid	a.mid	D630a932	MIME/MIDI	987	...
...
						...
						...

FIG. 22

23/91

Domain Knowledge Base

# Generic Domains	
.com,	.COM (Commercial Domains)
.edu,	.EDU (Educational Domains)
.gov,	US Government
.mil,	US Dept of Defense
.net,	.NET (Network Domains)
.org,	.ORG (Organization Domains)
# Country Code Domains	
.ac,	Ascension Island
.ad,	Andorra
.ae,	United Arab Emirates
.af,	Afghanistan
.ag,	Antigua and Barbuda
.ai,	Anguilla
.al,	Albania
.aq,	Antarctica
.jp	Japan
.ad.jp,	Administrative
.ac.jp,	Universities
.co.jp,	Commercial Organizations
.go.jp,	Government Organizations
.or.jp,	Non Commercial Organizations
.ne.jp,	ISP
.ru	Russia
.ac.ru,	Academic Community
.com.ru,	Commercial Organizations
.edu.ru,	Universities
.int.ru,	For public registration
.mil.ru,	Military Establishment
.net.ru,	Internet Service Providers
.org.ru,	Non Commercial Organizations
.pp.ru,	Private Person's domain
...	

FIG. 23

24/91

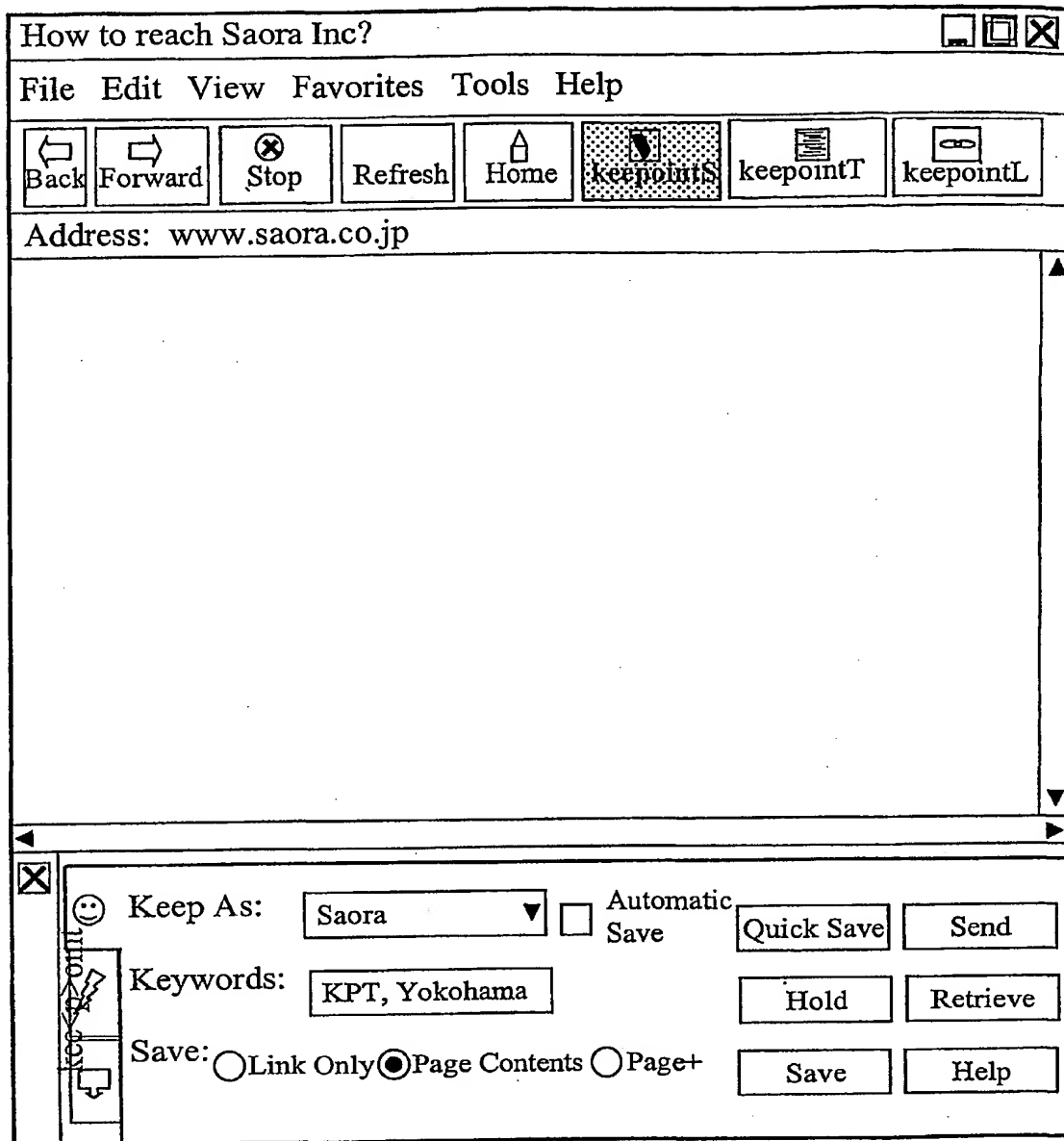


FIG. 24

25/91

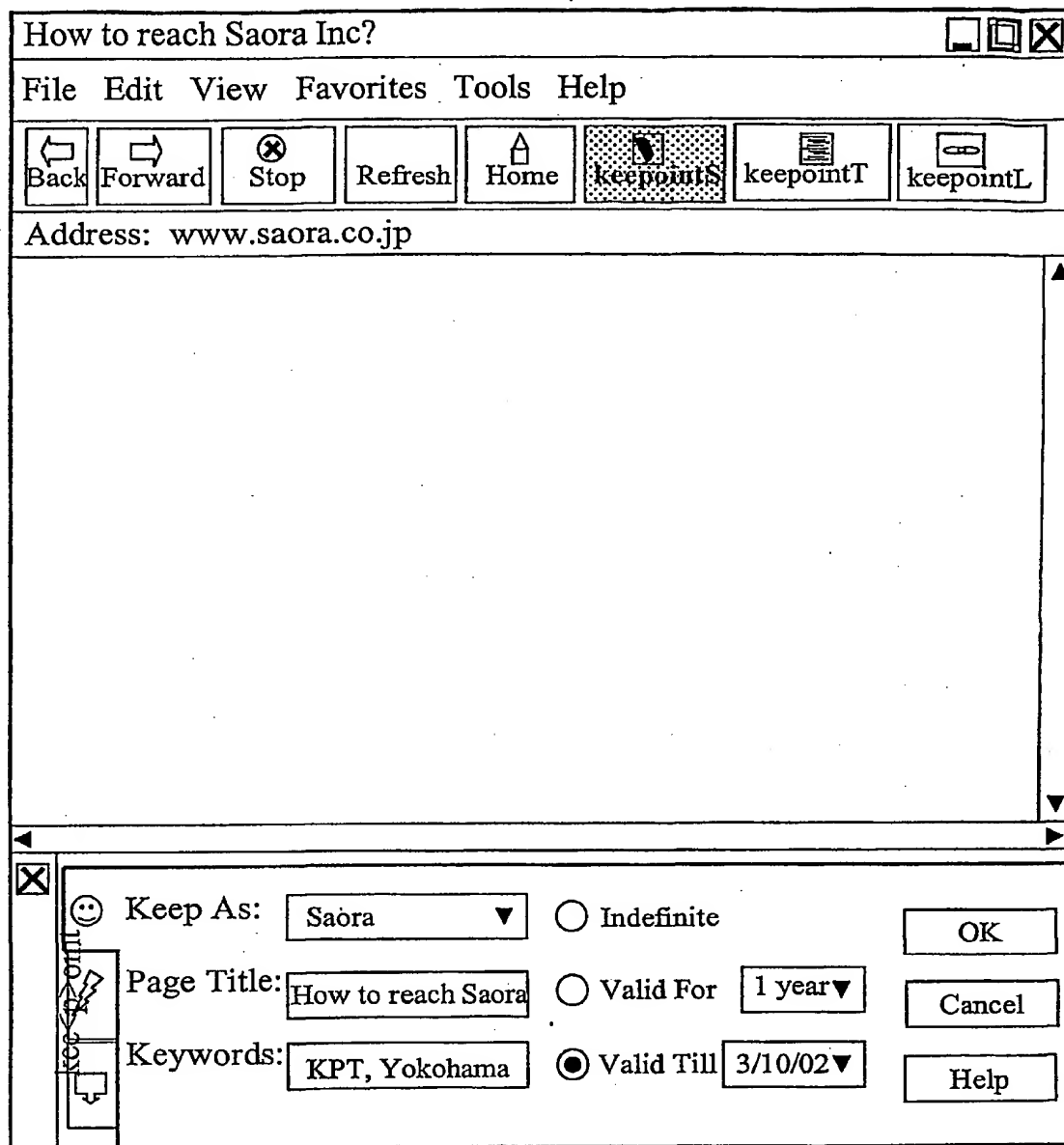


FIG. 25

26/91

(a)

```
KPTDocument11 =  
{  
    ObjectID = "D630a816"  
    RememberAs = ""  
    Name = ""  
    LogicalURL = "www.saora.co.jp"  
    PhysicalURL = ""  
    Orgn = ""  
    Domain = ""  
    Keywords = ""  
    Title = ""  
    FolderName = ""  
    LinkType = "  
    ...  
}
```

(b)

```
KPTAction11  
{  
    ObjectID = "A238x123"  
    Type = ""  
    Actor = "John Smith"  
    Object = "D630a816"  
    From = ""  
    To = ""  
    How = ""  
    WhenToDo = ""  
    WhenDone = ""  
    ConnectedTo = ""  
    SessionID = "A238x231"  
    ActionStatus = "PERFORMING"  
    ...  
}
```

FIG. 26

27/91

```

<html><head>
<title>How to reach Saora Inc.?</title>
<meta name="KEYWORD" content="KPT, Yokohama">
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=x-sjis">
</head>
<body bgcolor="#FFFFCC">
<table border="0" cellpadding="0" cellspacing="0" align="center"
width="906"> <tr>
  <td width="114" valign="top" align="center" height="24"
  rowspan="6"> </td></tr>
  <tr>
    <td width="828" valign="top" colspan="4" height="2">
      
    </tr>
  <tr>
    <td width="44" valign="top" height="2"><font color="#400040">
      <strong><big>Train</big></strong></font></td>
    <td width="573" valign="top" height="2"><ul>
      <li><font color="#0000FF">Tokyu Den-en Toshi Line ICHIGAO
      Station</font></li>
      <li><font color="#0000FF">Take Bus Nos. 305, 306 Izumita
      Mukai (1 Minute) OR 20 Minutes Walk from the Station</font></li>
    </ul></td> <td width="200" valign="top" height="2"></td>
    <td width="11" valign="top" height="2"></td></tr>
  <tr><td width="44" valign="top" height="2">
    <font color="#400040"><ul> <font color="#0000FF">
    <p>045-913-9820</p></ul></td>
    <td width="200" valign="top" height="2"></td>
    <td width="11" valign="top" height="2"></td></tr>
  <tr><td width="44" valign="top" height="2">
    <font color="#400040"></font></td>
    <td width="573" valign="top" height="2"><ul>
      <font color="#0000FF"><p>045-913-9821</p> </ul>
    </td> <td width="200" valign="top" height="2"></td>
    <td width="11" valign="top" height="2"></td></tr>...
</table>

```

FIG. 27

28/91

(a)

```
KPTContent11
{
    ObjectID = "F232j233"
    URL = "www.saora.co.jp/logo.gif"
    FileName= "logo.gif"
    KPTDocID = "D630a816"
    ContentType = 'IMAGE/GIF'
    ContLen = 212
    ...
}
```

(b)

```
KPTContent12
{
    ObjectID = "F802u233"
    URL = "www.saora.co.jp/jap.gif"
    FileName= "jap.gif"
    KPTDocID = "D630a816"
    ContentType = 'IMAGE/GIF'
    ContLen = 128
    ...
}
```

FIG. 28

29/91

```

<html><head>
<title>How to reach Saora Inc.?</title>
<meta name="KEYWORD" content="KPT, Yokohama">
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=x-sjis">
</head>
<body bgcolor="#FFFFCC">
<table border="0" cellpadding="0" cellspacing="0" align="center"
width="906"><tr>
  <td width="114" valign="top" align="center" height="24"
  rowspan="6"> 
</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td width="828" valign="top" colspan="4" height="2">

</tr>
<tr>
  <td width="44" valign="top" height="2"><font color="#400040">
<strong><big>Train</big></strong></font></td>
  <td width="573" valign="top" height="2"><ul>
    <li><font color="#0000FF">Tokyu Den-en Toshi Line ICHIGAO
    Station</font></li>
    <li><font color="#0000FF">Take Bus Nos. 305, 306 Izumita
    Mukai (1 Minute)
    OR 20 Minutes Walk from the Station</font> </li></ul></td>
  <td width="200" valign="top" height="2"></td>
  <td width="11" valign="top" height="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td width="44" valign="top" height="2"><font color="#400040">
<ul><font color="#0000FF"><p>045-913-9820</font> </p></ul>
</td> <td width="200" valign="top" height="2"></td>
  <td width="11" valign="top" height="2"></td></tr>
<tr>
  <td width="44" valign="top" height="2"><font color="#400040">
</font></td>
  <td width="573" valign="top" height="2"><ul>
    <font color="#0000FF"><p>045-913-9821</font> </p> </ul>
</td> <td width="200" valign="top" height="2"></td>
  <td width="11" valign="top" height="2"></td></tr>...
</table>

```

FIG. 29

30/91

(a)

KPTDocument11 =

{

ObjectID = "D630a816"

RememberAs = "Saora"

Name = ""

LogicalURL = "www.saora.co.jp"

PhysicalURL = ""

Orgn = "saora"

Domain = "JP.CO"

Keywords = "KPT, Yokohama"

Title = "How to reach Saora Inc.?"

FolderName = "D630a816"

LinkType = 'Page Contents'

...

}

(b)

KPTAction11

{

ObjectID = "A238x123"

Type = "Save"

Actor = "John Smith"

Object = "D630a816"

From = ""

To = ""

How = ""

WhenToDo = "00/03/10 ~ 01/03/10"

WhenDone = "00/03/10 13:38:22"

ConnectedTo = ""

SessionID = "A238x231"

ActionStatus = "USRDONE"

ModifyStatus = saveAsNewAction

...

}

FIG. 30

31/91

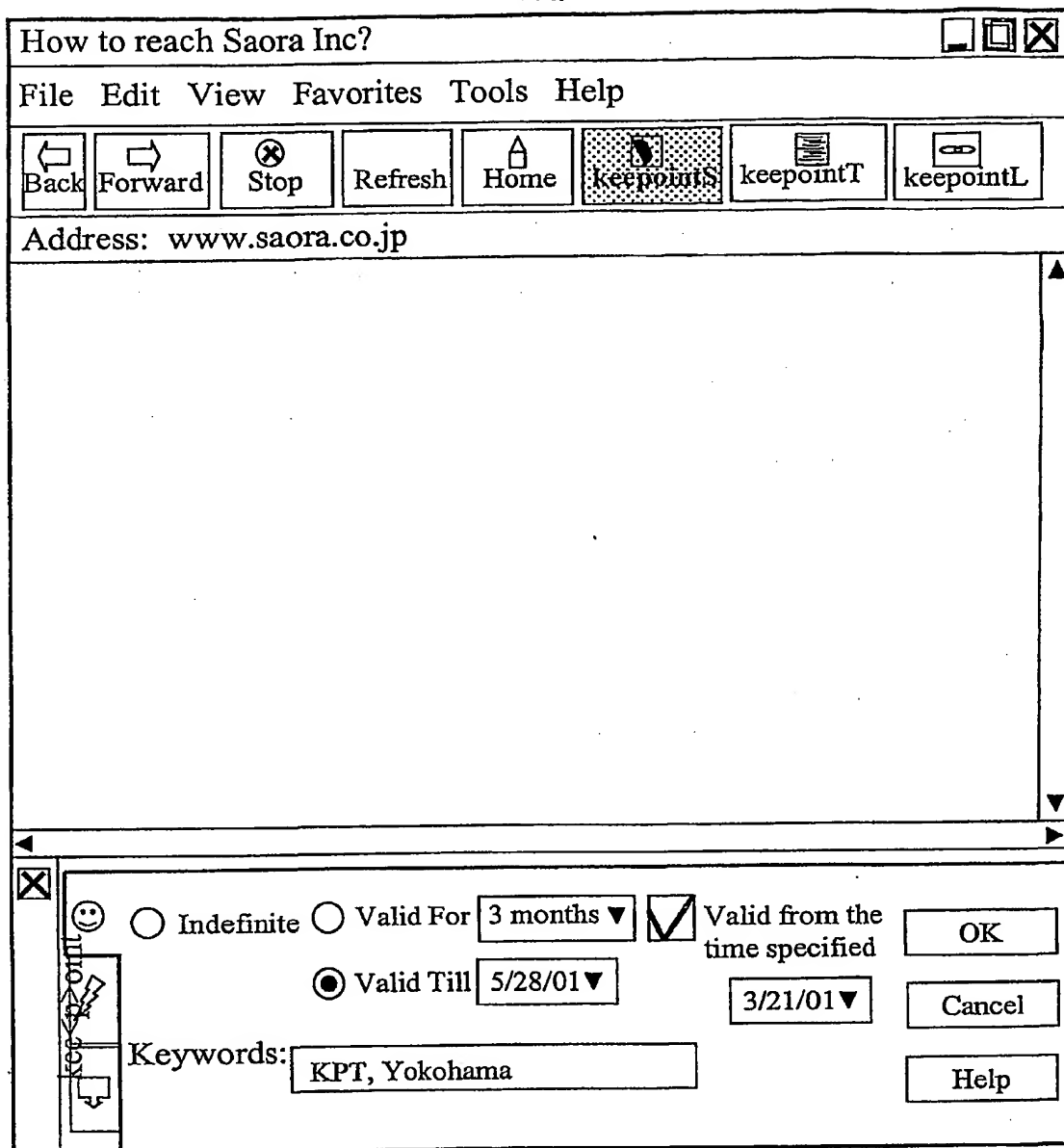


FIG. 31

32/91

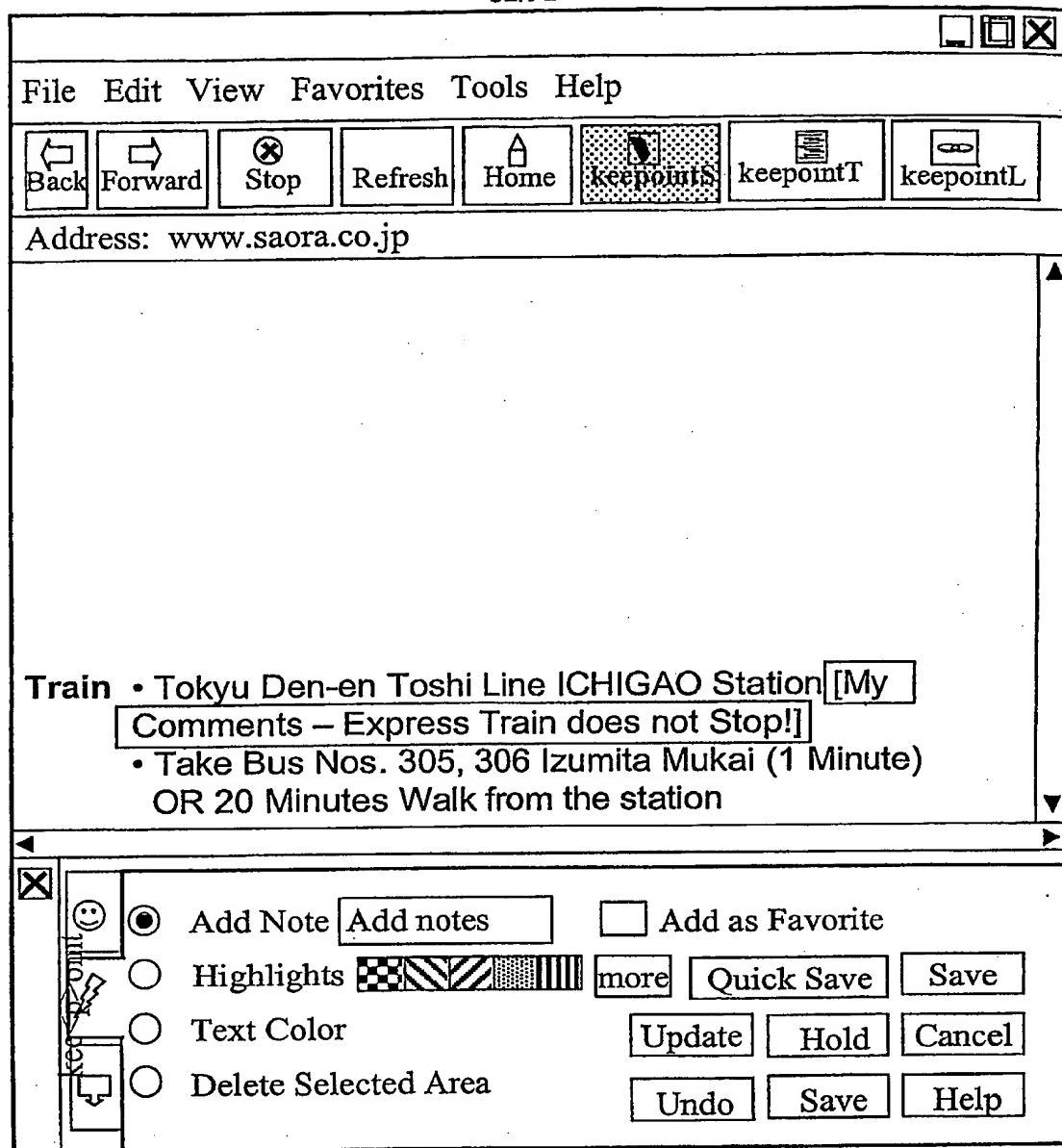


FIG. 32

33/91

```

<html><head>
<title>How to reach Saora Inc.?</title>
<meta name="KEYWORD" content="KPT, Yokohama">
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=x-sjis">
</head>
<body bgcolor="#FFFFCC">
<table border="0" cellpadding="0" cellspacing="0" align="center"
width="906">
  <tr>
    <td width="114" valign="top" align="center" height="24"
rowspan="6">
      </td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td width="828" valign="top" colspan="4" height="2">
        
      </tr>
    <tr>
      <td width="44" valign="top" height="2"><font color="#400040">
        <strong><big>Train</big></strong></font></td>
      <td width="573" valign="top" height="2"><ul>
        <li><font color="#0000FF">Tokyu Den-en Toshi Line ICHIGAO
Station
        <SPAN class="KPT" style="COLOR: #ff0000" id=ID 0027202
        [My Comments- Express Train does not Stop. ] </SPAN>
        </font></li> <li><font color="#0000FF">Take Bus Nos. 305, 306
Izumita Mukai
        (1 Minute) OR 20 Minutes Walk from the Station</font>
        </li></ul></td></font> </li></ul></td>
      <td width="200" valign="top" height="2"></td>
      <td width="11" valign="top" height="2"></td></tr>
    <tr><td width="44" valign="top" height="2">
      <font color="#400040"><ul>
        <font color="#0000FF"><p>045-913-9820</font> </p></ul></td>
      <td width="200" valign="top" height="2"></td>
      <td width="11" valign="top" height="2"></td></tr>
    <tr>
      <td width="44" valign="top" height="2"><font color="#400040">
</font></td>
      <td width="573" valign="top" height="2"><ul>
        <font color="#0000FF"><p>045-913-9821</font> </p> </ul></td>
      <td width="200" valign="top" height="2"></td>
      <td width="11" valign="top" height="2"></td></tr>
    ...
  </table>

```

FIG. 33

34/91

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the following elements:

- Address Bar:** www.saora.co.jp
- Message Content:**
 - Train** • Tokyu Den-en Toshi Line ICHIGAO Station [My
 - Comments – Express Train does not Stop!]**
 - Take Bus Nos. 305, 306 Izumita Mukai (1 Minute)
 - OR 20 Minutes Walk from the station
- Bottom Panel (Email/Message Form):**
 - To:** Smith@saora.com
 - Subject:** How to reach Saora?
 - cc:** Nihon Taro
 - Note:** Please find enclosed herewith
 - ☐ Windows AB
 - Send** **Link Only**
 - Buttons:** Send, Cancel, Help

FIG. 34

35/91

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title "How to reach Saora Inc?". The address bar displays "www.saora.co.jp". The main content area contains the following text:

Train • Tokyu Den-en Toshi Line ICHIGAO Station
• Take Bus Nos. 305, 306 Izumita Mukai (1 Minute)
OR 20 Minutes Walk from the station

Tel: 045-913-9820
Fax: 045-913-9821

An "Extract Data" dialog box is open in the foreground. It contains the following fields and buttons:

- Keep As:** Saora
- Name:** Saora Inc
- Phone:** 045-913-982
- Fax:** (empty field)
- Email:** (empty field)
- Memo:** (empty text area)
- Buttons:** Save, Cancel, Help

A line connects the "Fax" field in the dialog box to the "Fax:" label in the main content area.

FIG. 35

36/91

(a) KPTPerson31 =
{
 ObjectID = "P324o902"
 RememberAs = "Saora"
 Name = "Saora Inc."
 Email = "support@saora.co.jp"
 Phone = "045-913-9820"
 Fax = "045-913-9821"
 ExtractedFrom = "www.saora.co.jp"
 ...
}

(b) KPTAction31
{
 ObjectID = "A324i213"
 Type = "ExtractData"
 Actor = "John Smith"
 Object = "P324o902"
 From = ""
 To = ""
 How = ""
 WhenToDo = ""
 WhenDone = "00/04/19 18:22:10"
 ConnectedTo = ""
 SessionID = "A902y134"
 ActionStatus = "USRDONE"
 ModifyStatus = saveAsNewAction
 ...
}

FIG. 36

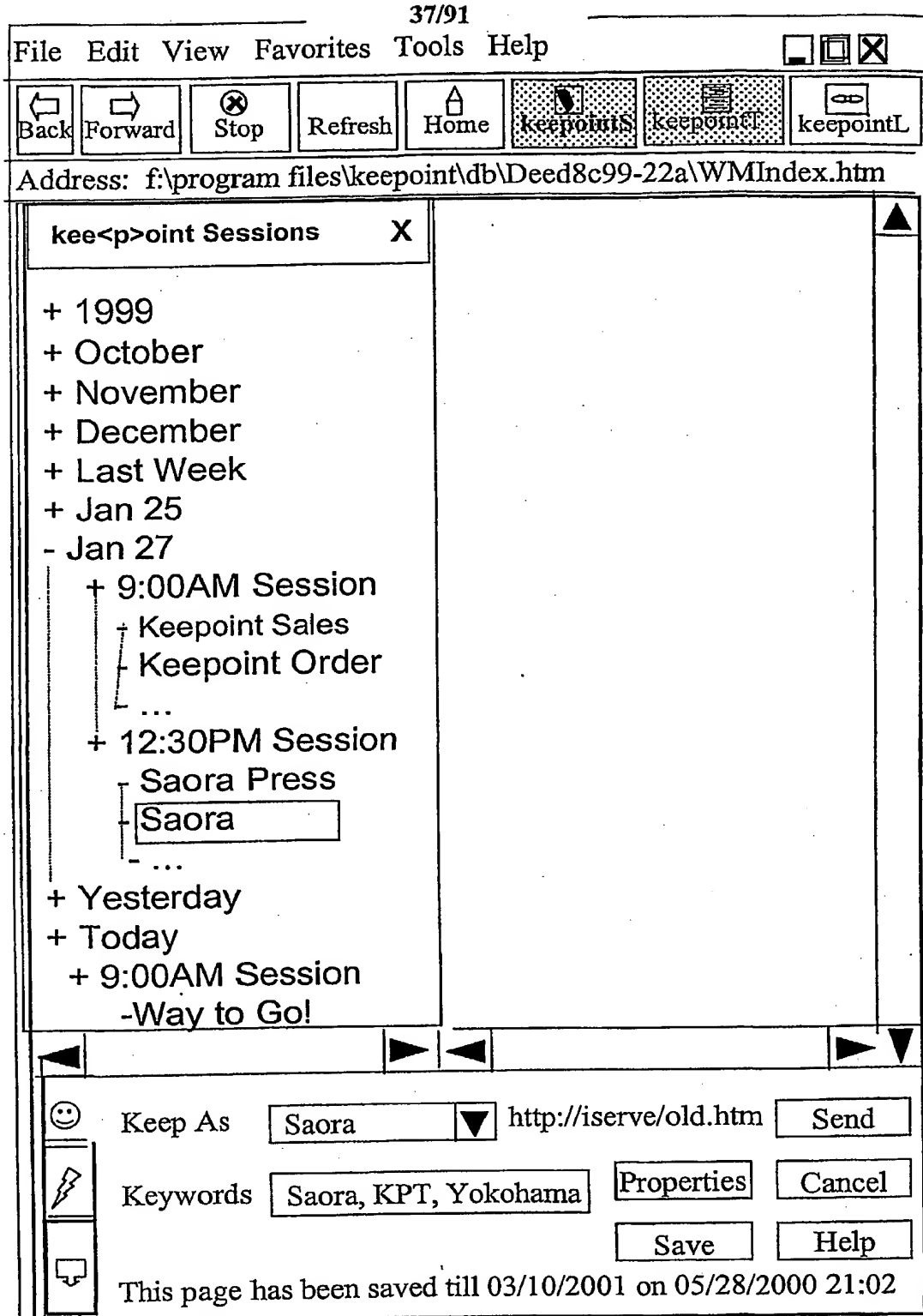


FIG. 37

38/91

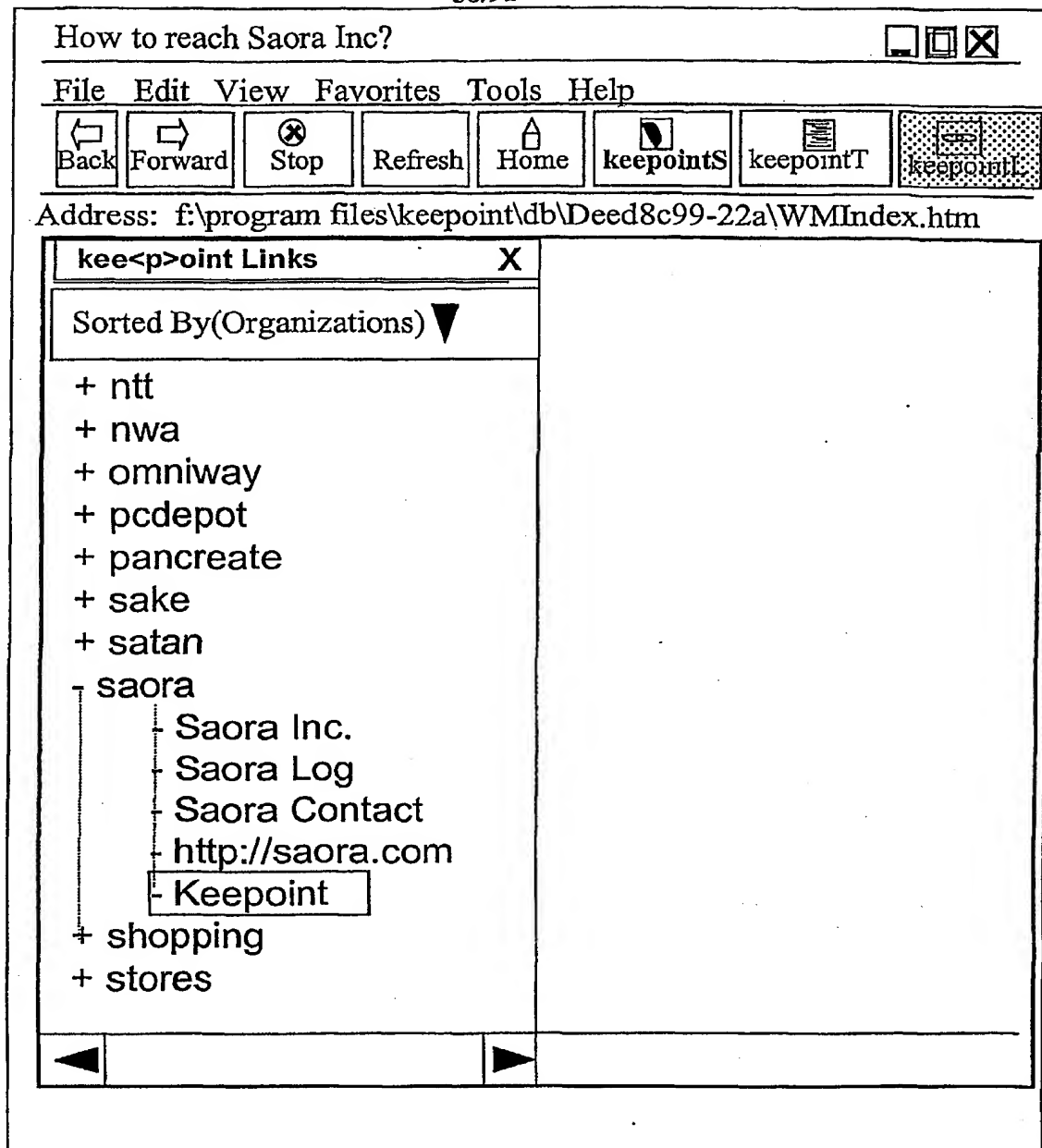


FIG. 38

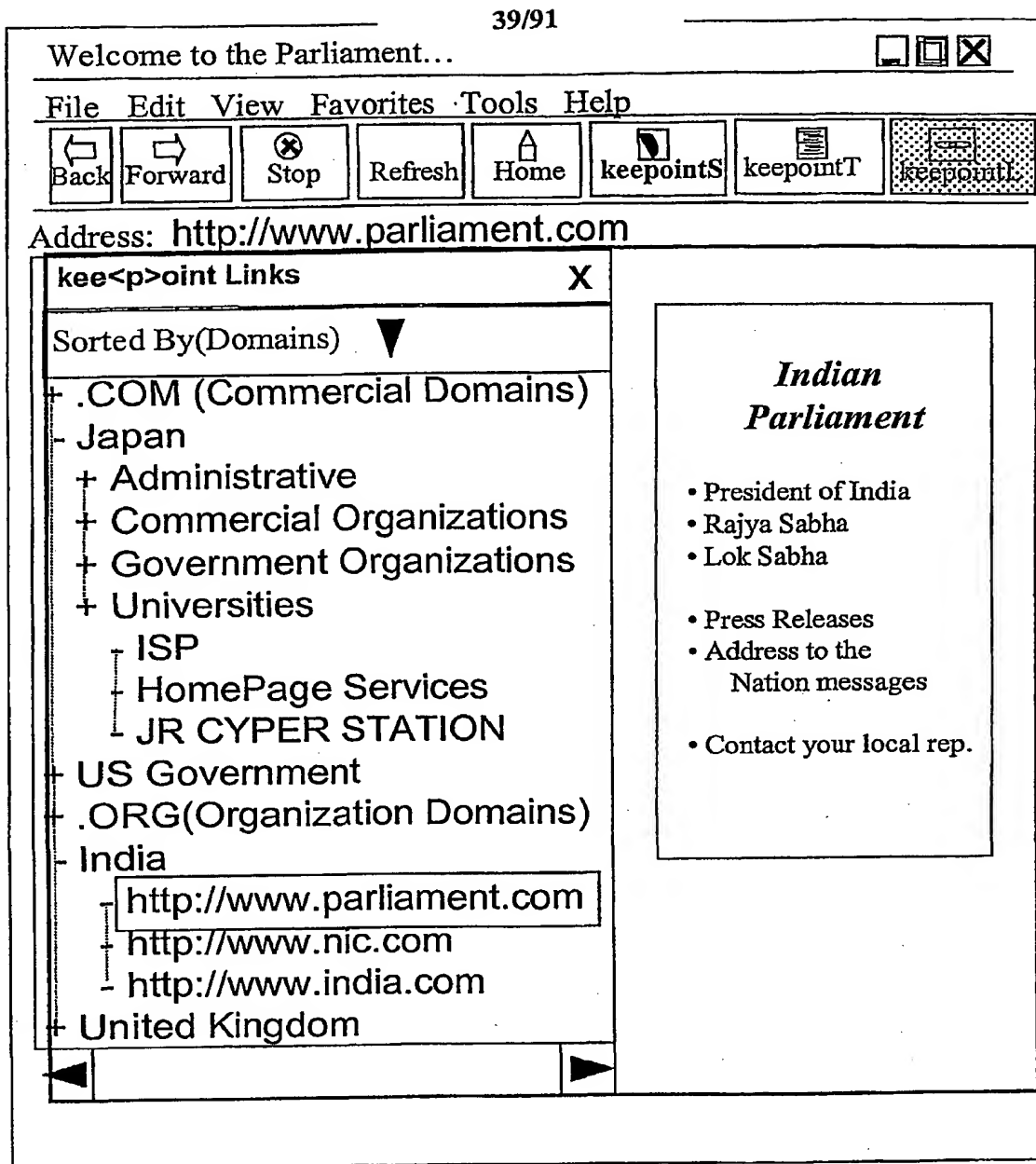


FIG. 39

40/91

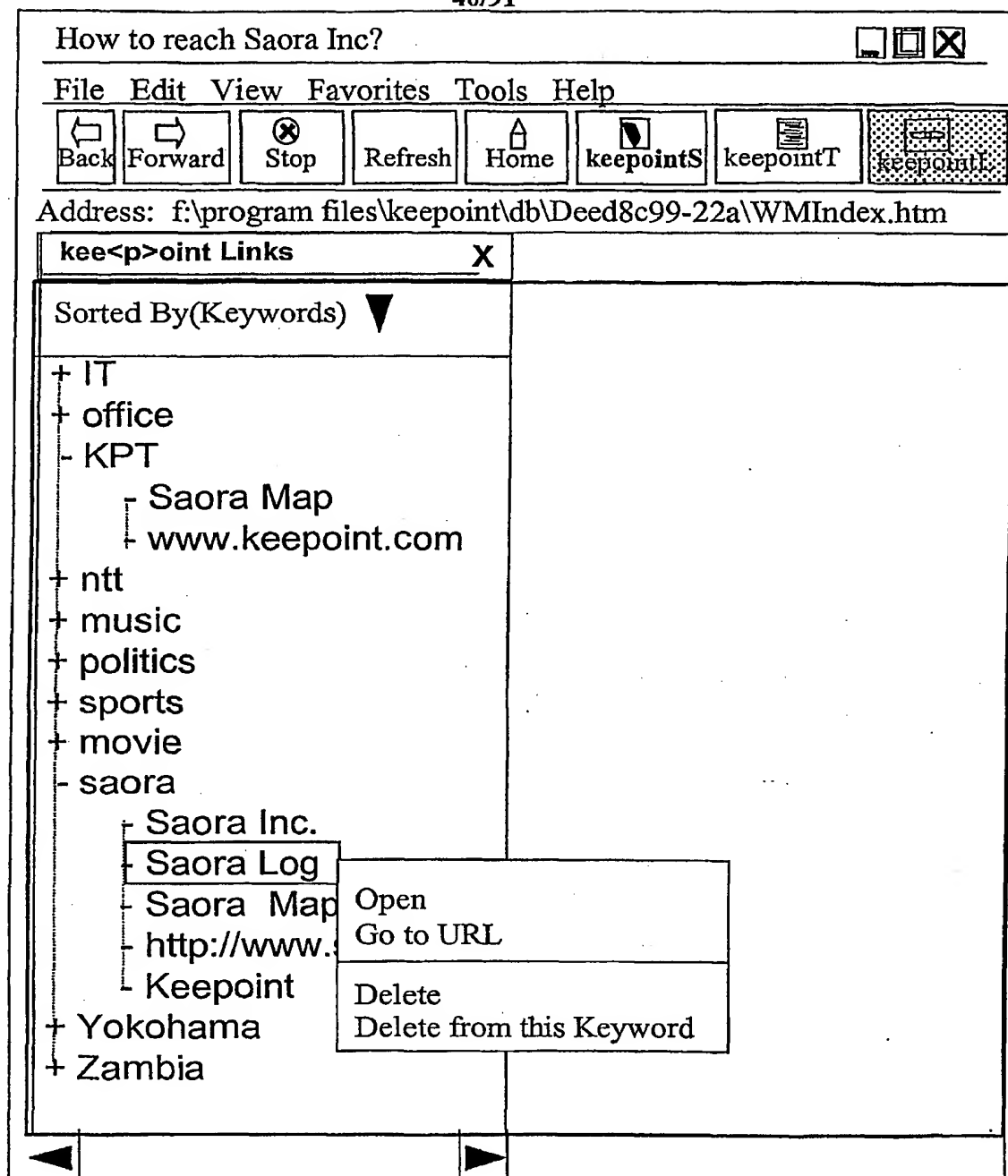


FIG. 40

41/91

Find Pages & Links □ □ X

File View Help

Please specify the search constraints

Which

☐ I browsed ▼ ☐ between 2/20/00 ▼ & 2/20/00 ▼

☒ During the previous 1 month ▼

Which I

☒ Saved or Quick Saved ☐ Put on Hold ☐ Sent to someone

With attributes:

Whose 'Keep As' starts with: ▼

Whose 'Title' starts with: ▼

Whose 'URL' starts with: ▼

Has 'Keywords': ▼

Search for:

☐ Pages with content only ☒ All

Find Now

Stop

New

Close

Delete

Help

55 Entries(s) found

Keep As	URL	Action	Performed On	Valid Till
	http://www.yahoo.com	Quick Saved	02/03/00	
	http://www.saora.com	Quick Saved	02/04/00	
Saora	http://iserve/old/map.htm	Saved	05/28/00	03/10/01
	http://www.msn.com	On Hold	02/08/00	03/04/01

FIG. 41

42/91

Page Details □ □ ×

Keep As:

Title:

Keywords:

URL:

Valid

☒ from ▼ till ▼

☐ For the next ▼

This page has been saved till 4/20/2001 on 6/20/200 20:06

FIG. 42

43/91

Find Extracted Data

FileViewHelp

Please specify the search constraints:

Whose 'Keep As' starts with:

s

Whose 'Name' starts with:

Which was Extracted:

☒ All

☐ between

5/20/200

&

5/20/200

☐ During the previous

1 month

Find Now

Stop

New Search

Close

Delete

Help

1 Entries(s) found

Keep As	Name	Email	Phone	Fax	Memo
smith@saora.com	s	smith@saora.com			

FIG. 43

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

44/91

Extracted Data					
File View Help					
Total Entries = 4		Add New	Delete	Close	Help
Keep As	Name	Email	Phone	Fax	Memo
Equator Techno...	Equator ...	jobs@eq..	070-765		Equator..
Investor Relations	Investor..	John@sa..	090-555		operation
PC98 Related	PC98 Related		090-532		PC98 ..
Customer Support	Customer		045-762		amount

FIG. 44

45/91

Please Enter the Details □ □ ×

Keep As:

Name:

Email:

Phone:

Fax:

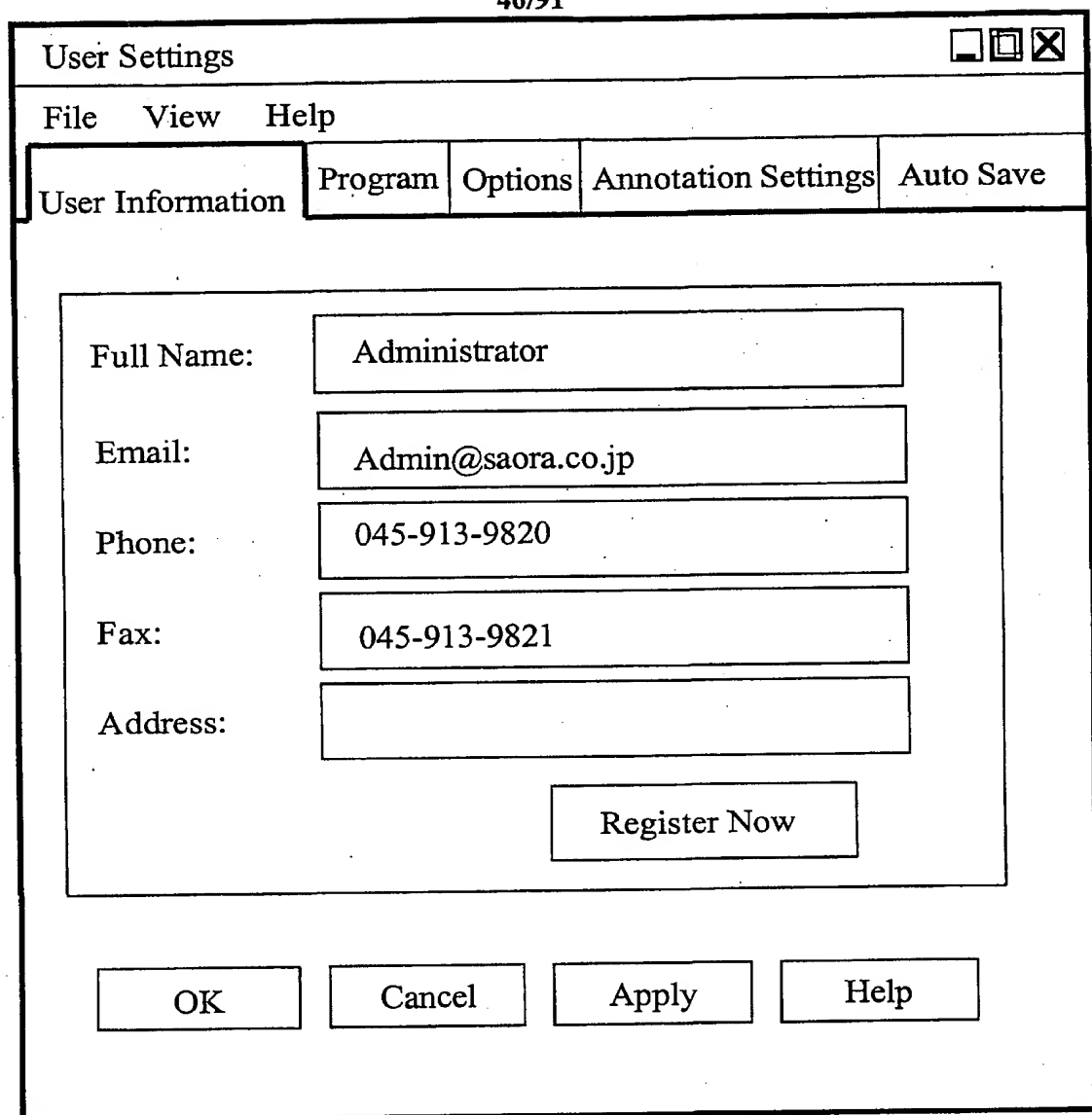
Memo:

▲

▼

FIG. 45

46/91

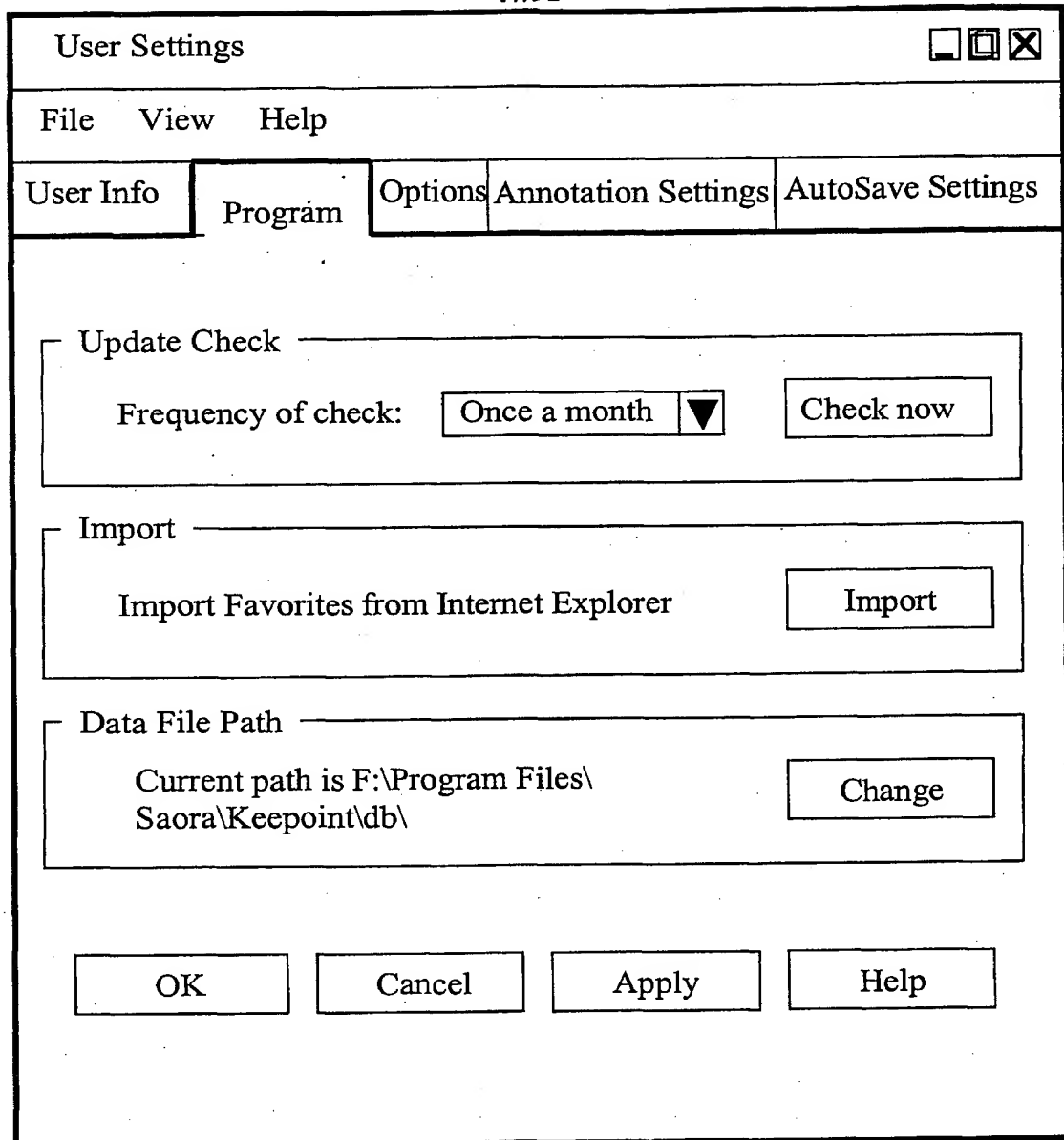


The image shows a 'User Settings' dialog box with a standard Windows-style title bar and window controls. It features a menu bar with 'File', 'View', and 'Help'. Below the menu bar is a tabbed interface with five tabs: 'User Information' (selected), 'Program', 'Options', 'Annotation Settings', and 'Auto Save'. The 'User Information' tab contains a form with five labeled input fields: 'Full Name' (containing 'Administrator'), 'Email' (containing 'Admin@saora.co.jp'), 'Phone' (containing '045-913-9820'), 'Fax' (containing '045-913-9821'), and 'Address' (empty). A 'Register Now' button is positioned below the 'Address' field. At the bottom of the dialog are four buttons: 'OK', 'Cancel', 'Apply', and 'Help'.

User Settings	
File View Help	
User Information	Program Options Annotation Settings Auto Save
Full Name:	Administrator
Email:	Admin@saora.co.jp
Phone:	045-913-9820
Fax:	045-913-9821
Address:	
Register Now	
OK	Cancel Apply Help

FIG. 46

47/91

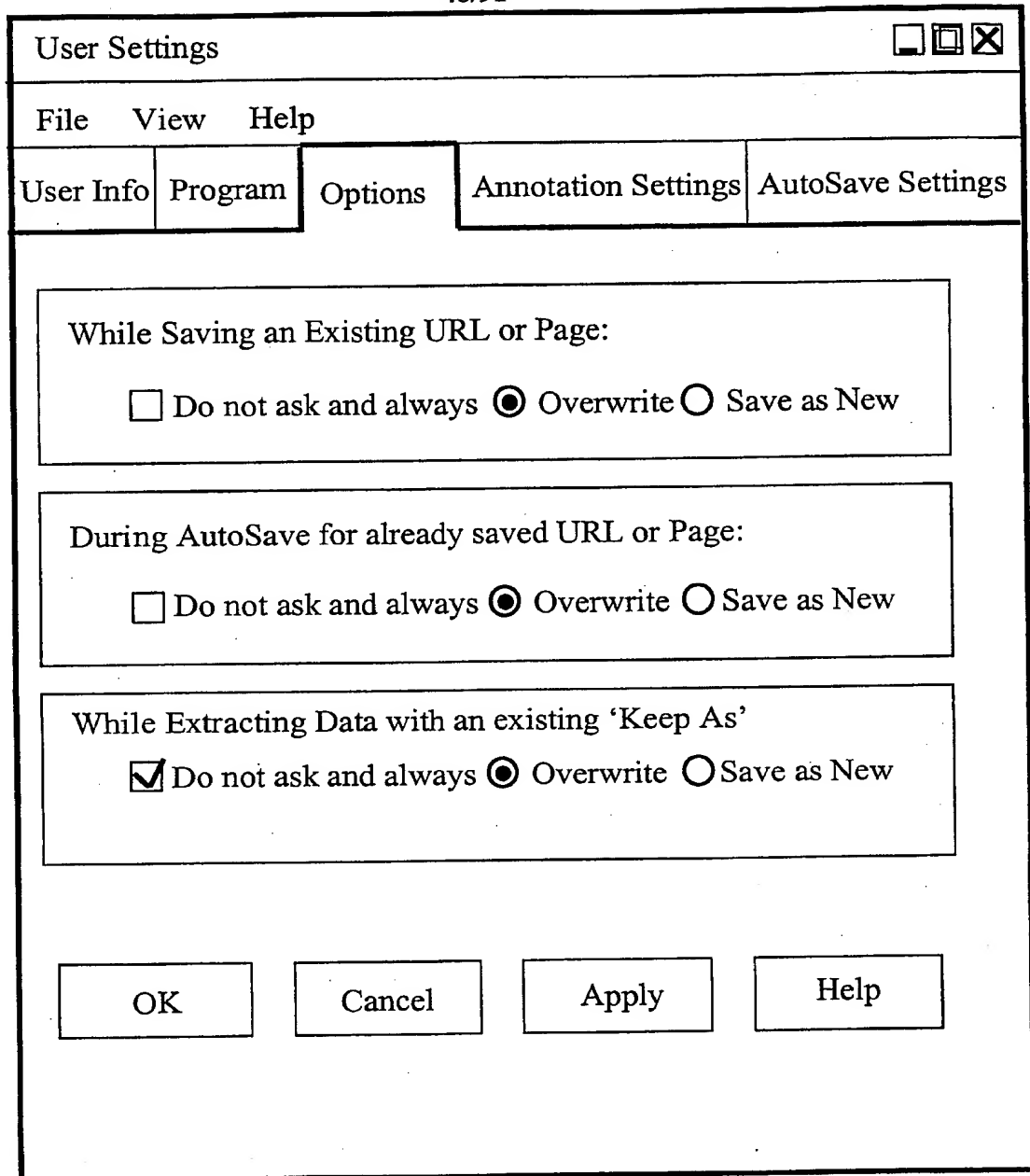


The image shows a 'User Settings' dialog box with a standard Windows-style title bar and window controls. It features a menu bar with 'File', 'View', and 'Help'. Below the menu bar is a tabbed interface with five tabs: 'User Info', 'Program', 'Options', 'Annotation Settings', and 'AutoSave Settings'. The 'Options' tab is currently selected. The main content area is divided into three sections: 'Update Check' with a frequency dropdown set to 'Once a month' and a 'Check now' button; 'Import' with a button labeled 'Import Favorites from Internet Explorer' and an 'Import' button; and 'Data File Path' showing the current path 'F:\Program Files\Saora\Keepoint\db\' and a 'Change' button. At the bottom, there are four buttons: 'OK', 'Cancel', 'Apply', and 'Help'.

User Settings				
File View Help				
User Info	Program	Options	Annotation Settings	AutoSave Settings
<p>Update Check</p> <p>Frequency of check: Once a month ▼ Check now</p> <p>Import</p> <p>Import Favorites from Internet Explorer Import</p> <p>Data File Path</p> <p>Current path is F:\Program Files\Saora\Keepoint\db\ Change</p> <p>OK Cancel Apply Help</p>				

FIG. 47

48/91



The image shows a 'User Settings' dialog box with a standard Windows-style title bar and window controls. It features a menu bar with 'File', 'View', and 'Help'. Below the menu bar is a tabbed interface with five tabs: 'User Info', 'Program', 'Options' (which is currently selected), 'Annotation Settings', and 'AutoSave Settings'. The 'Options' tab contains three distinct sections, each with a title and three radio button options: 'Do not ask and always', 'Overwrite', and 'Save as New'. The first section, 'While Saving an Existing URL or Page:', has 'Overwrite' selected. The second section, 'During AutoSave for already saved URL or Page:', also has 'Overwrite' selected. The third section, 'While Extracting Data with an existing 'Keep As'', has 'Do not ask and always' selected. At the bottom of the dialog are four buttons: 'OK', 'Cancel', 'Apply', and 'Help'.

User Settings

File View Help

User Info Program Options Annotation Settings AutoSave Settings

While Saving an Existing URL or Page:

☐ Do not ask and always ☒ Overwrite ☐ Save as New

During AutoSave for already saved URL or Page:

☐ Do not ask and always ☒ Overwrite ☐ Save as New

While Extracting Data with an existing 'Keep As'

☒ Do not ask and always ☒ Overwrite ☐ Save as New

OK Cancel Apply Help

FIG. 48

49/91

User Settings □ □ ×


File View Help

User Info Program Options Annotation Settings AutoSave Settings

Default Annotation Text

Annotation Demarkers:

- ☒ []
- ☐ ()
- ☐ { }
- ☐ < >

Annotation Text Color 

OK Cancel Apply Help

FIG. 49

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The image shows a 'User Settings' dialog box with a title bar containing standard window controls. Below the title bar is a menu bar with 'File', 'View', and 'Help'. A tabbed interface is present with tabs for 'User Info', 'Program', 'Options', 'Annotation Settings', and 'AutoSave Settings'. The 'AutoSave Settings' tab is active, displaying a text area with the instruction: 'Please specify the URL(s) that you would like to exclude During AutoSave:'. Below this, there is a 'Specify URL:' label followed by a text input field containing 'http://'. To the right of this field is an 'Add To List' button. Below the input field is a larger text area containing 'http://www.yahoo.com'. To the right of this area is a 'Delete' button. At the bottom of the dialog are four buttons: 'OK', 'Cancel', 'Apply', and 'Help'.

User Settings

File View Help

User Info Program Options Annotation Settings AutoSave Settings

Please specify the URL(s) that you would like to exclude
During AutoSave:

Specify URL: http://

Add To List

http://www.yahoo.com

Delete

OK Cancel Apply Help

FIG. 50

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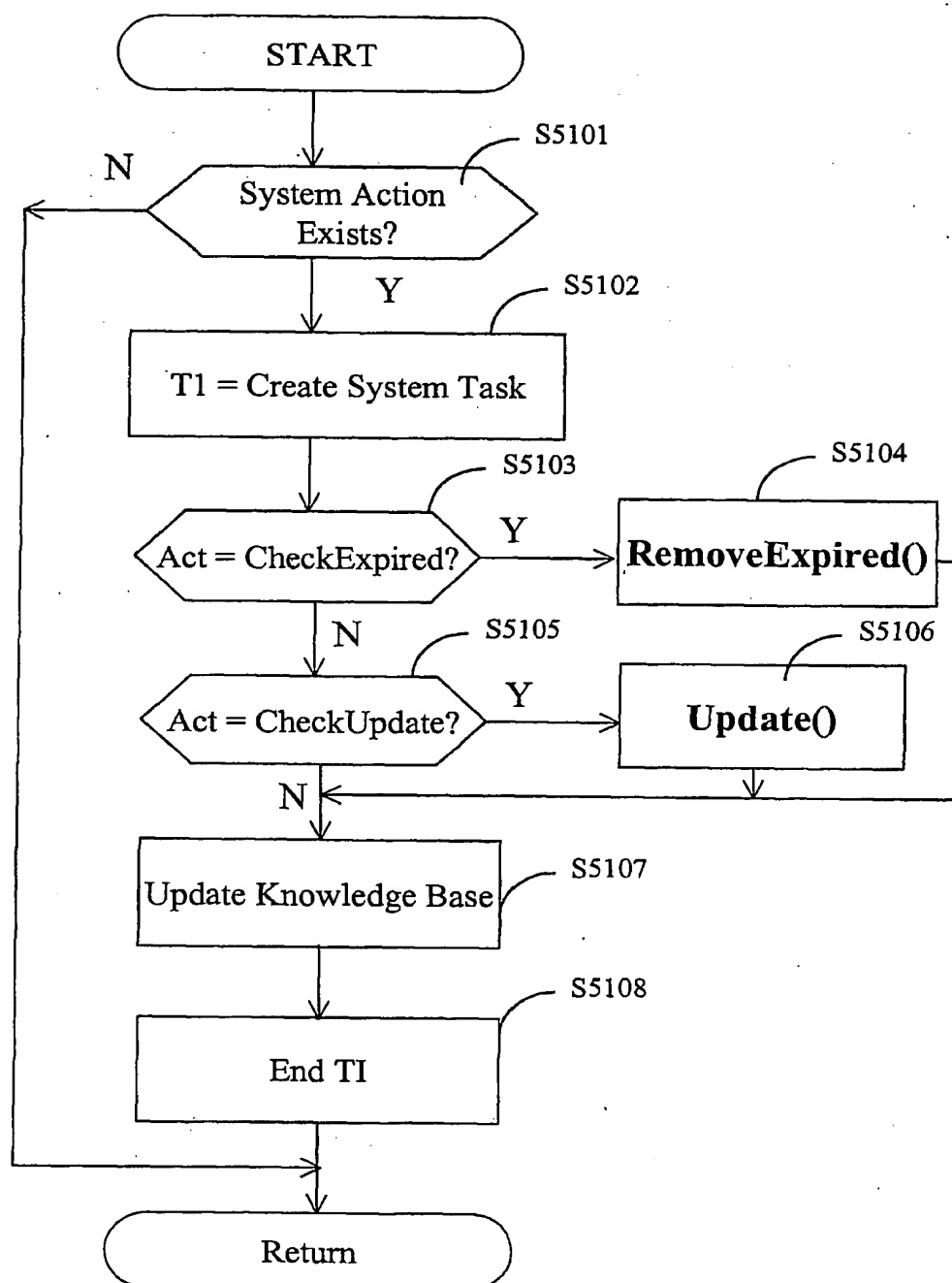


FIG. 51

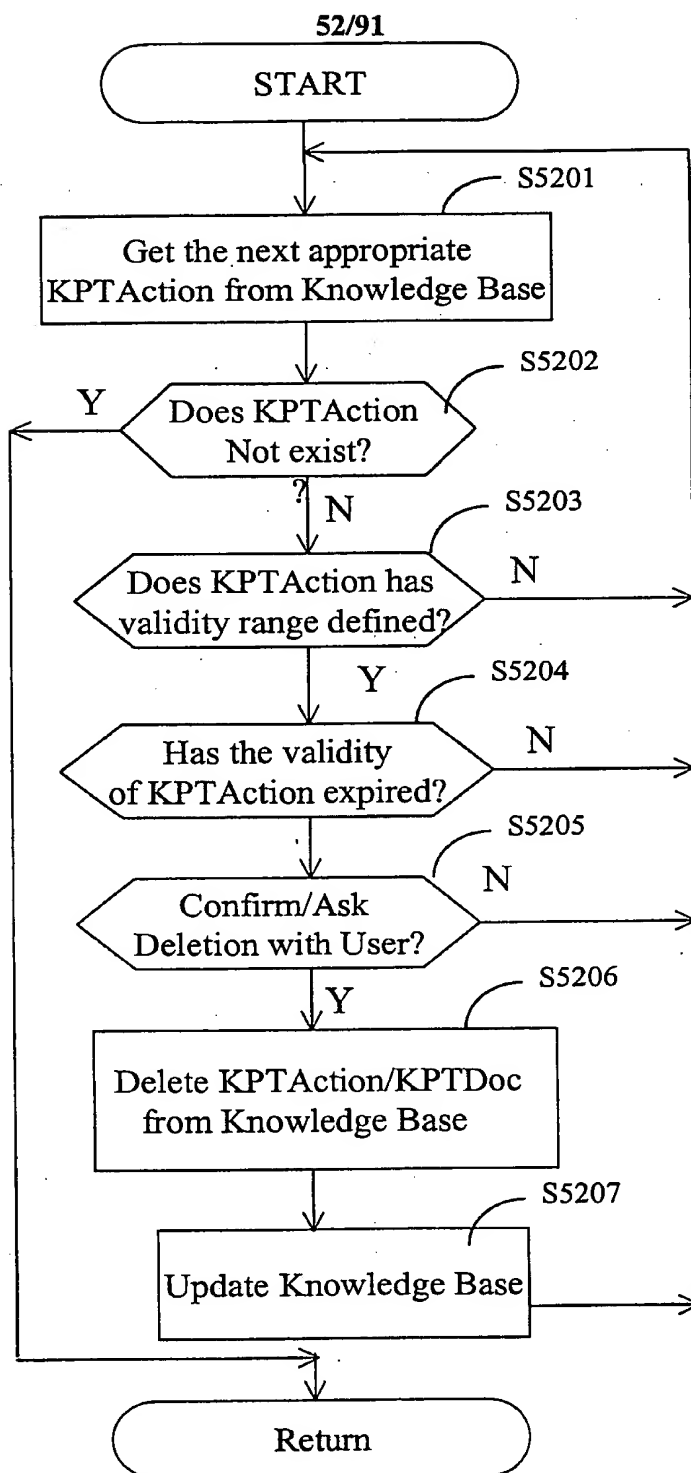


FIG. 52

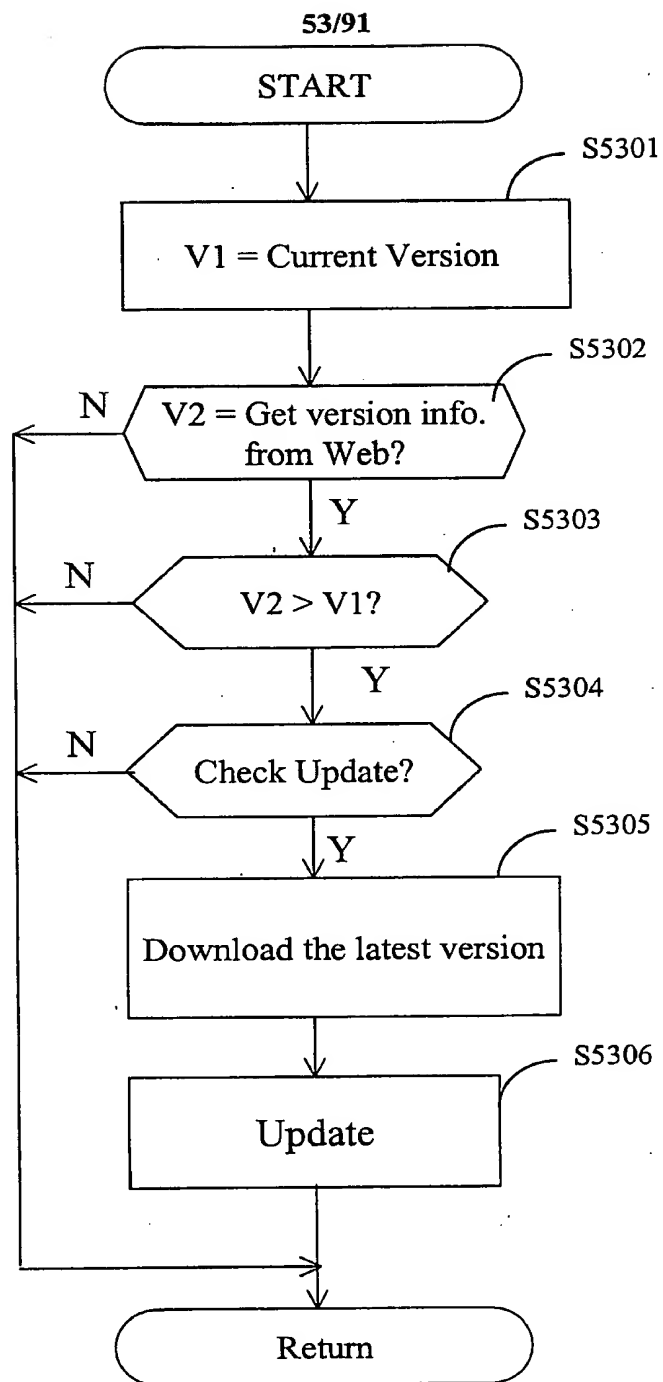


FIG. 53

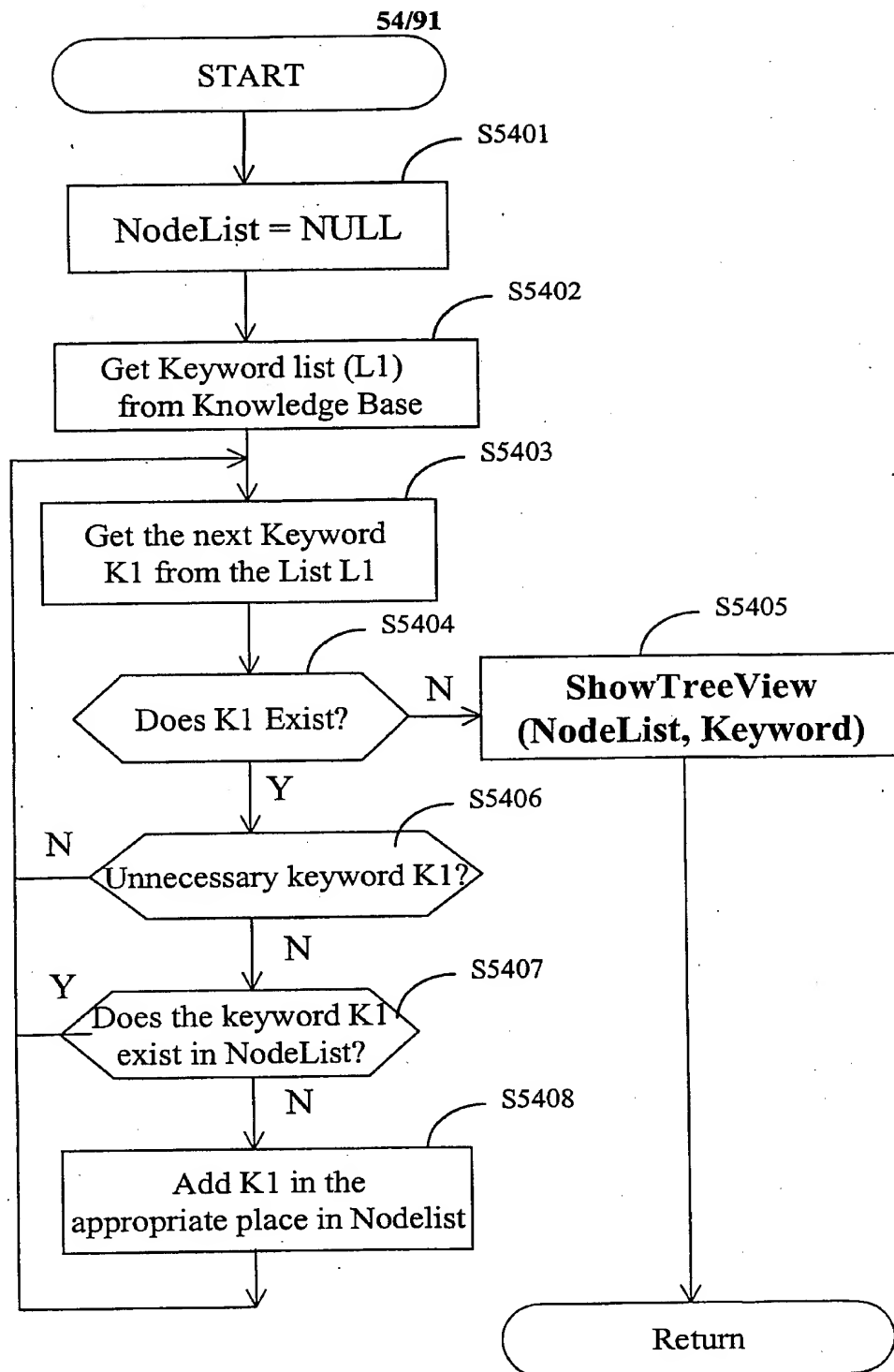


FIG. 54

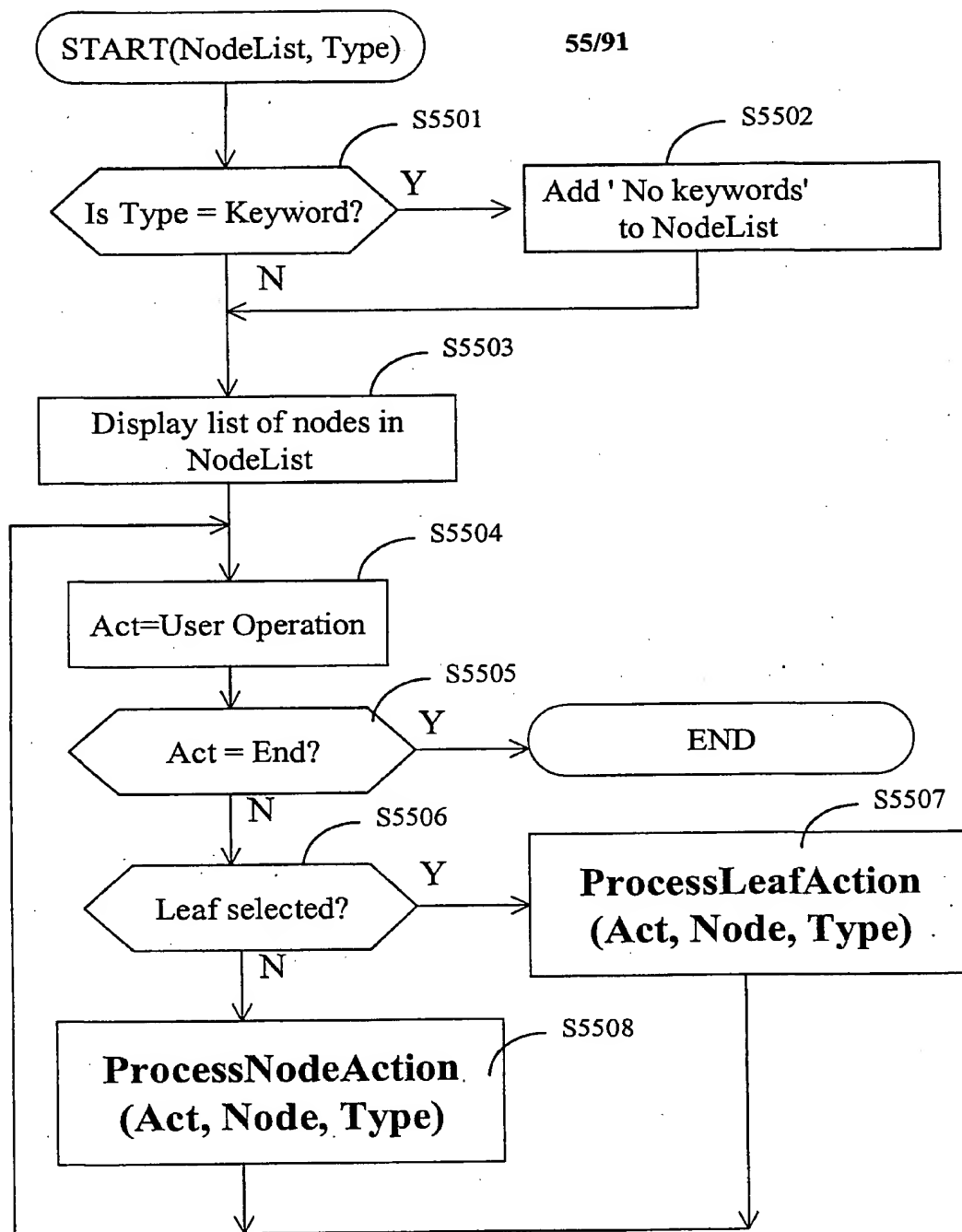


FIG. 55

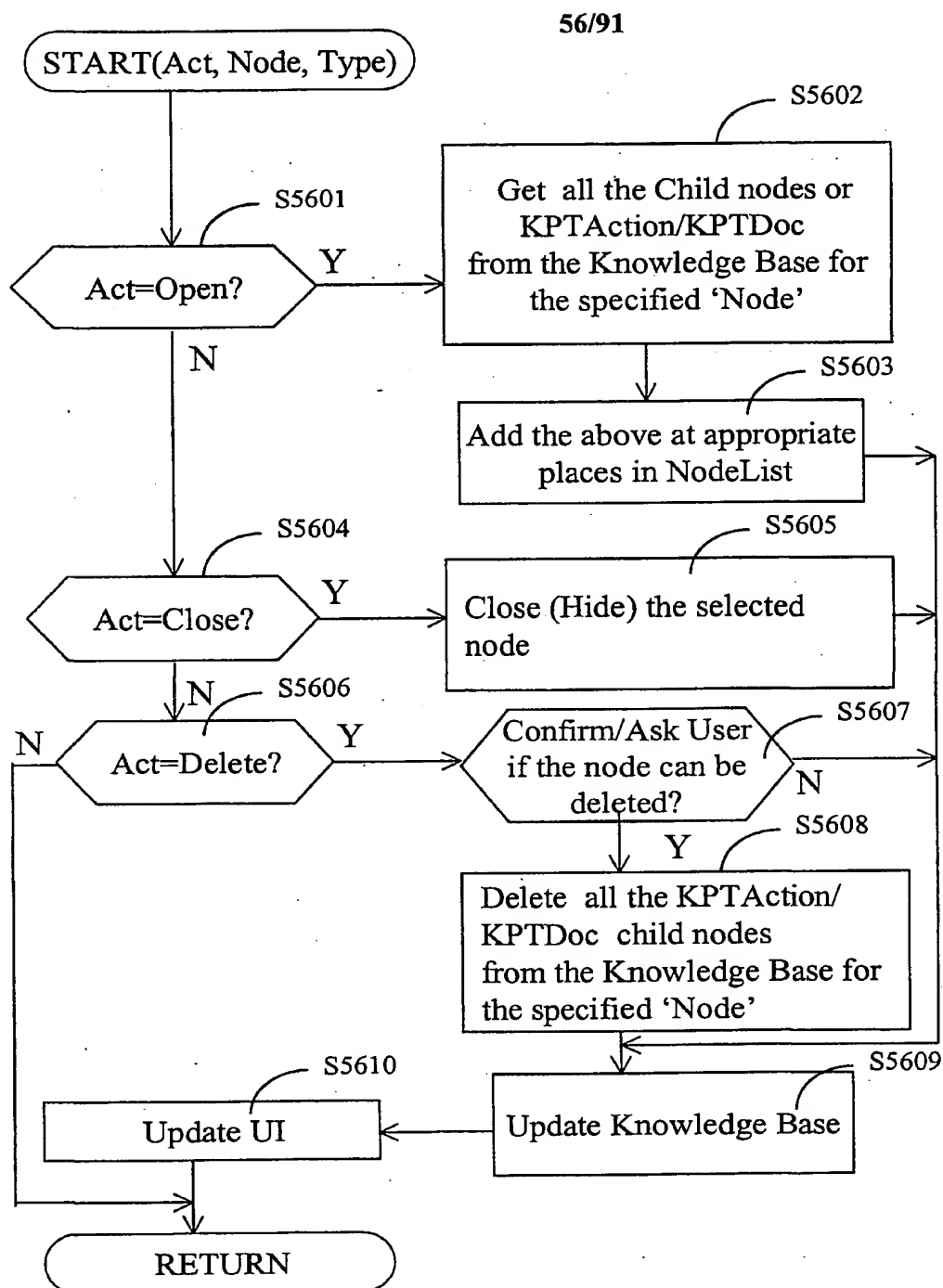


FIG. 56

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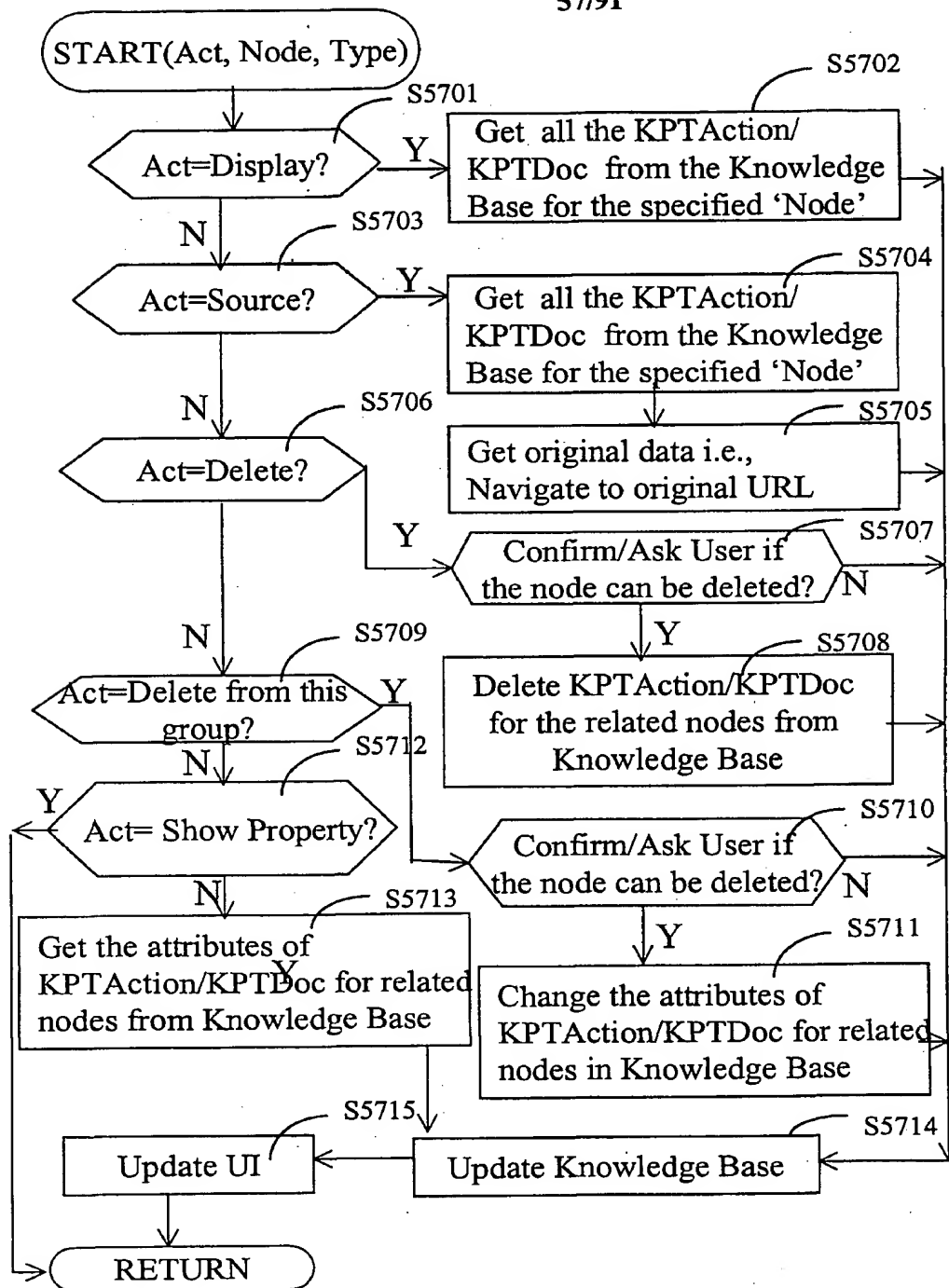


FIG. 57

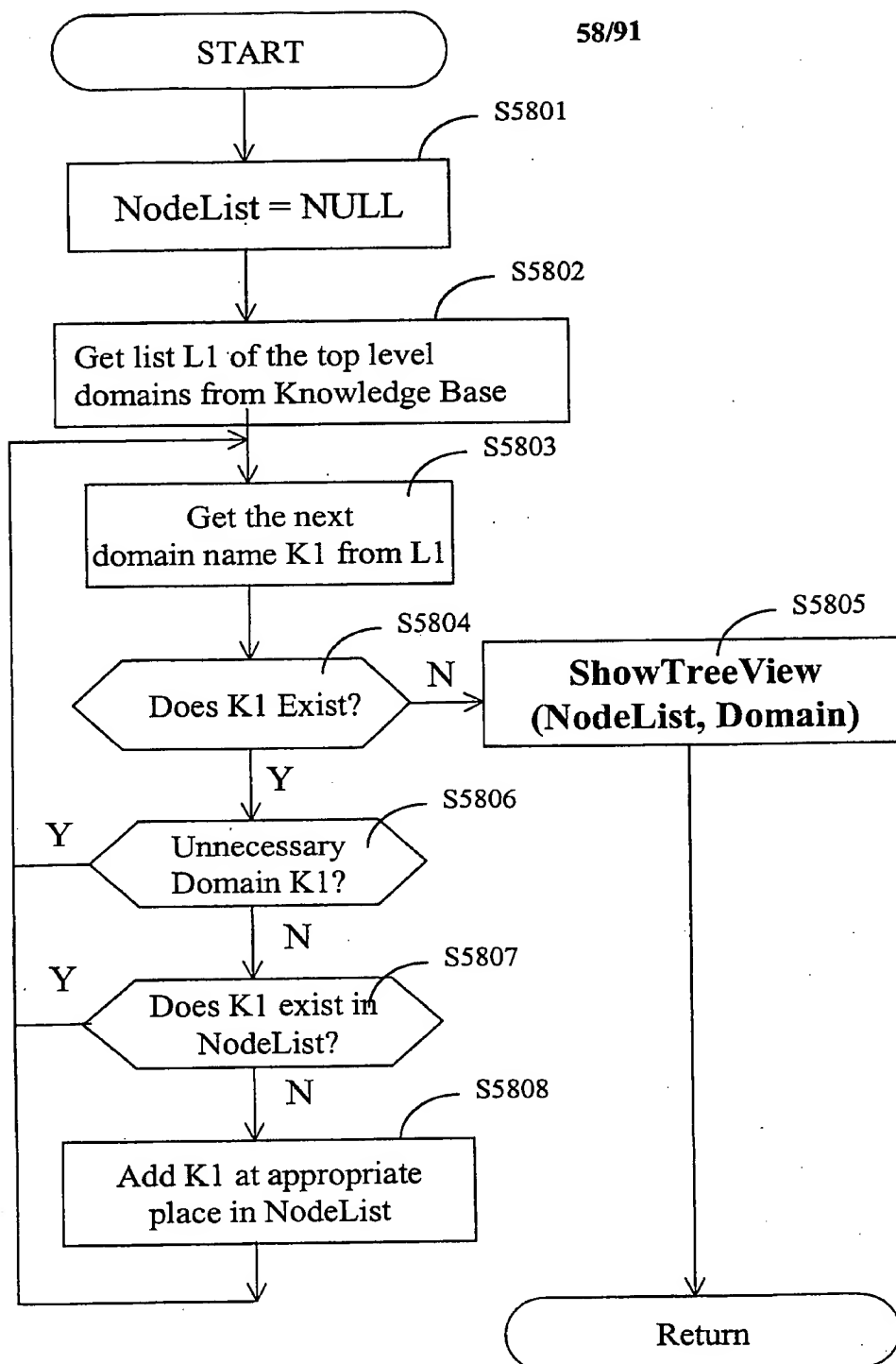


FIG. 58

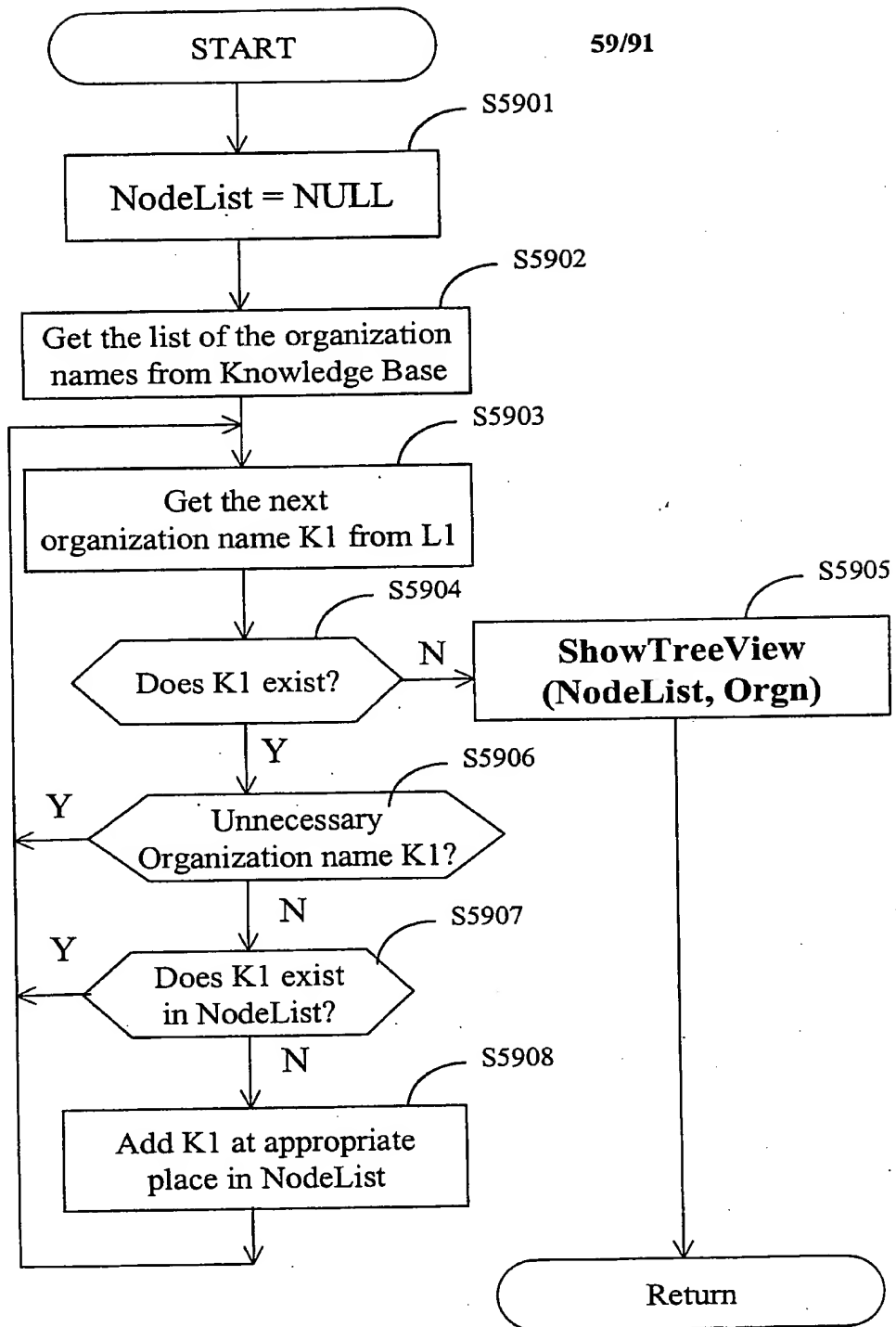


FIG. 59

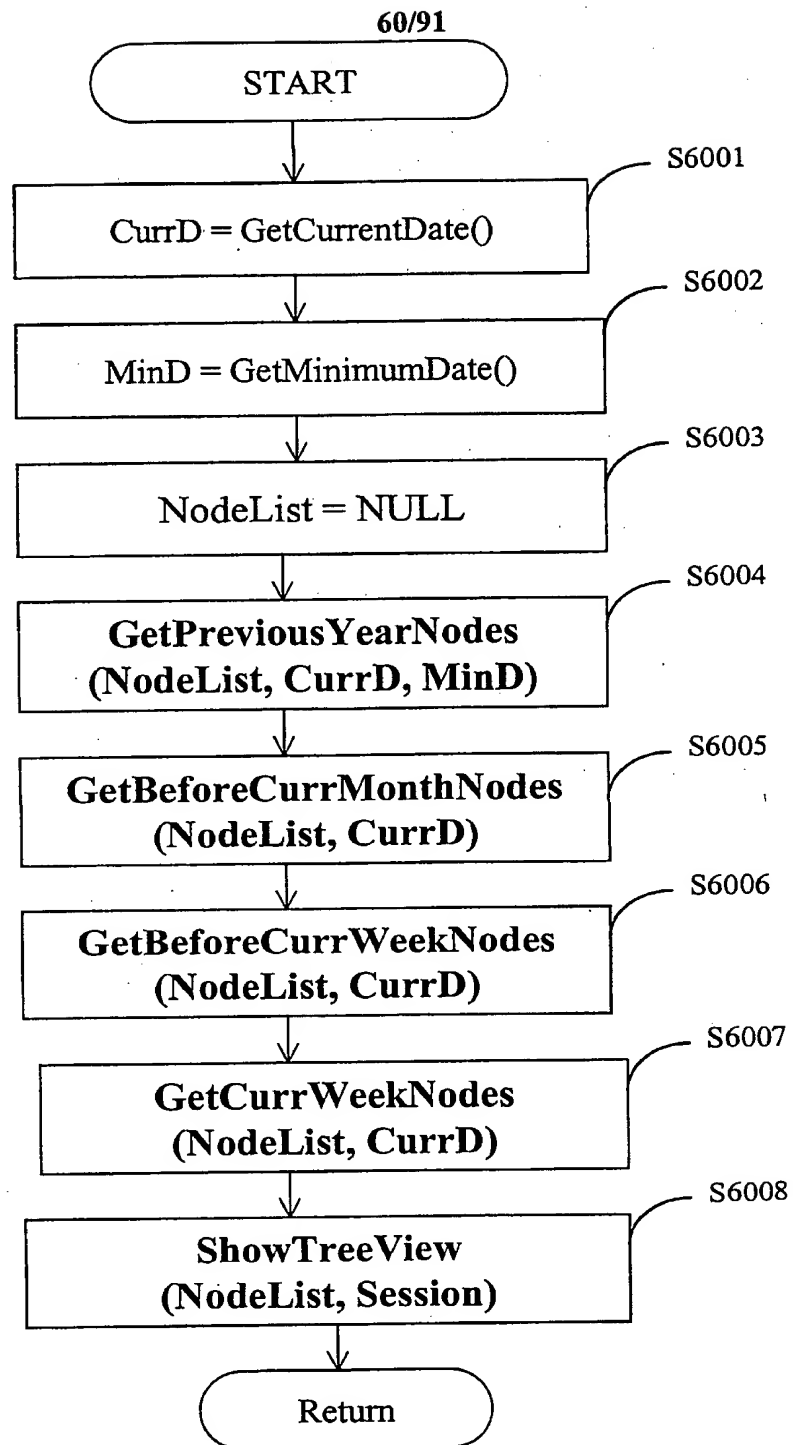


FIG. 60

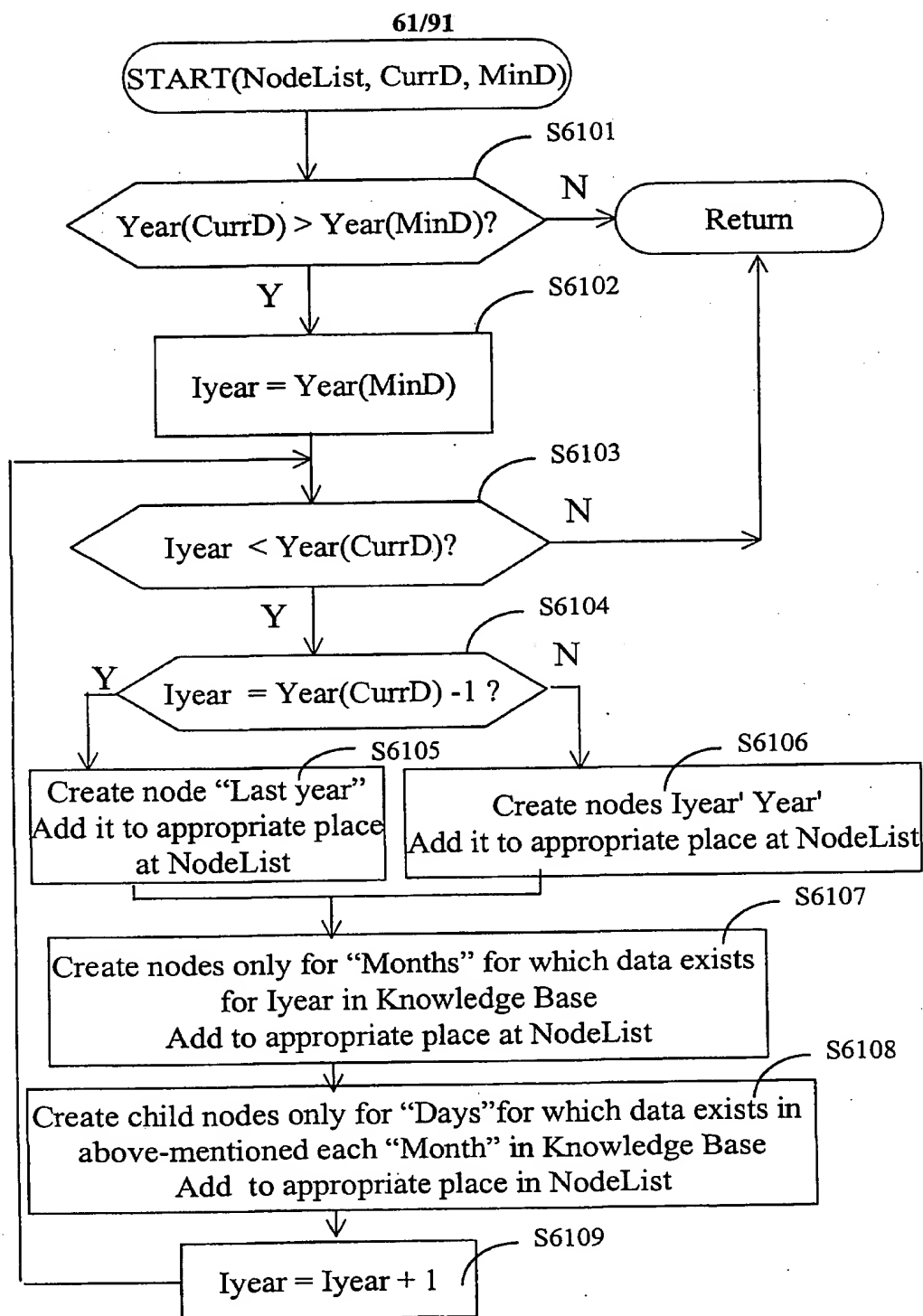


FIG. 61

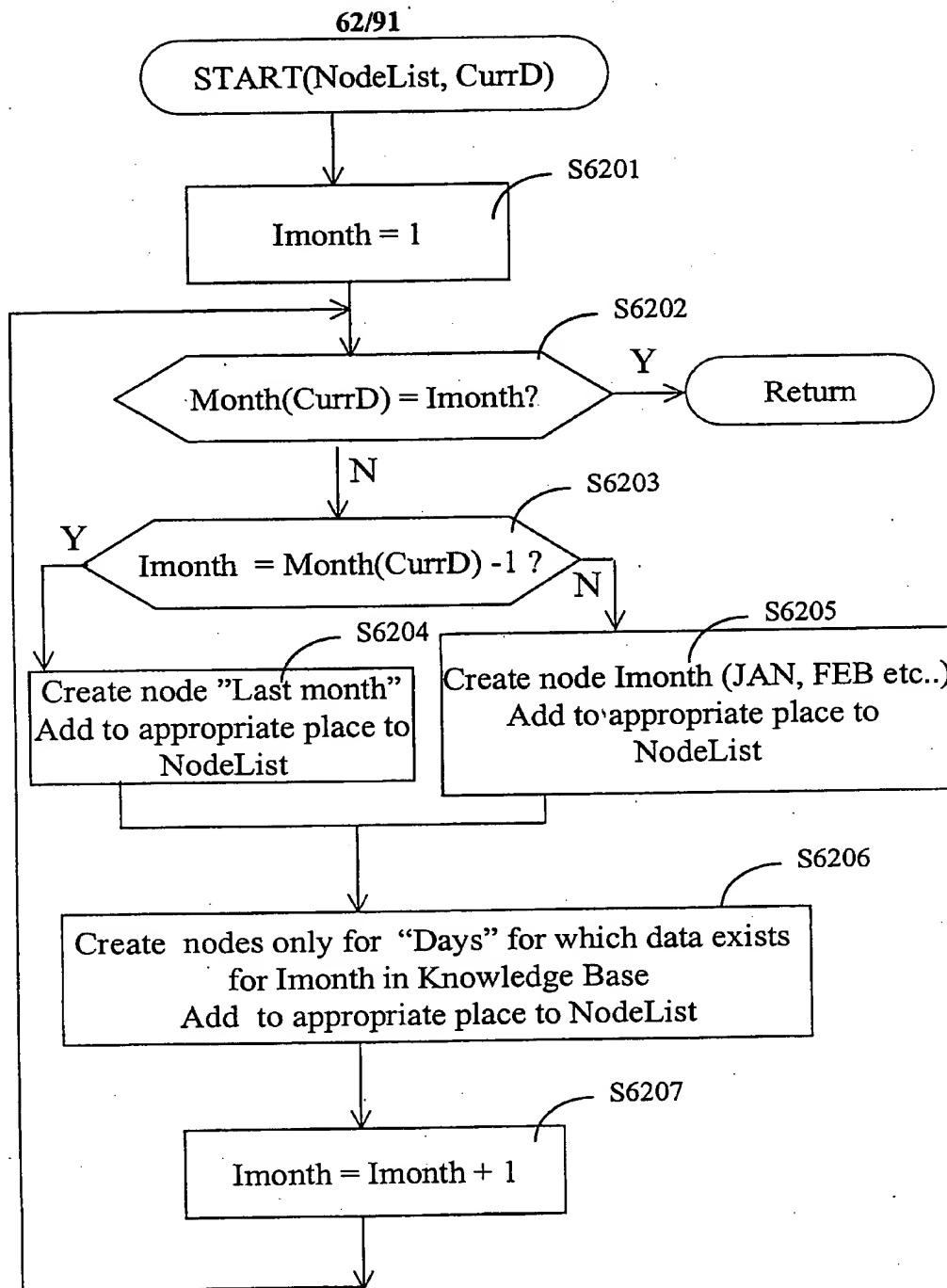


FIG. 62

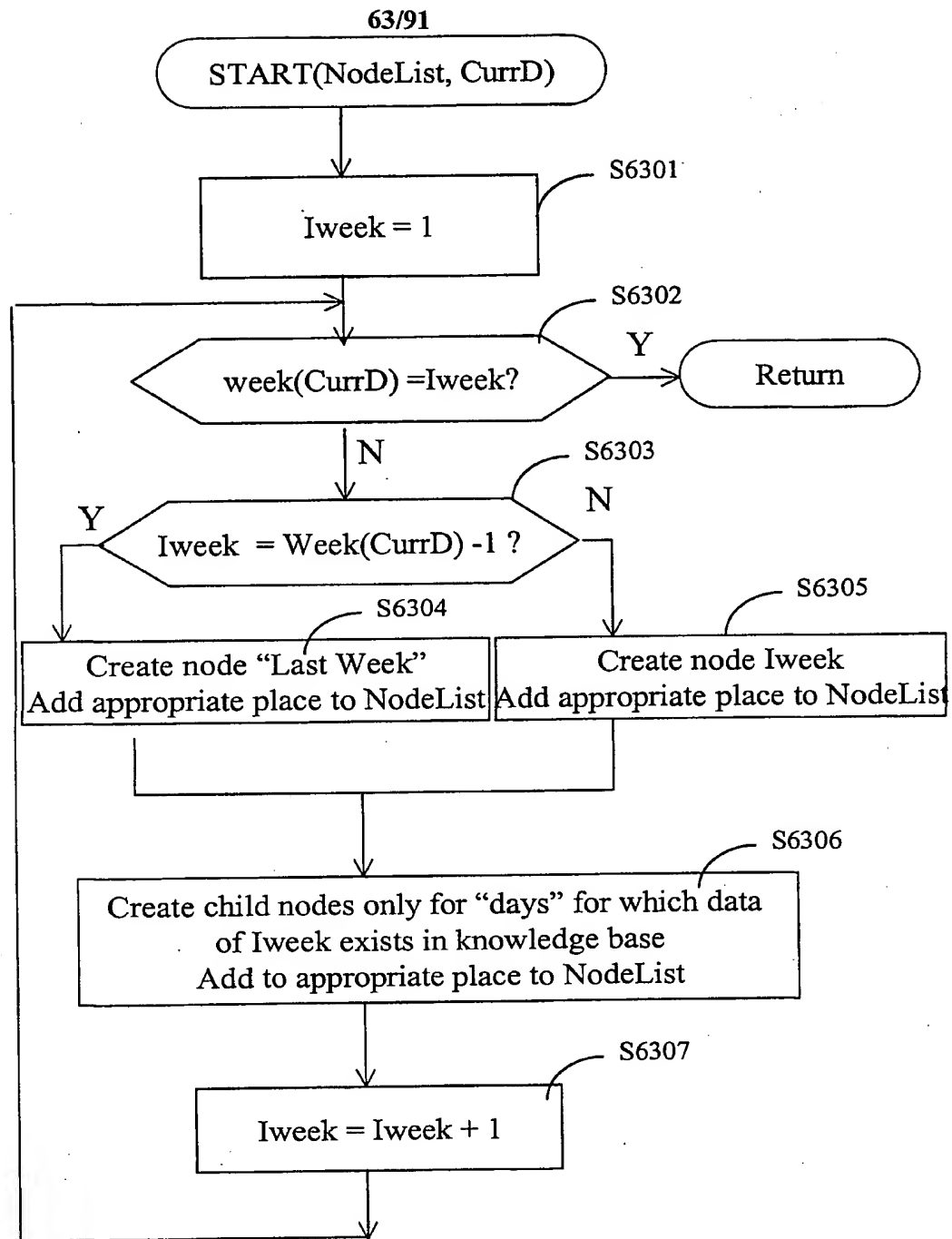


FIG. 63

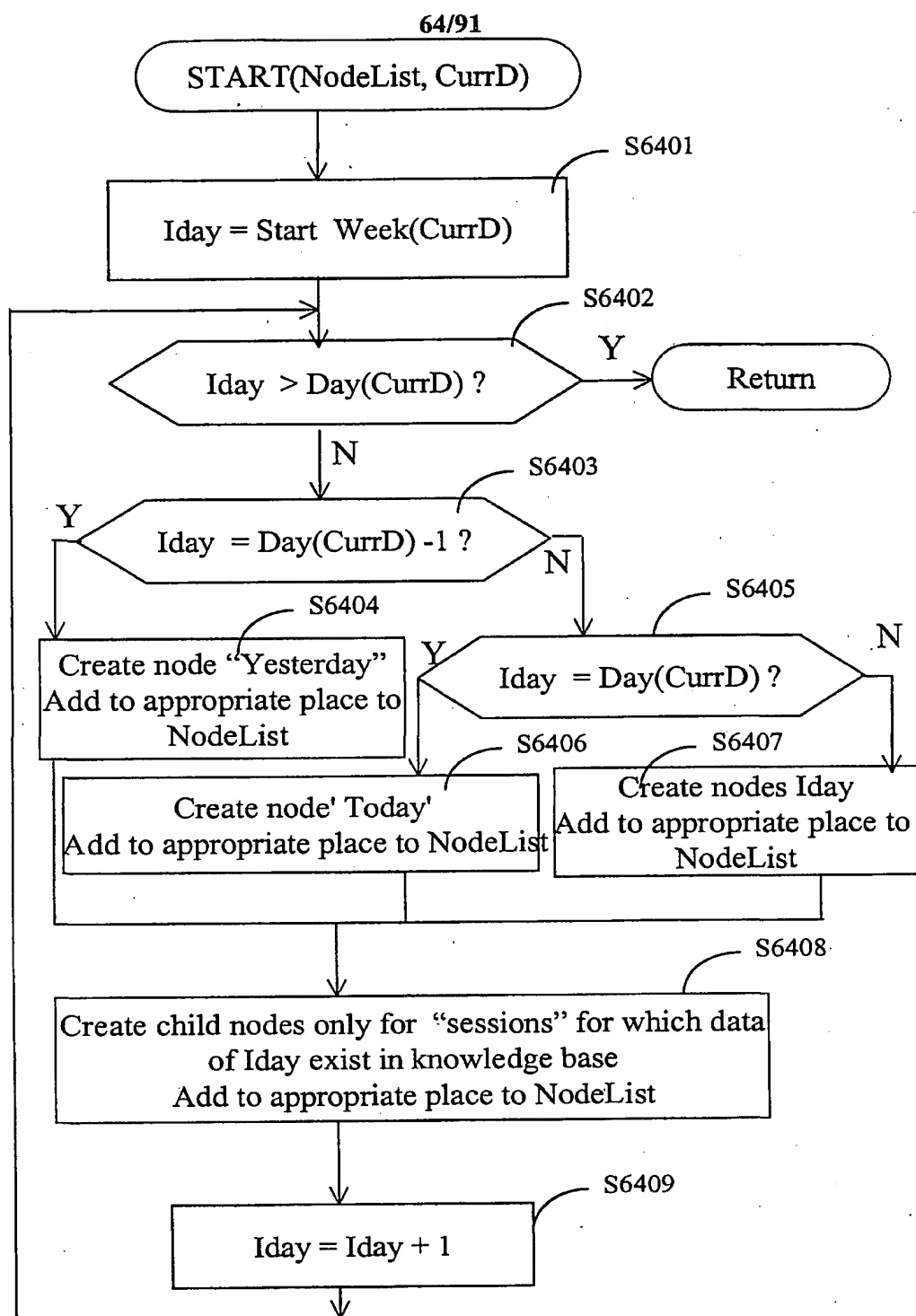


FIG. 64

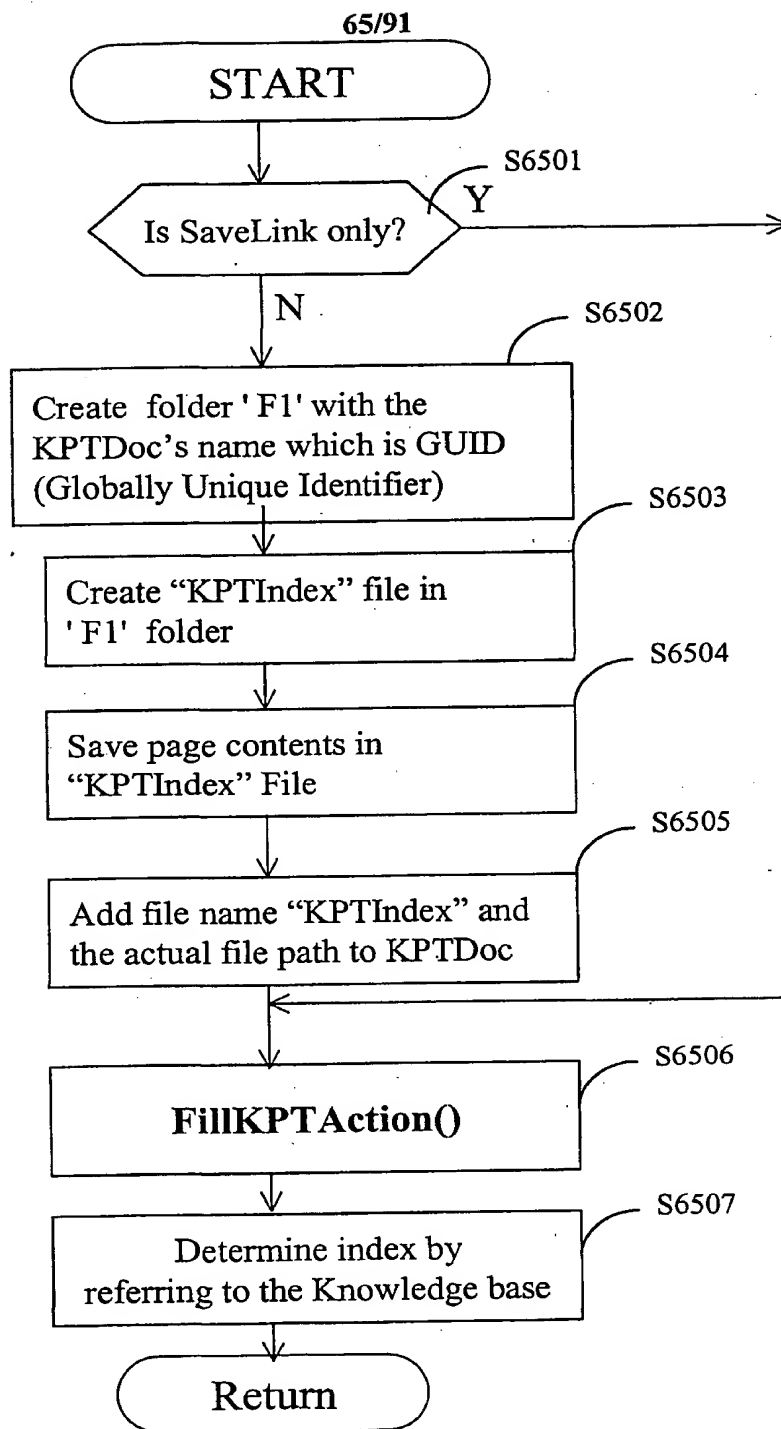


FIG. 65

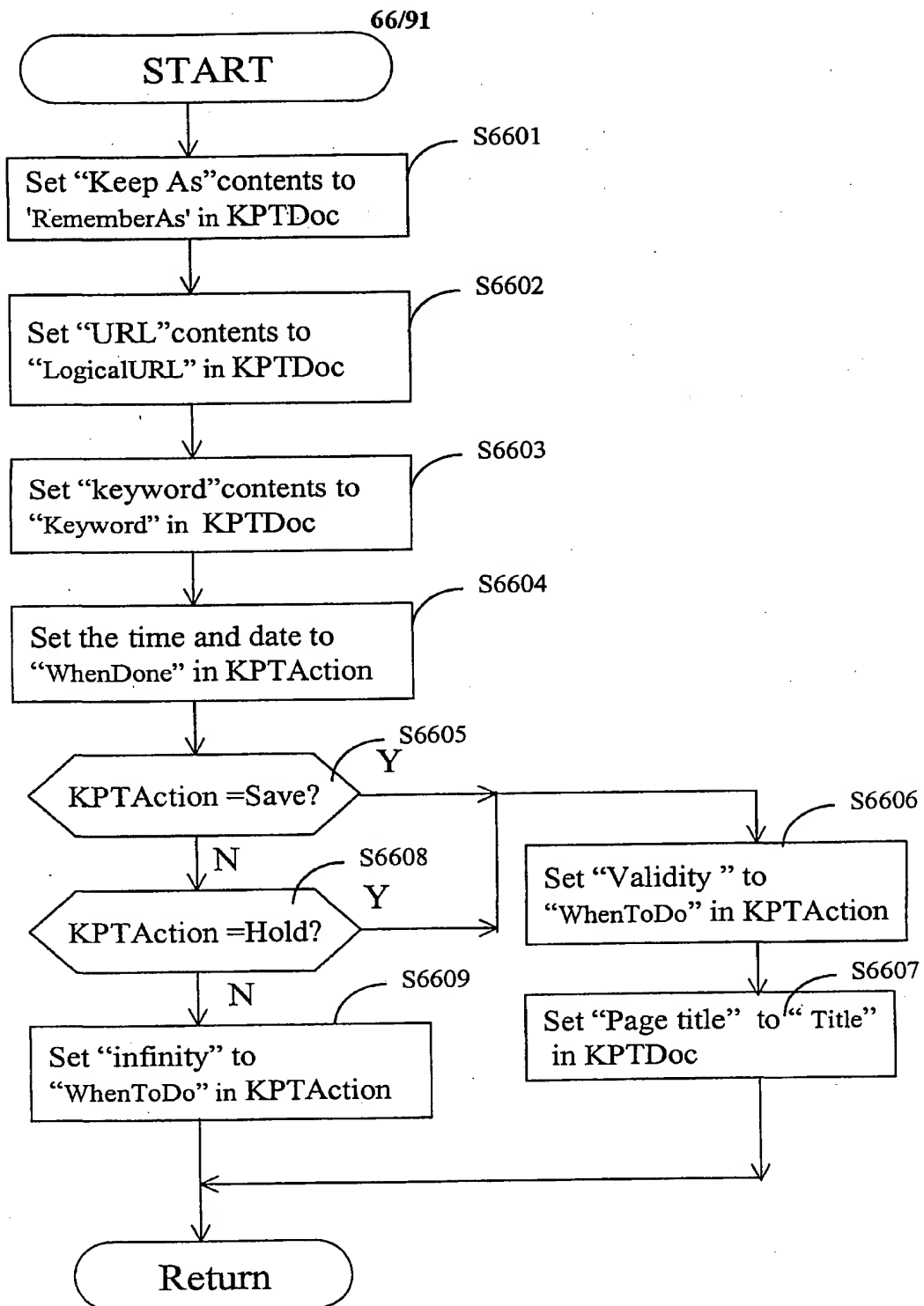
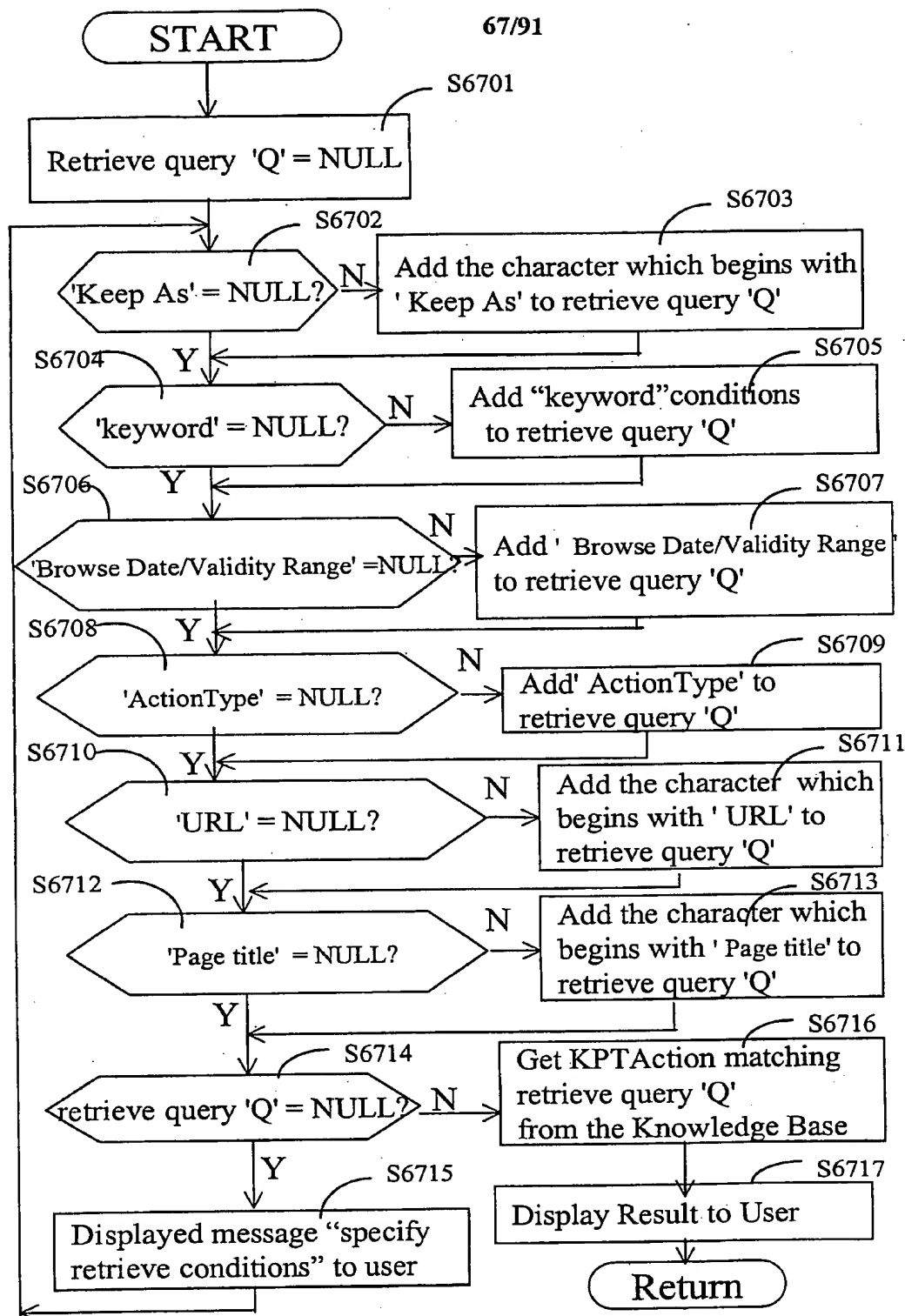


FIG. 66



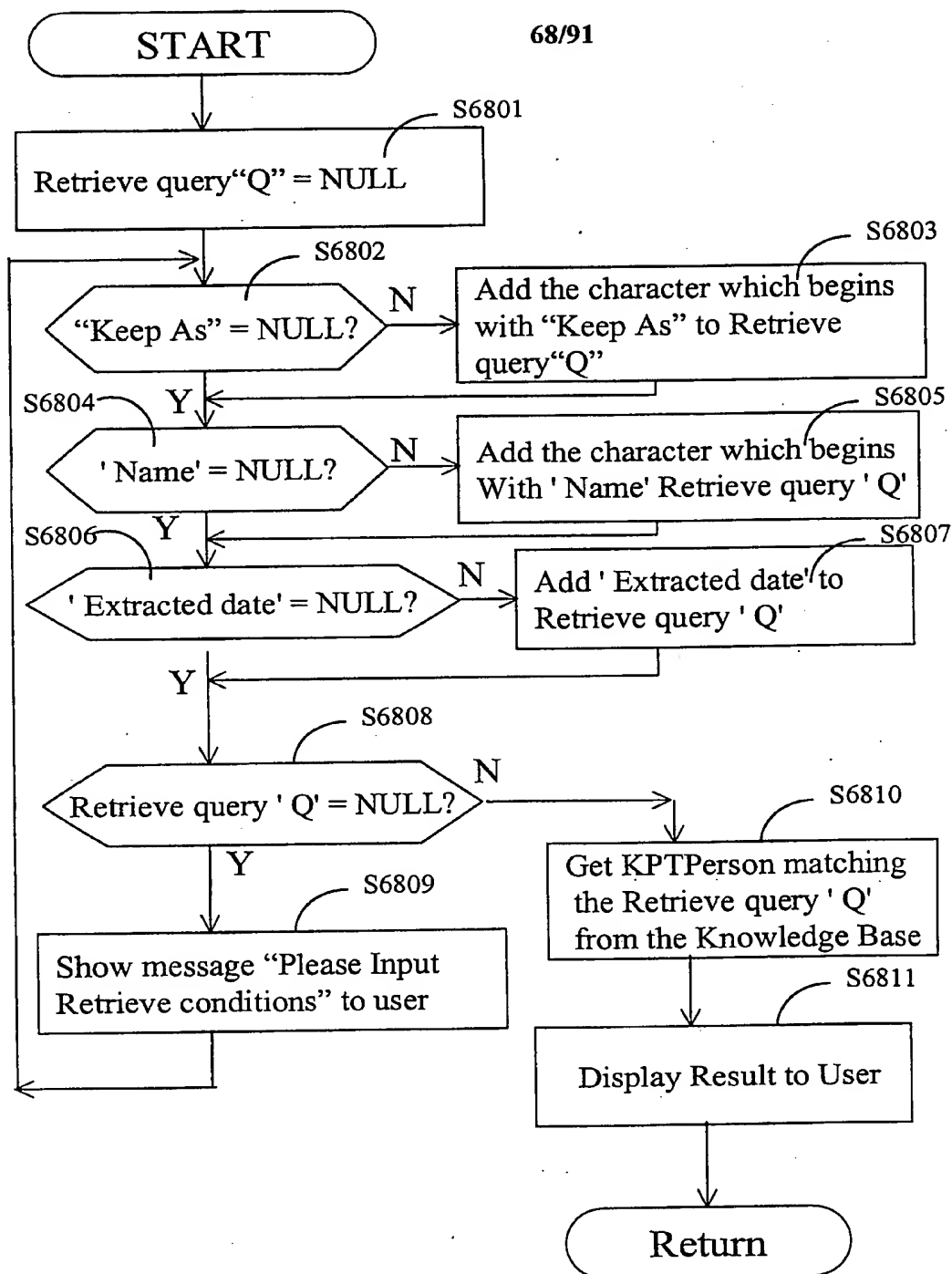


FIG. 68

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Example Rules for Determining the Organization Indices for an URL

For the Given Input URL,

- Get the fully qualified URL and remove the parameters
e.g., Input: `http://www.saora.co.jp/contact.asp?userid=2323`
Output: `http://www.saora.co.jp/contact.asp`
- Remove the protocol , like `http://`, `https://`, `ftp://` from the URL
e.g., Input: `http://www.saora.co.jp/contact.asp`
Output: `www.saora.co.jp/contact.asp`
- Remove the obvious address e.g., `www`, `www2`, etc. from the URL
e.g., Input: `www.sales.saora.co.jp/contact.asp`
Output: `sales.saora.co.jp/contact.asp`
- Remove the page information from the URL
e.g., Input: `sales.saora.co.jp/contact.asp`
Output: `sales.saora.co.jp`
- Get the domain information from the Domain Knowledgebase and Strip the domain information from the URL and get the organizations
e.g., Input: `sales.saora.co.jp`
Output: Organization(s) are - > sales, saora

FIG. 69

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Example Rules for Determining the Domain Indices for an URL

For the Given Input URL,

- Get the fully qualified URL and remove the parameters
e.g., Input: `http://www.saora.co.jp/contact.asp?userid=2323`
Output: `http://www.saora.co.jp/contact.asp`
- Remove the protocol , like `http://`, `https://`, `ftp://` from the URL
e.g., Input: `http://www.saora.co.jp/contact.asp`
Output: `www.saora.co.jp/contact.asp`
- Remove the obvious address e.g., `www`, `www2`, etc. from the URL
e.g., Input: `www.sales.saora.co.jp/contact.asp`
Output: `sales.saora.co.jp/contact.asp`
- Remove the page information from the URL
e.g., Input: `sales.saora.co.jp/contact.asp`
Output: `sales.saora.co.jp`
- Get the domain information from the Domain Knowledgebase
e.g., Input: `sales.saora.co.jp`
Output: Domain is `.co.jp`

FIG. 70

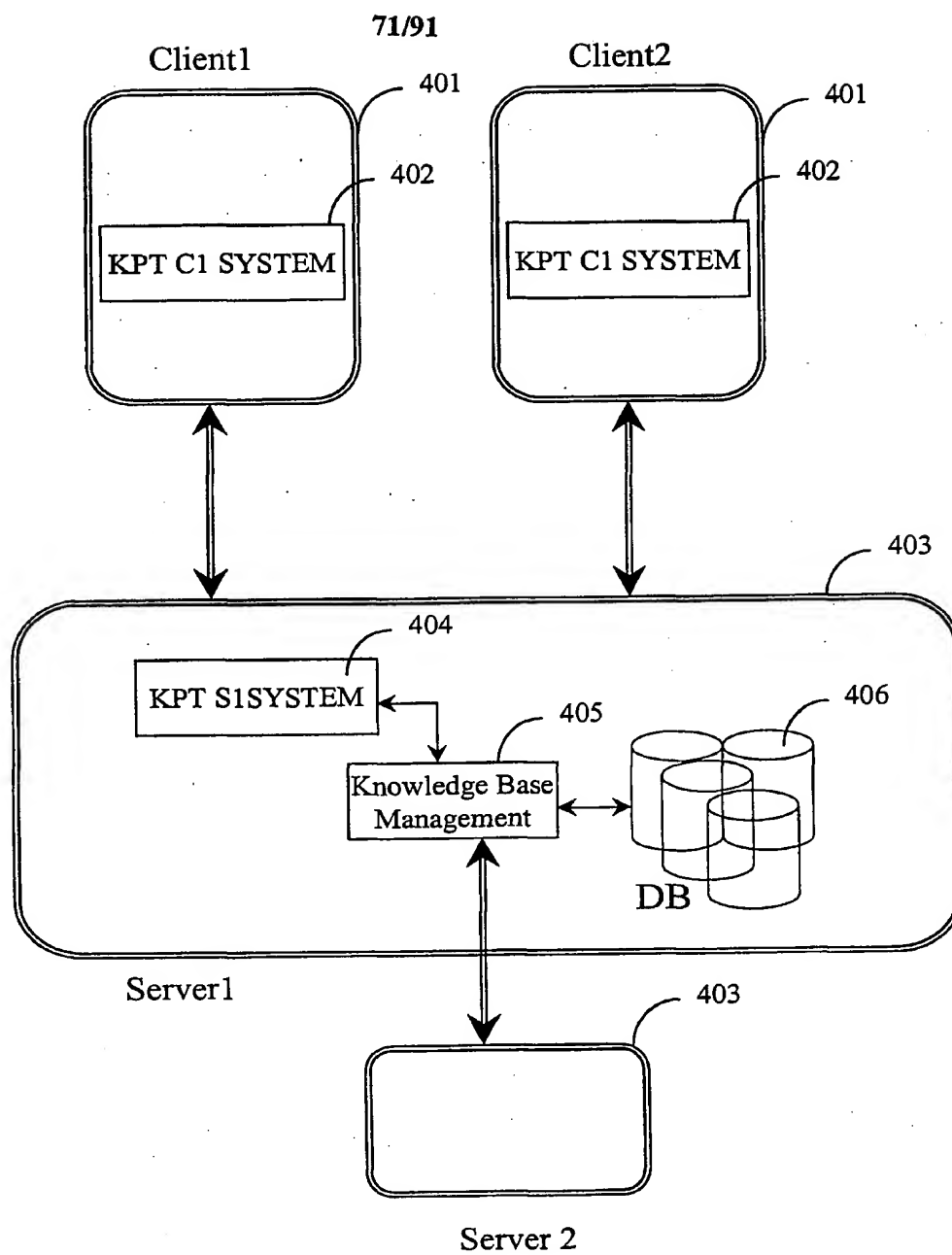


FIG. 71

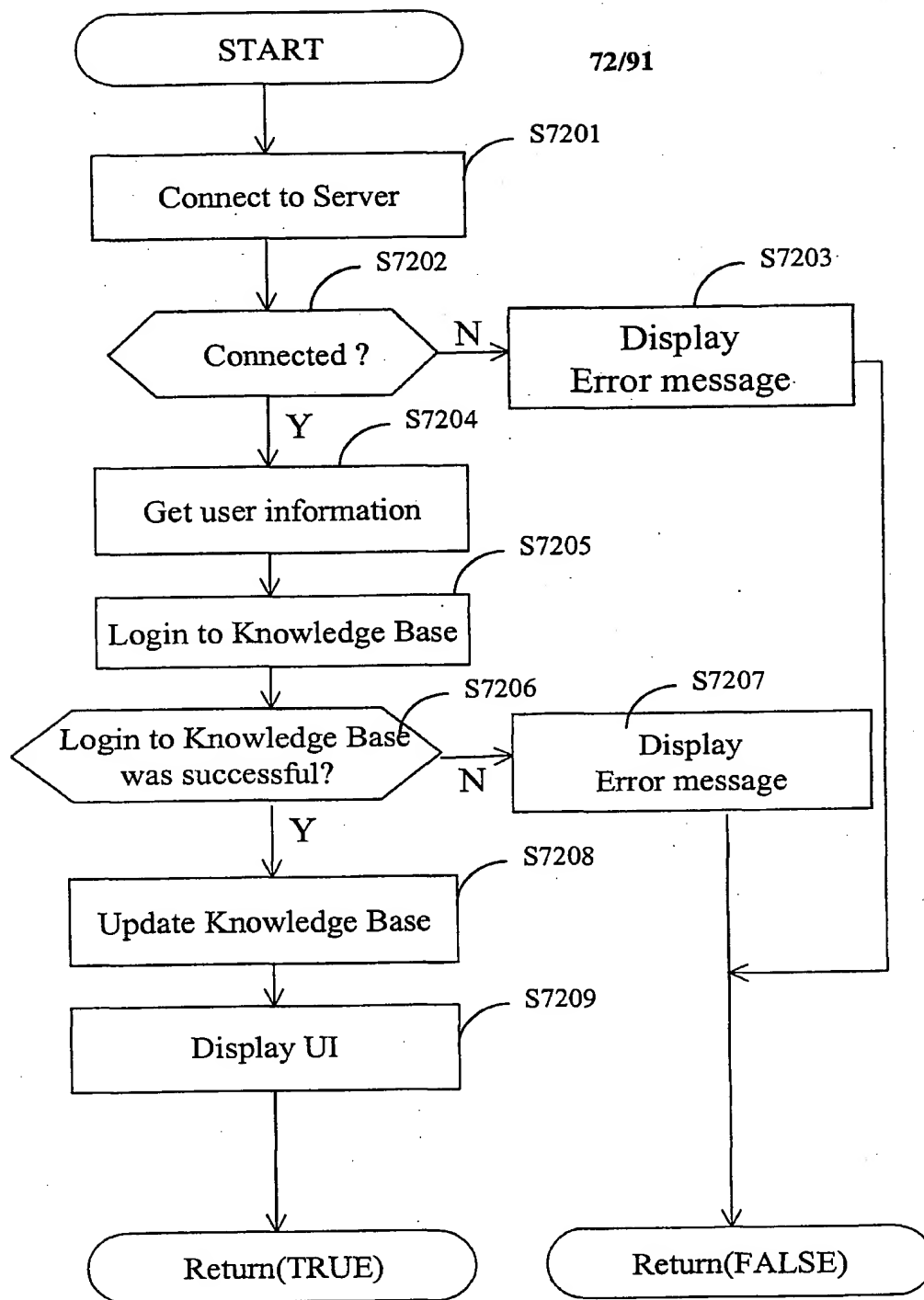


FIG. 72

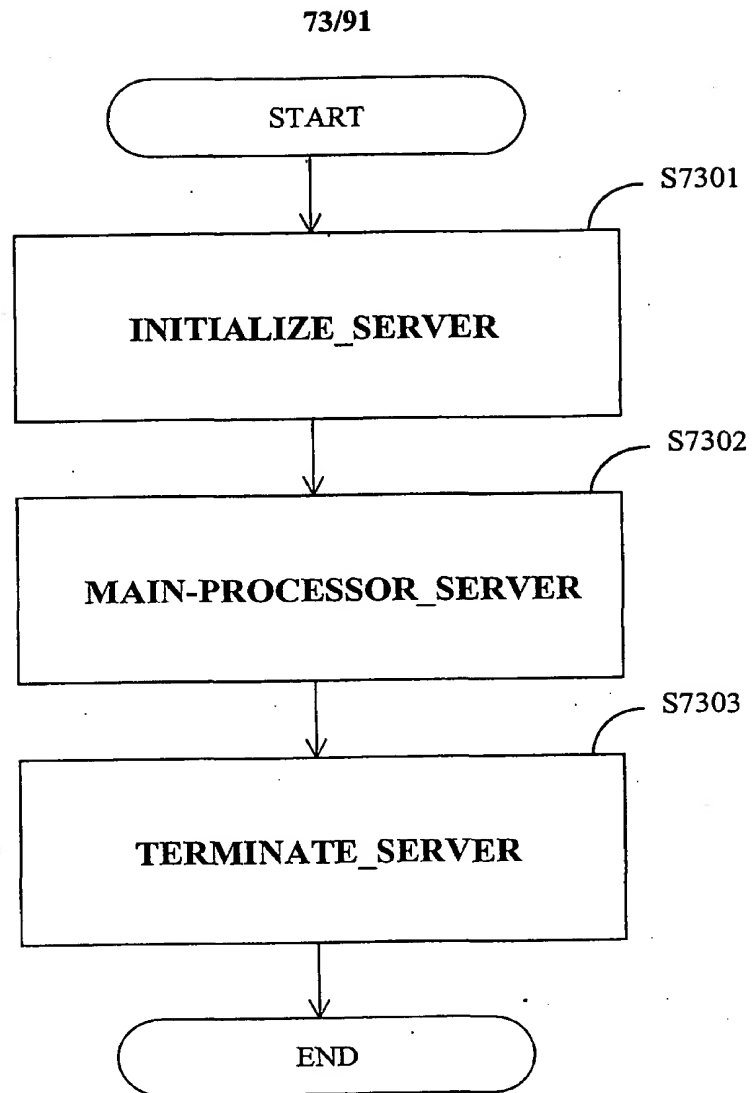


FIG. 73

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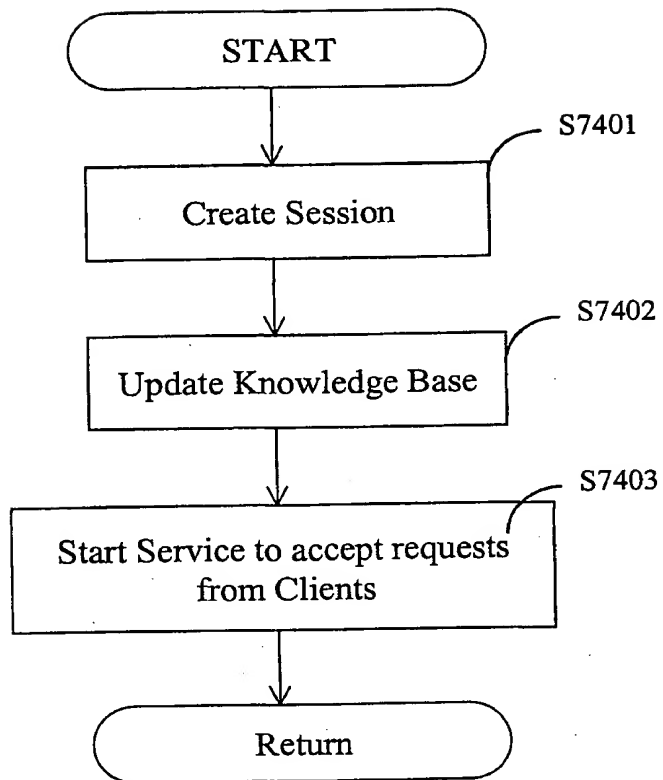


FIG. 74

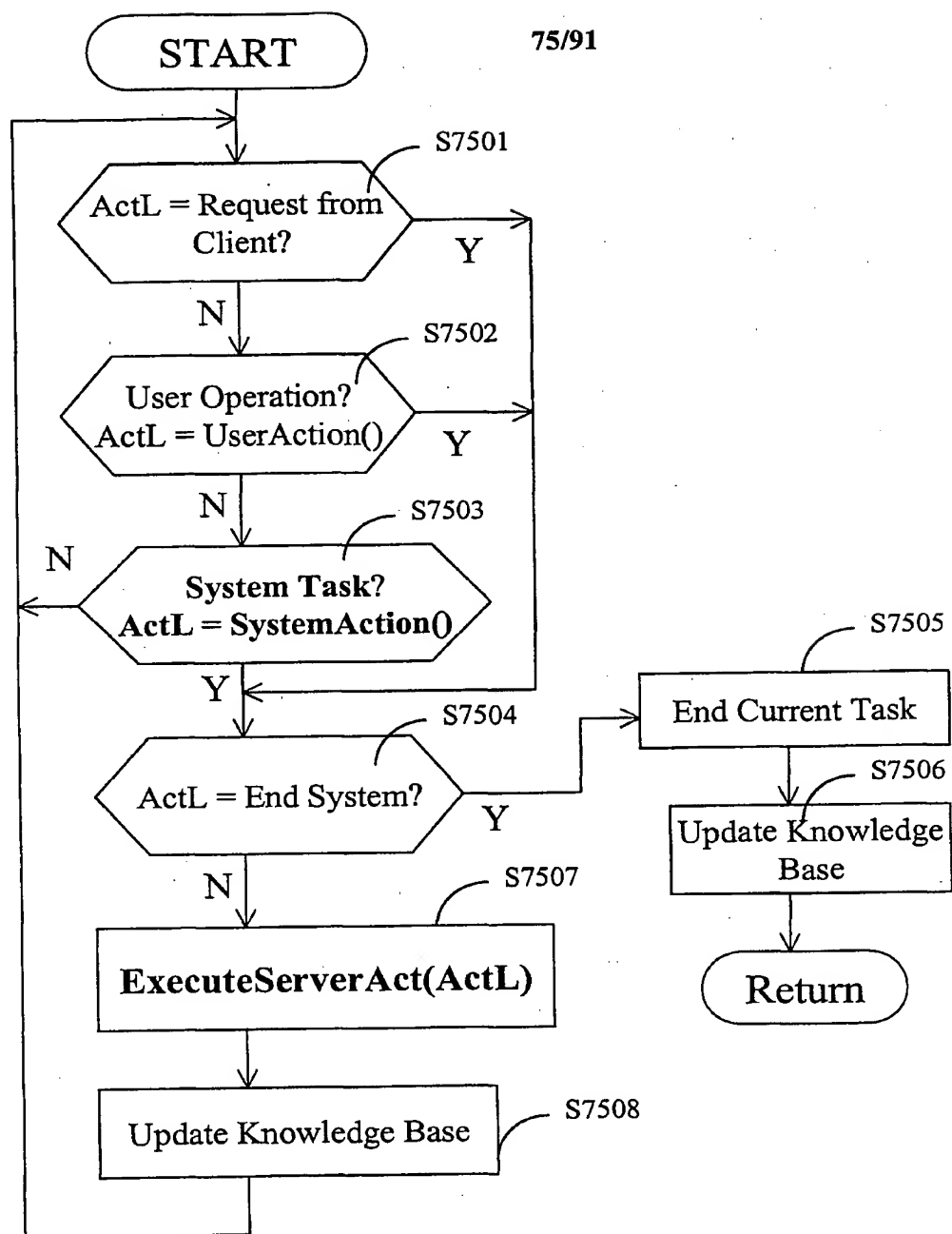


FIG. 75

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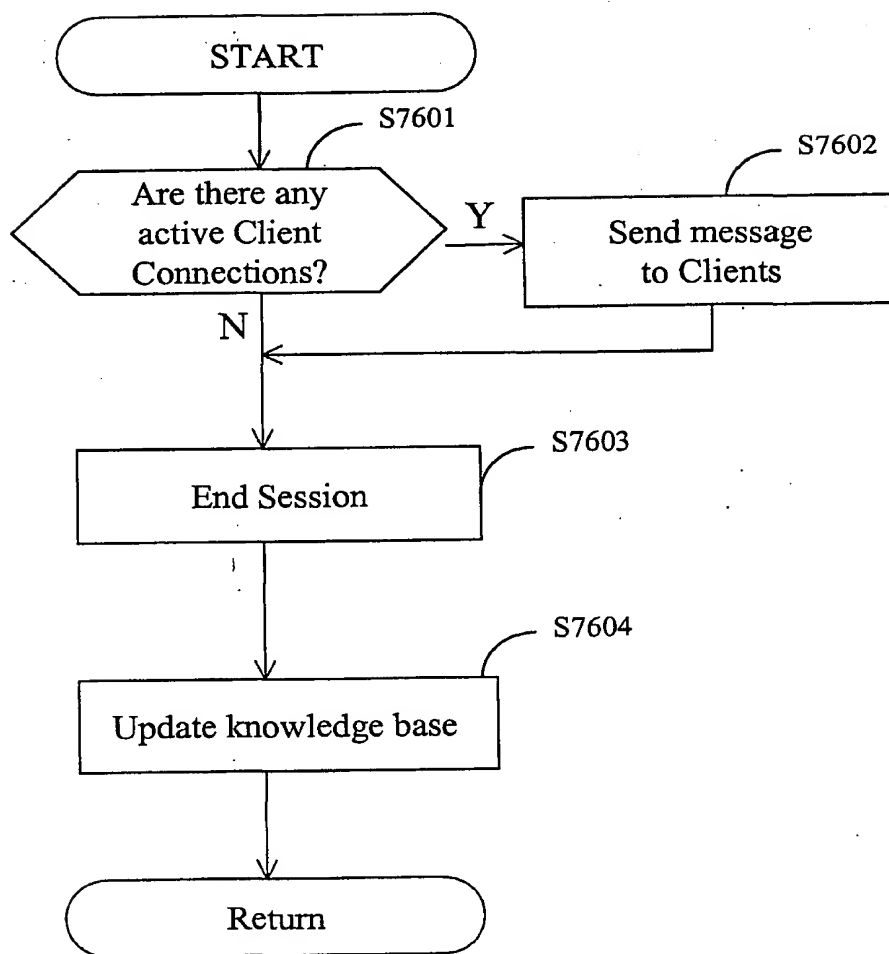


FIG. 76

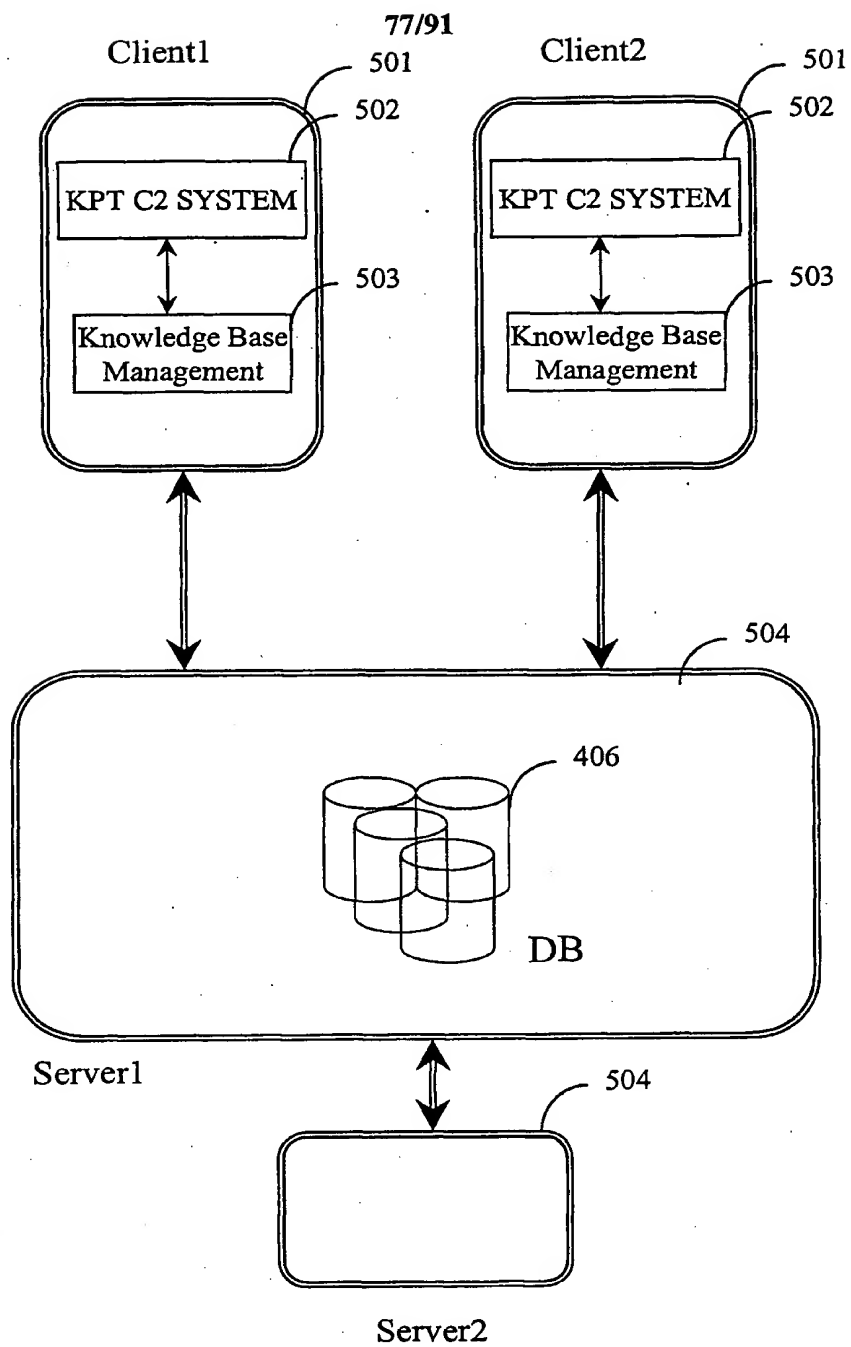


FIG. 77

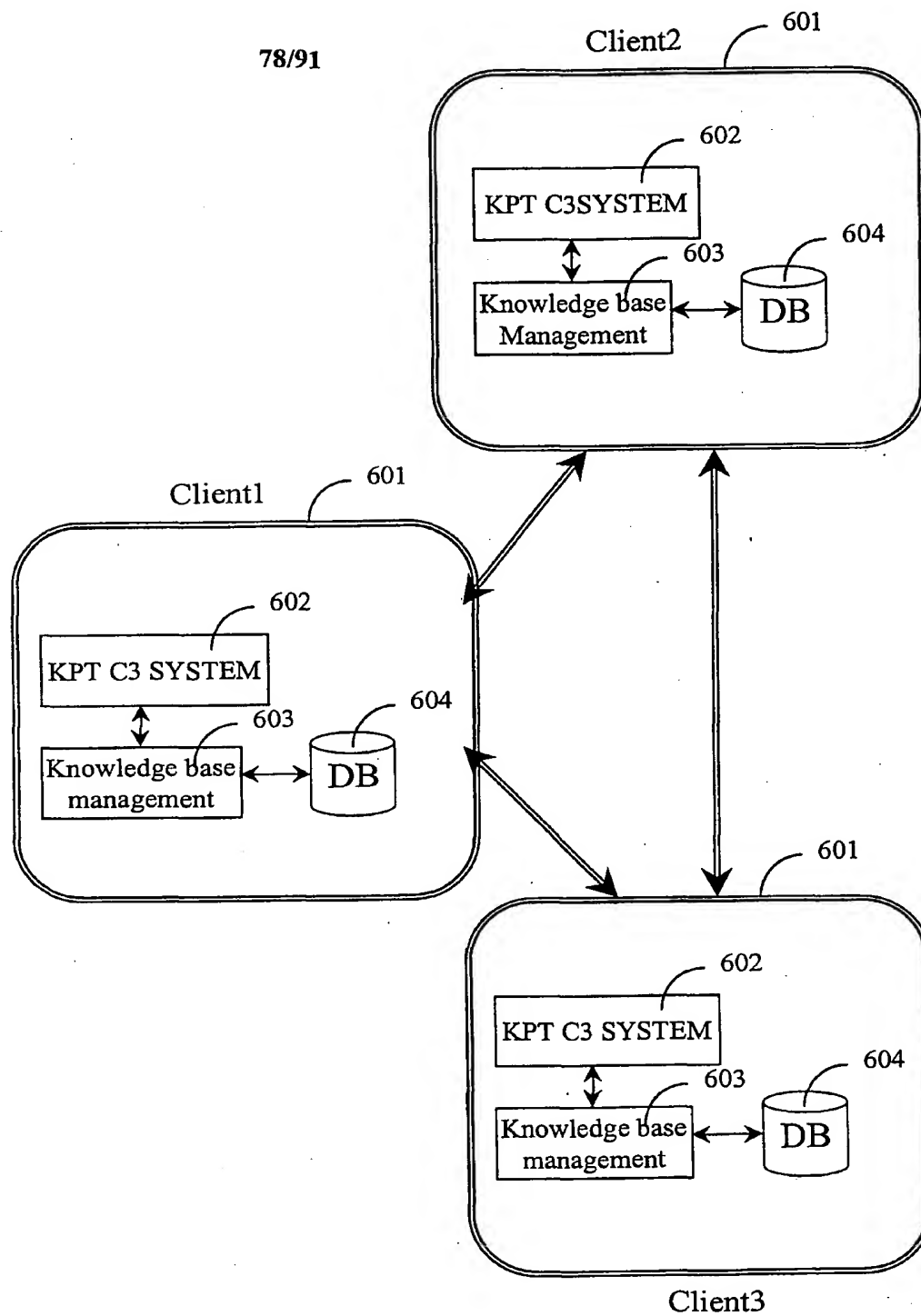


FIG. 78

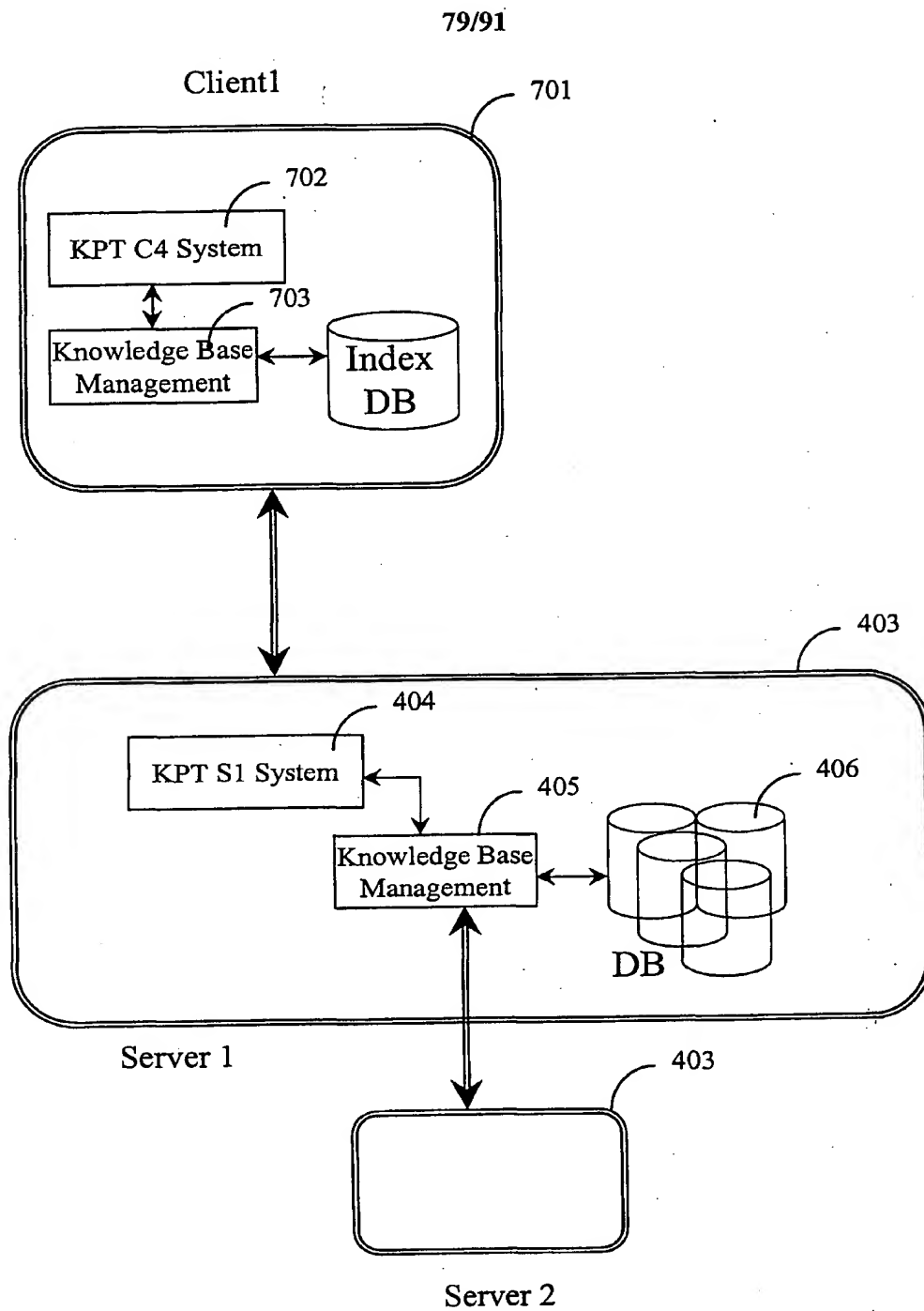


FIG. 79

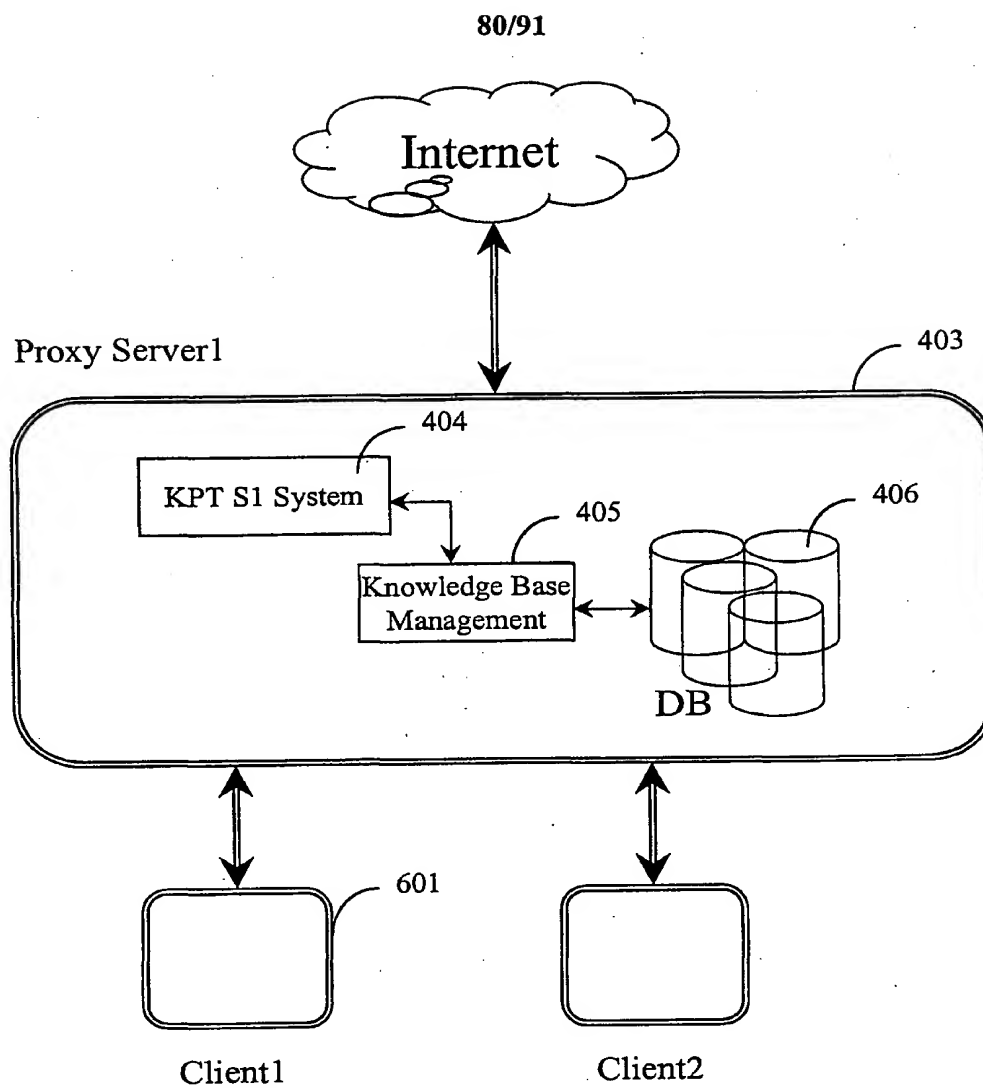


FIG. 80

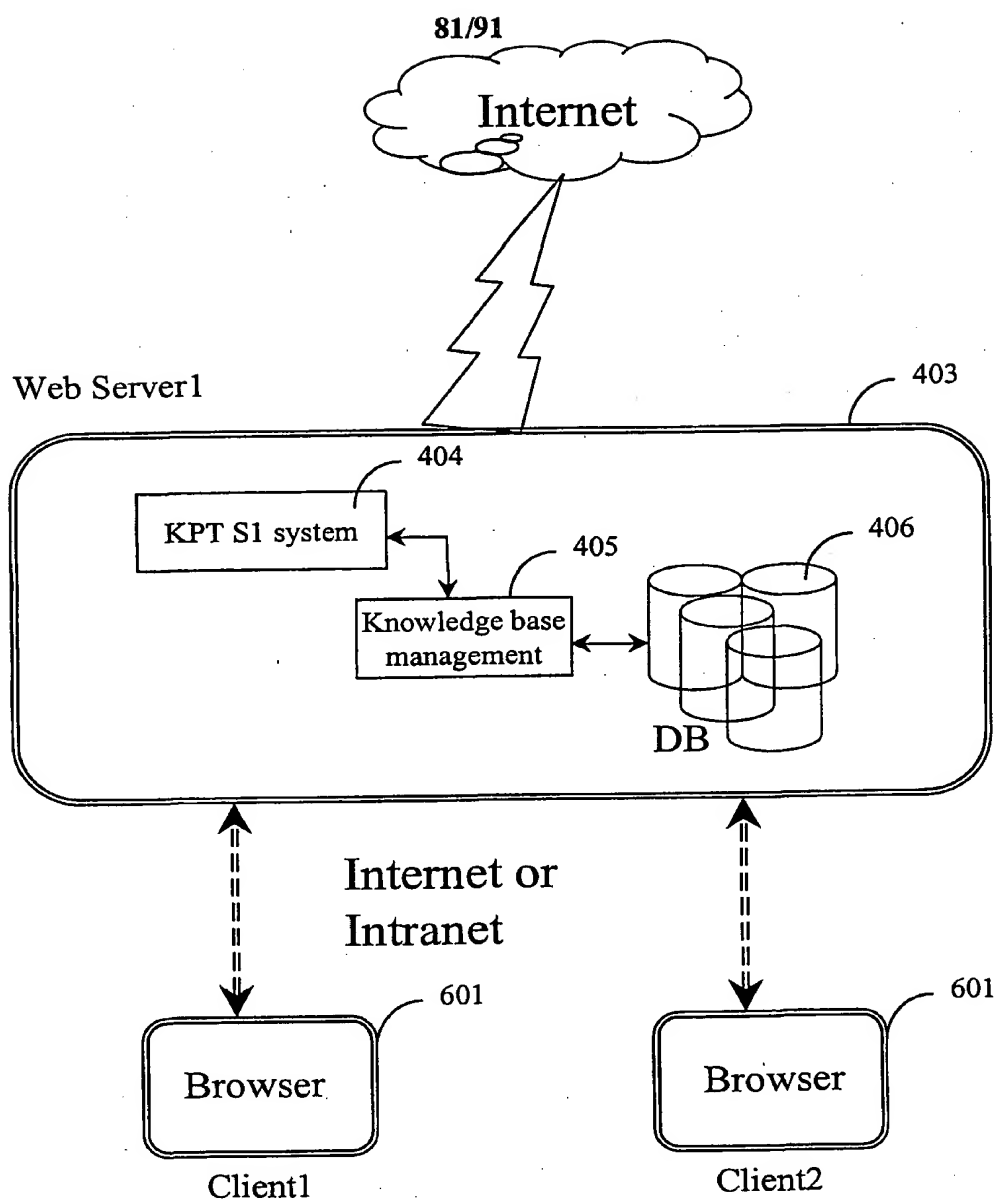


FIG. 81

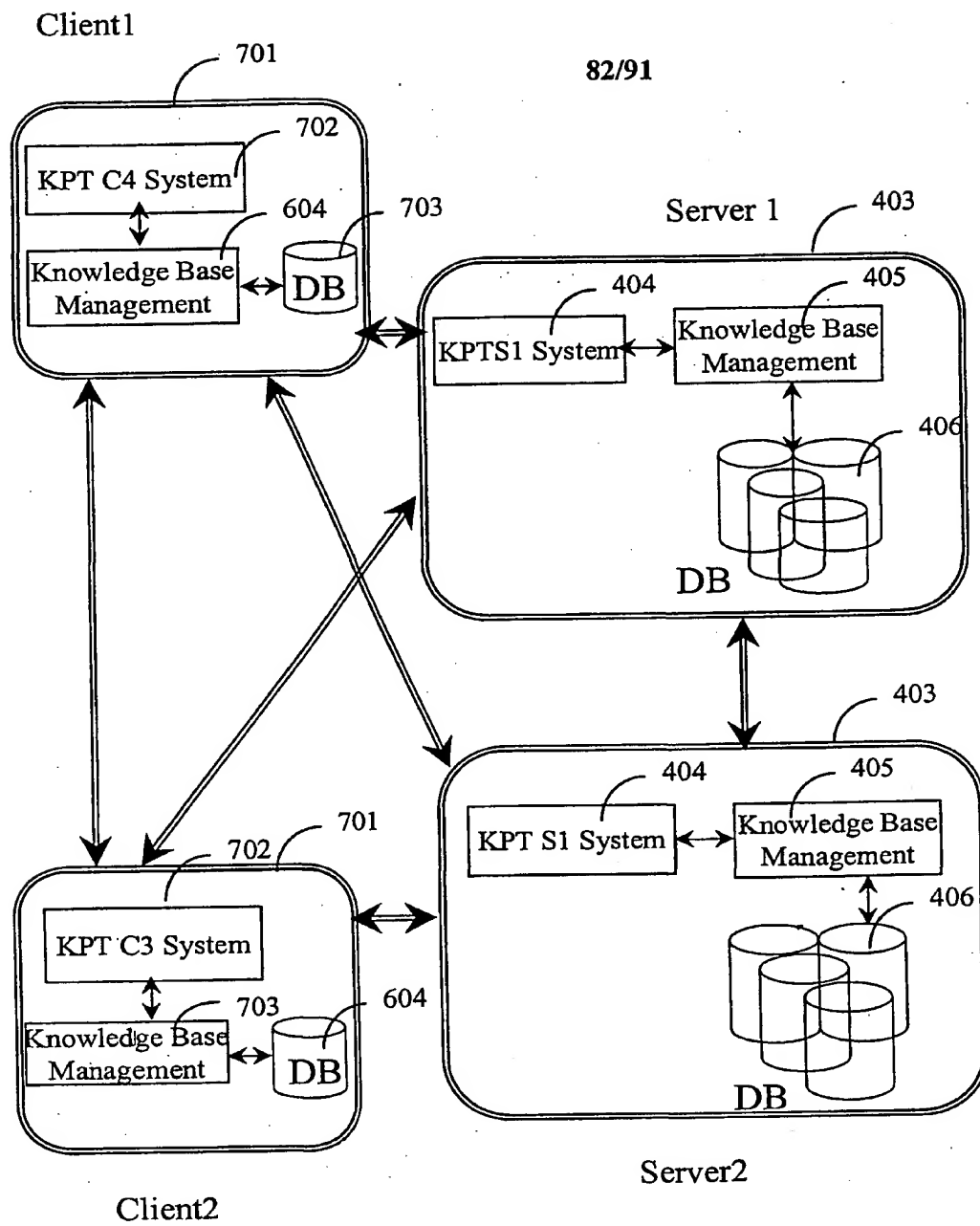


FIG. 82

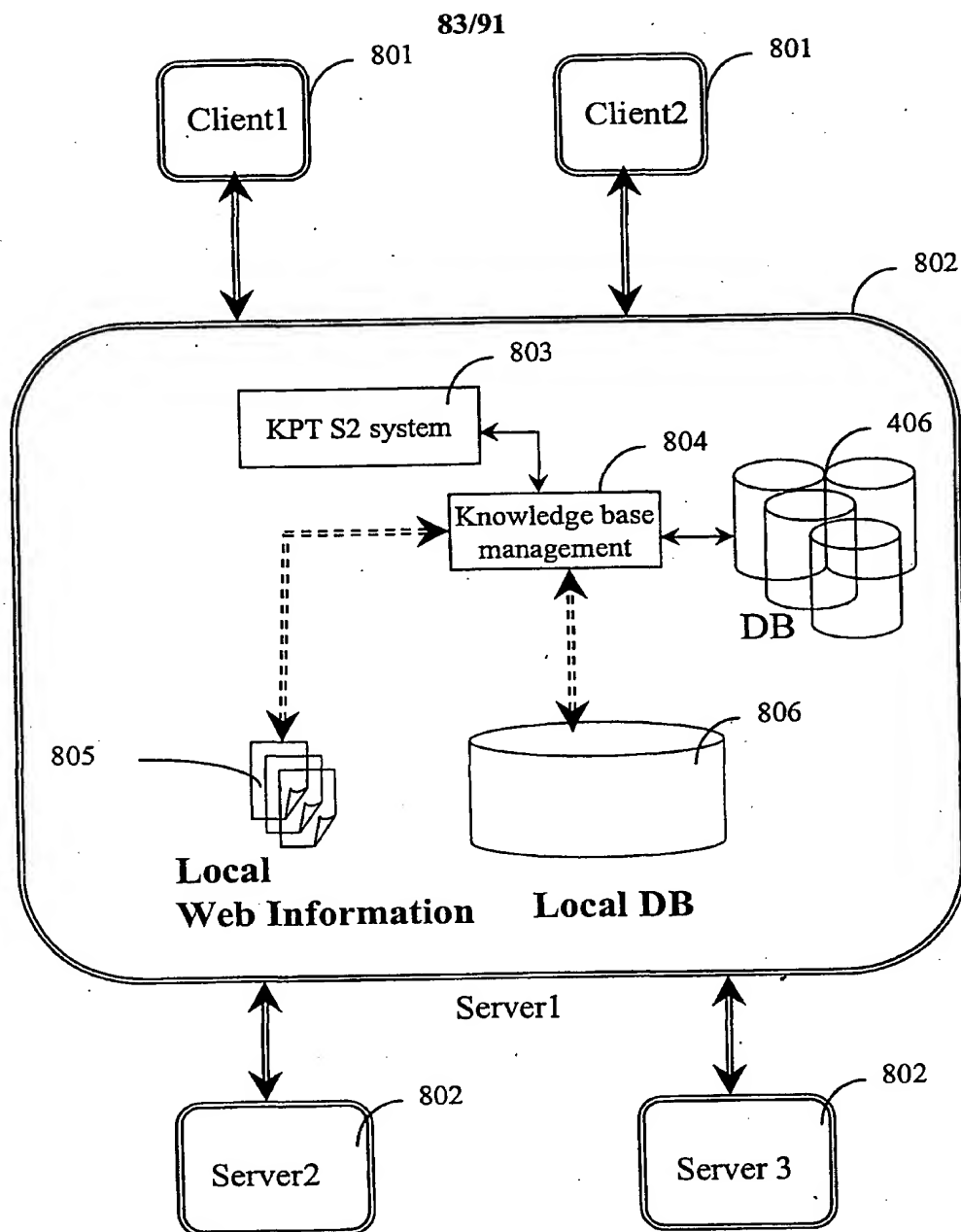


FIG. 83

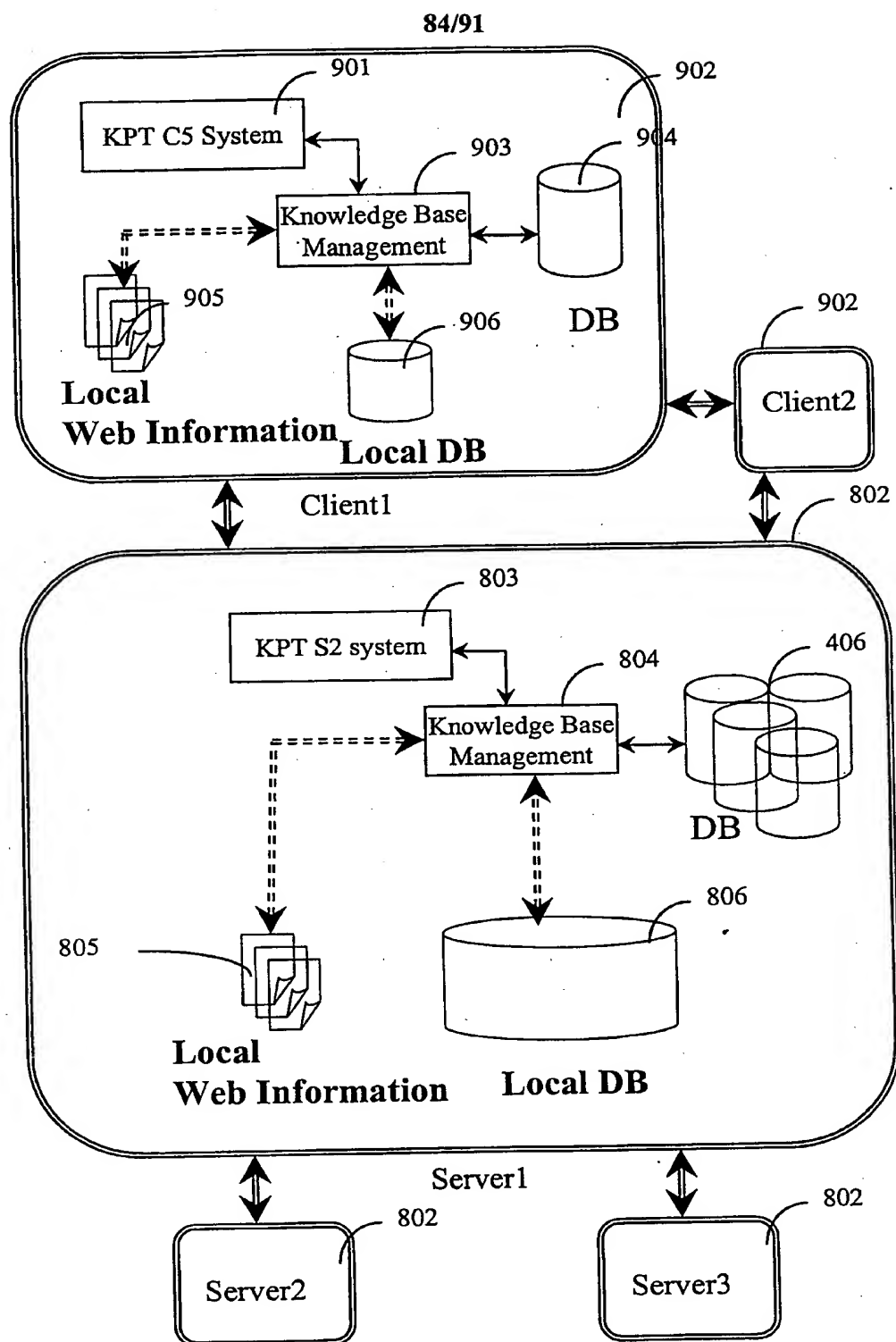


FIG. 84

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kee<p>oint	X
Travel	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> + My kee<p>oint <ul style="list-style-type: none"> + Domestic <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Okinawa - Hokkaido - ... + Overseas <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - India - USA - ... + ... + Taro's kee<p>oint <ul style="list-style-type: none"> + Japan <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Yokohama - Mie - ... + Suzuki's kee<p>oint <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dallas - ... 	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Welcome to OKINAWA!</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Sight Seeing Info.</u> • <u>Maps</u> • <u>Weather Now!</u> • <u>Government Info</u> • <u>Contact Us</u> </div>

FIG. 85

86/91


kee<p>oint	X																		
Sports																			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> + Local <ul style="list-style-type: none"> +US BaseBall <ul style="list-style-type: none"> BBTeam1 BBTeam2 - ... + JPN BaseBall <ul style="list-style-type: none"> JPTeam1 JPTeam2 - ... + ... + KPT Server <ul style="list-style-type: none"> + US BaseBall <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BBTeam2 - BBTeam5 - ... + Saora Server <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - JPN BaseBall - 																			
																			
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Date/Time</th> <th>Won/Lost</th> <th>Score</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>08/11</td> <td>Won</td> <td>6-3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>08/10</td> <td>Lost</td> <td>3-4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>08/09</td> <td>Lost</td> <td>0-1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>08/08</td> <td>Won</td> <td>1-0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>08/07</td> <td>Won</td> <td>20-0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Date/Time	Won/Lost	Score	08/11	Won	6-3	08/10	Lost	3-4	08/09	Lost	0-1	08/08	Won	1-0	08/07	Won	20-0
Date/Time	Won/Lost	Score																	
08/11	Won	6-3																	
08/10	Lost	3-4																	
08/09	Lost	0-1																	
08/08	Won	1-0																	
08/07	Won	20-0																	

FIG. 86

87/91

kee<p>oint Employee DB X		
Organization Chart		
<ul style="list-style-type: none">+ New Products Business+ R&D HQ+ ...+ ...+ XYZ Business Gr.<ul style="list-style-type: none">+ Sr. Business GM<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Suzuki Ichiro- Uchida Hikaru- ...+ Chief<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Sato Kumiko- Taro Nihon- ...+ ...+ Design HQ+HRD<ul style="list-style-type: none">- General Affairs- ...		<div>Taro Nihon's Property X</div> <div>Last Name: <input type="text" value="Taro"/></div> <div>First Name: <input type="text" value="Nihon"/></div> <div>Display Name: <input type="text" value="Taro Nihon"/></div> <div>Orgn: <input type="text" value="XYZ Business Group"/></div> <div>Telephone: <input type="text" value="045-913-9820"/></div> <div>Email: <input type="text" value="taro@saora.co.jp"/></div> <div>Web Page: <input type="text"/></div> <div><input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/></div>

FIG. 87

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kee<p>oint Employee DB X	
<div>View</div>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">+ President+ Sr. Managing Director+ Managing Director+ Board Members...+ Sr. Business GM<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Suzuki Ichiro- Uchida Hikaru- ...+ Chief<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Sato Kumiko- Taro Nihon- ...+ ..+ General Manager+ Manager<ul style="list-style-type: none">- ...	<div>Taro Nihon's Property X</div> <div>Last Name: Taro</div> <div>First Name: Nihon</div> <div>Display Name: Taro Nihon</div> <div>Orgn: XYZ Business Group</div> <div>Telephone: 045-913-9820</div> <div>Email: taro@saora.co.jp</div> <div>Web Page: </div> <div><div>OK</div><div>Cancel</div><div>Apply</div></div>

FIG. 88

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kee<p>oint Employee DB	X
<div>View</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none">+ 1999<ul style="list-style-type: none">+ October+ November+ December+ Last Week+ Jan 25+ Jan 27<ul style="list-style-type: none">+ 9:00AM(Session 1)<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Taro Nihon: Added- Kato: Added- ...+ 12:30PM(Session 2)<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Suzuki Ichiro: Edited- Taro Nihon: Edited- ...+ Yesterday+ Today<ul style="list-style-type: none">+ 9:00AM(Session 1)<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Kato: Deleted- ...	<div>Taro Nihon's Property</div> <div>X</div> <div>Last Name: Taro</div> <div>First Name: Nihon</div> <div>Display Name: Taro Nihon</div> <div>Orgn: XYZ Business Group</div> <div>Telephone: 045-913-9820</div> <div>Email: taro@saora.co.jp</div> <div>Web Page:</div> <div>OK Cancel Apply</div>

FIG. 89

90/91


kee<p>oint Product DB		X
View		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> + Men + Teens + Girls + Kids + Baby <ul style="list-style-type: none"> + Accessories <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hats - Headbands - ... + Shirts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - TouchMe - WearMe - ... + ... + Women + Skirts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Pleated Skirt + ... 		
		
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"> <p>Great Two Piece Outfit</p> <p>Save 41.50</p> <p>Veggie print overalls have button straps, front patch pocket and snap crotch. Matching shirt snaps in front has coordinating collar and is a waffle pique knit.</p> <p>Matching baby and toddler sister outfits available</p> <p>Ships the next business day.</p> </div>		

FIG. 90

91/91

kee<p>oint FileSys Sessions X				
View				
+ 1999 + October + November + December + Last Week + Jan 25 + Jan 27 + 9:00AM(Session 1) - Trip Report (MSWord) + Invoice.email + ... + 12:30PM(Session 2) Presentation.ppt expense.xls - ... + Yesterday + Today + 9:00AM(Session 1) Presentation.ppt [...				
Date	103	203	304	434
12/2/2000	1000	800	0	558
12/4/2000	0	300	0	48
12/6/2000	0	231	0	232
12/8/2000	902	0	0	437

FIG. 91